LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

RELATING TO

LOANS, PAPER MONEY, BANKING, AND COINAGE,

1790 to 1895.

Part 1—LOANSPage 3.

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COINAGE LAWS UNITED STATES, 1792 TO 1895.

ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION OF JULY 9, 1778.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Article 1, Section 8, Paragraph 5.

The Congress shall have power * * to coin money, Vol. 1, p. 14.

regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the money and regulate value and late value and standard of weights and measures.

late value and fix standard of

Briscoe v. The Bank of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, 11 weights and Pet., 257; Fox v. The State of Ohio, 5 How., 410; United States v. Marigold, 9, How., 560.

Article 1, Section 10, Paragraph 1.

No state shall * * coin money, emit bills of credit, Vol. 1, p. 15. make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in pay- power of a State to coin, etc.

ACT OF APRIL 2, 1792.

Establishing a mint and regulating the coins of the United States.

Vol. 1, p. 246.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That a Mint for Mint established at the purpose of a national coinage be, and the same is es-of Government tablished; to be situate and carried on at the seat of the and officers designated and the seat of the and officers designated and tablished. Government of the United States, for the time being: And nated. that for the well conducting of the business of the said Mint, there shall be the following officers and persons, namely,—a Director, an assayer, a chief coiner, an engraver, a treasurer.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Director of the Director to em-Mint shall employ as many clerks, workmen, and servants etc. as he shall from time to time find necessary, subject to the approbation of the President of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the respective Ontiers. functions and duties of the officers above mentioned shall be as follows: The Director of the Mint shall have the Director. chief management of the business thereof, and shall super-

S. Rep. 831, pt. 4——1

505

Assaver. Act of Mar. 3, 1794, sec. 2, Vol. 1, p. 341.

intend all other officers and persons who shall be employed The assayer shall receive and give receipts for all metals which may lawfully be brought to the Mint to

Chief coiner.

be coined; shall assay all such of them as may require it, and shall deliver them to the chief coiner to be coined. The chief coiner shall cause to be coined all metals which shall be received by him for that purpose, according to such regulations as shall be prescribed by this or any future The engraver shall sink and prepare the necessary dies for such coinage, with the proper devices and inscriptions, but it shall be lawful for the functions and duties of chief coiner and engraver to be performed by one person. The treasurer shall receive from the chief coiner all the coins which shall have been struck, and shall pay or deliver them to the persons respectively to whom the same ought to be paid or delivered; he shall moreover receive and safely keep all monies which shall be for the use, maintenance and support of the Mint, and shall disburse the same

Treasurer.

Engraver.

upon warrants signed by the Director.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That every officer and clerk of the said Mint shall, before he enters upon the execution of his office, take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United States faithfully and diligently to

perform the duties thereof.

And give bond. Act of Mar. 3, 1794, sec. 2, Vol. 1, D. 341.

To take oath.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said assayer, chief coiner and treasurer, previously to entering upon the execution of their respective offices, shall each become bound to the United States of America, with one or more sureties to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of the duties of his office.

Salaries.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid as compensations for their respective services-To the said Director, a yearly salary of two thousand dollars, to the said assayer, a yearly salary of one thousand five hundred dollars, to the said chief coiner, a yearly salary of one thousand five hundred dollars, to the said engraver, a yearly salary of one thousand two hundred dollars, to the said treasurer, a yearly salary of one thousand two hundred dollars, to each clerk who may be employed, a yearly salary not exceeding five hundred dollars, and to the several subordinate workmen and servants, such wages and allowances as are customary and reasonable, according to their respective stations and occupations.

sury Dept.

Accounts ad SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the accounts of the tled in the Treas officers and persons employed in and about the said Mint and for services performed in relation thereto, and all other accounts concerning the business and administration thereof. shall be adjusted and settled in the Treasury Department

accounts.

Quarter yearly of the United States, and a quarter yearly account of the receipts and disbursements of the said Mint shall be rendered at the said Treasury for settlement according to such forms and regulations as shall have been prescribed by that

Report of Department; and that once in each year a report of the abstract of set transactions of the said Mint, accompanied by an abstract of the settlements which shall have been from time to time made, duly certified by the Comptroller of the Treasury, shall be laid before Congress for their information.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the President of authority vested in the President of the United States by a cause buildings resolution of the last session, touching the engagement of to be provided. artists and the procuring of apparatus for the said Mint, the President be authorized, and he is hereby authorized to cause to be provided and put in proper condition such buildings, and in such manner as shall appear to him requisite for the purpose of carrying on the business of the said Mint; and that as well the expenses which shall have been incurred pursuant to the said resolution as those which may be incurred in providing and preparing the said buildings, and all other expenses which may hereafter accrue for the maintenance and support of the said Mint, and in carrying to be defrayed. on the business thereof, over and above the sums which may be received by reason of the rate per centum for coinage herein after mentioned, shall be defrayed from the Treasury of the United States, out of any monies which from time to time shall be therein, not otherwise appropri-

Expenses, how

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That there shall be from Metals and detime to time struck and coined at the said mint, coins of the coins to be gold, silver, and copper, of the following denominations, struck. values and descriptions, viz. Eagles—each to be of the 12, 1873, Vol. 17, value of ten dollars or units, and to contain two hundred p. 424. and forty-seven grains and four eighths of a grain of pure, See actof June or two hundred and seventy grains of standard gold. Half 28, 1834, sec. 1, eagles—each to be of the value of five dollars, and to con—Act of Jan. 18, tain one hundred and twenty three grains and six eighths Half eagles. of a grain of pure, or one hundred and thirty five grains of standard gold. Quarter Eagles—each to be of the value of Quarter eagles. two dollars and a half dollar, and to contain sixty one grains and seven eighths of a grain of pure, or sixty seven grains and four eighths of a grain of standard gold. Dollars or Dollars or units—each to be of the value of a Spanish milled dollar as units. the same is now current, and to contain three hundred and seventy-one grains and four sixteenth parts of a grain of Act Feb. 12, pure, or four hundred and sixteen grains of standard silver. 424. Pol. 17, p. Half Dollars—each to be of half the value of the dollar or Half dollars. unit, and to contain one hundred and eighty-five grains and ten sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or two hundred vol. 17, p. 424. and eight grains of standard silver. Quarter Dollars—each to be of one fourth the value of the dollar or unit, and to contain ninety-two grains and thirteen sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or one hundred and four grains of standard silver. Dismes—each to be of the value of one tenth of a dollar or unit, and to contain thirty seven grains and two sixteenth parts of a grain of pure, or forty one grains and three fifth parts of a grain of standard silver. Half Dismes Half dismes. -each to be of the value of one twentieth of a dollar, and Cents. to contain eighteen grains and nine sixteenth parts of a See act of Jan. grain of pure, or twenty grains and four fifth parts of a 299; act of Mar. grain of standard silver. Cents—each to be of the value of 3, 1795, Vol. 1, p. the one hundredth part of a dollar, and to contain eleven 21, 1857, Vol. 11, p. 187, Vol. 11, p. 187, Vol. 11, p. 188, Vol. 12, p. 188, Vol. 12, p. 188, Vol. 13, p. 188, Vol. 14, p. 188, penny-weights of copper. Half Cents—each to be of the P. 163.

value of half a cent, and to contain five penny-weights and half a penny-weight of copper.

what de-Of vices.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That, upon the said coins respectively, there shall be the following devices and legends, namely: Upon one side of each of the said coins there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an inscription of the word Liberty, and the year of the coinage; and upon the reverse of each of the gold and silver coins there shall be the figure or representation of an eagle, with this inscription, "United States of America," and upon the reverse of each of the copper coins, there shall be an inscription which shall express the denomination of the piece. namely, cent or half-cent, as the case may require.

Ratio of gold to ailver.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the proportional value of gold to silver in all coins which shall by law be current as money within the United States, shall be as fifteen to one, according to quantity in weight, of pure gold or pure silver; that is to say, every fifteen pounds weight of pure silver shall be of equal value in all payments, with one pound weight of pure gold, and so in proportion as to any

greater or less quantities of the respective metals.

Standard for

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the standard for gold coins and all gold coins of the United States shall be eleven parts fine and com- to one partalloy; and accordingly that eleven parts in twelve position of the of the entire weight of each of the said coins shall consist of pure gold, and the remaining one twelfth part of alloy; and the said alloy shall be composed of silver and copper, in such proportions not exceeding one half silver as shall be found convenient; to be regulated by the director of the mint, for the time being, with the approbation of the President of the United States, until further provision shall be made by And to the end that the necessary information may Director to re be had in order to the making of such further provision. port the practice it shall be the duty of the director of the mint at the

of the mint touching the alloy of expiration of a year after commencing the operations of gold coins. the said mint, to report to Congress the practice thereof the said mint, to report to Congress the practice thereof during the said year, touching the composition of the alloy of the said gold coins, the reasons for such practice, and the experiments and observation which shall have been made concerning the effects of different proportions of silver and copper in the said alloy.

Standard for

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the standard of silver coins; all loy, how to be all silver coins of the United States, shall be one thousand four hundred and eighty-five parts fine to one hundred and four hundred and eighty-five parts fine to one hundred and seventy-nine parts alloy; and accordingly that one thousand four hundred and eighty-five parts in one thousand six hundred and sixty four parts of the entire weight of each of the said coins shall consist of pure silver, and the remainof ing one hundred and seventy-nine parts of alloy; which

Character the alloy. alloy shall be wholly of copper.

Persons may SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, 1111 to bring gold and ful for any person or persons to bring to the said mint gold be coined free of and silver bullion, in order to their being coined; and that speedily as may be after the receipt thereof, and that free

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of expense to the person or persons by whom the same shall have been brought. And as soon as the said bullion shall have been coined, the person or persons by whom the same shall have been delivered, shall upon demand receive in lieu thereof coins of the same species of bullion which thereof. shall have been so delivered, weight for weight, of the pure Act of Apr. 24, gold or pure silver therein contained: Provided nevertheless, How the director That it shall be at the mutual option of the party or parties may exchange bringing such bullion, and of the direction of the said mint, deducting half to make an immediate exchange of coins for standard per cent. bullion, with a deduction of one half per cent. from the weight of the pure gold, or pure silver contained in the said bullion, as an indemnification to the mint for the time which will necessarily be required for coining the said bullion, and for the advance which shall have been so made in coins. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Secretary of Treasury to furnish the said mint from time to time when-nish necessary ever the state of the Treasury will admit thereof, with such funds for such such as may be necessary for effecting the said exchanges. sums as may be necessary for effecting the said exchanges, to be replaced as speedily as may be out of the coins which shall have been made of the bullion for which the monies so furnished shall have been exchanged; and the said deduction of one half per cent. shall constitute a fund towards The half per cent to constitute a fund towards.

defraying the expenses of the said mint.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the bullion which Priority in desired to the mint to be coined, shall be brought as aforesaid to the mint to be coined, shall be pribe coined, and the equivalent thereof in coins rendered, if of coin demanded, in the order in which the said bullion shall have Penalty for vn been brought or delivered, giving priority according to priority of delivery only, and without preference to any person or persons; and if any preference shall be given contrary to the direction aforesaid, the officer by whom such undue preference shall be given, shall in each case forfeit and pay one thousand dollars; to be recovered with costs of suit. And to the end that it may be known if such preference shall at any time be given, the assayer or officer to whom the said bullion shall be delivered to be coined, shall give dum of weight, to the person or persons bringing the same, a memorandum etc. in writing under his hand, denoting the weight, fineness and value thereof, together with the day and order of its

delivery into the mint. SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all the gold and lawful tender in silver coins which have been struck at, and issued from the all respects. said mint, shall be a lawful tender in all payments whatsoever, those of full weight according to the respective values herein before declared, and those of less than full weight at values proportional to their respective weights.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the coins to be duty of the respective officers of the said mint, carefully and ble to the standfaithfully to use their best endeavors that all the gold and ard weights, etc. silver coins which shall be struck at the said mint shall be, as nearly as may be, conformable to the several standards and weights aforesaid, and that the copper whereof the Quality of copcents and half cents aforesaid may be composed, shall be per to be used. of good quality.

And receive

Penalty for un-

Assayer to

The Treasurer to reserve not to be asatendards.

whom to be as sayed and spected.

less than three said gold and silver coins to their respective standards. Be each it further enacted, That from every separate mass of standsayed to secure ard gold or silver, which shall be made into coins at the to said Mint, there shall be taken, set apart by the Treasurer and reserved in his custody a certain number of pieces, not When and by less than three, and that once in every year the pieces so in set apart and reserved, shall be assayed under the inspection of the Chief Justice of the United States, the Secretary and Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary for the Department of State, and the Attorney General of the United States, (who are hereby required to attend for that purpose at the said Mint, on the last Monday in July in each year, or under the inspection of any three of them, in such manner as they or a majority of them shall direct, and in the presence of the Director, assayer and chief coiner of the said Limit of varia. Mint; and if it shall be found that the gold and silver so assayed, shall not be inferior to their respective standards herein before declared more than one part in one hundred and forty-four parts, the officer or officers of the said Mint for whom it may concern shall be held excusable; but if any greater inferiority shall appear, it shall be certified to the President of the United States, and the said officer or officers shall be deemed disqualified to hold their respective offices.

SEC. 18. And the better to secure a due conformity of the

tion from stand ard.

Penalty exceeding of variation.

Penalty for debasing or embez-sling the coins.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That if any of the gold or silver coins which shall be struck or coined at the said Mint shall be debased or made worse as to the proportion of fine gold or fine silver therein contained, or shall be of less weight or value than the same ought to be pursuant to the directions of this act, through the default or with the connivance of any of the officers or persons who shall be employed at the said Mint, for the purpose of profit or gain, or otherwise with a fraudulent intent, and if any of the said officers or persons shall embezzle any of the metals which shall at any time be committed to their charge for the purpose of being coined, or any of the coins which shall be struck or coined at the said Mint, every such officer or person who shall commit any or either of the said offences, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall suffer death.

R. S. 3563.

Money of ac SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That the money of count to be expressed in dollars lars, etc.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That the money of count to be expressed in dollars or units, dismes or tenths, cents or bundredthe and milled and mil or units, dismes or tenths, cents or hundredths, and milles or thousandths, a disme being a tenth part of a dollar, a cent the hundredth part of a dollar, a mille the thousandth part of a dollar, and that all accounts in public offices and all proceedings in the courts of the United States shall be kept and had in conformity to this regulation.

ACT OF MAY 8, 1792.

To provide for a copper coinage.

Vol. 1, p. 283.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director of the Mint, with the approba-Director of the tion of the President of the United States, be authorized Mint to purchase to contract for and purchase a quantity of copper, not coined into cents, exceeding one hundred and fifty tons, and that the said etc. cause the copper by him purchased to be coined at the 53.

Mint into cents and half cents, pursuant to "the act estabSuch coins shall lishing a Mint, and regulating the coins of the United enter into circulation from the States:" and that the said cents and half cents as they "read that the said cents and half cents as they "read that the said cents and half cents as they "read that the said cents and half cents as they "read that the said cents and half cents as they "read that the said cents are they read that they read that they read that the said cents are they read that they read they read that they read that they read Director, as soon as the needful preparations shall be made, States;" and that the said cents and half cents, as they Treasury. shall be coined, be paid into the Treasury of the United

States, thence to issue into circulation.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That after the expira-Director to tion of six calendar months from the time when there shall publish when a certain sum has have been paid into the Treasury by the said Director, in been paid into cents and half cents, a sum not less than fifty thousand the Treasury. dollars, which time shall forthwith be announced by the Treasurer in at least two gazettes or newspapers, published at the seat of the Government of the United States, for the time being, no copper coins, or pieces whatsoever, except the said cents and half cents, shall pass current as money, or shall be paid, or offered to be paid or received in payment for any debt, demand, claim, matter or thing whatsoever; and all copper coins or pieces, except the said cents and Penalty for ofhalf cents, which shall be paid or offered to be paid or other copper received in payment contrary to the prohibition aforesaid, coins. shall be forfeited, and every person by whom any of them shall have been so paid or offered to be paid or received in payment, shall also forfeit the sum of ten dollars, and the said forfeiture and penalty shall and may be recovered with costs of suit for the benefit of any person or persons by whom information of the incurring thereof shall have been given.

ACT OF JANUARY 14, 1793.

To amend an act entitled "An act establishing a mint and regulating the Vol. 1, p. 299. coins of the United States" so far as respects the coinage of copper.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That 1792, Vol. 1, p. 246. every cent shall contain two hundred and eight grains of copper, and every half cent shall contain one hundred and Contents of four grains of copper; and that so much of the act entitled cents and half "An act establishing a mint, and regulating the coins of See act of Mar. the United States," as respects the weight of cents and half 1, p, 439, cents, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Act of Feb. 21, 1857, s. 4, Vol. 11, p. 163.

ACT OF FEBRUARY 9, 1793.

Vol. 1, p. 300.

Regulating foreign coins, and for other purposes. SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Rep-

resentatives of the United States of America in Congress as-Rates of legal sembled, That from and after the first day of July next, tender for foreign gold and silver coins shall pass current as money within the United States, and be a legal tender for the payment of all debts and demands, at the several and respective rates following, and not otherwise, viz: The gold coins of Great Britain and Portugal, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twentyseven grains of the actual weight thereof; the gold coins of France, Spain and the dominions of Spain, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-seven grains and two-fifths of a grain, of the actual weight thereof. Spanish milled dollars, at the rate of one hundred cents for each dollar, the actual weight whereof shall not be less than seventeen pennyweights and seven grains; and in proportion for the parts of a dollar. Crowns of France, at the rate of one hundred and ten cents for each crown, the actual weight whereof shall not be less than eighteen pennyweight and seventeen grains, and Foreign coins in proportion for the parts of a crown. But no foreign coin that may have been, or shall be issued subsequent to the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, shall be a tender, as aforesaid, until samples thereof shall have been found, by assay, at the Mint of the United States, to be conformable to the respective standards required, and proclamation thereof shall have been made by the President of the United States.

to be assayed.

SEC. 2. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That shall at the expiration of three years next ensuing the time when ease to be a ten. the coinage of gold and silver, agreeably to the act, entitled "An act establishing a Mint, and regulating the coins of the United States," shall commence at the mint of the United States, (which time shall be announced by the proclamation of the President of the United States,) all foreign gold coins and all foreign silver coins, except Spanish milled dollars and parts of such dollars, shall cease to be a

When all coins except Spanish dollars shall

Other foreign coins to be coined anow.

legal tender, as aforesaid. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all foreign gold and silver coins, (except Spanish milled dollars, and parts of such dollars,) which shall be received in payment for monies due to the United States, after the said time, when the coining of gold and silver coins shall begin at the Mint of the United States, shall, previously to their being issued in circulation, be coined anew, in conformity to the act, entitled "An act establishing a Mint and regulating the coins of the United States."

After 1st of SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and after July, 1793, fifty the first day of July next, the fifty-fifth section of the act, ortain action of a business of the collectoral process of the collectoral p be received for the duties and fees to be collected in virtue of the said act, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the assay, pre-when to comvided to be made by the act, entitled "An act establish-mence. ing a Mint, and regulating the coins of the United States," Apr. 2, 1792, shall commence in the manner as by the said act is pre-246. scribed, on the second Monday of February, annually, any thing in the said act to the contrary notwithstanding.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1794.

In alteration of the act establishing a Mint, and regulating the coins of the Vol. 1, p. 341. United States.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passing this act it shall urer of the Mint be the duty of the treasurer of the Mint to receive and give herein. be the duty of the treasurer of the mint to receive and give motion. Act of Apr. 2, receipts for all metals which may lawfully be brought to the 1792, vol. 1, p. 246. Mint to be coined; and for the purpose of ascertaining their respective qualities, shall deliver from every parcel so received, a sufficient number of grains to the assayer, who shall assay all such of them as may require it. And the said treasurer shall from time to time deliver the said metals to the chief coiner to be coined in such quantities as the Director of the Mint may prescribe.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the assayer and chief coiner to chief coiner of the Mint previous to entering upon the execu-give bond, etc. tion of their respective offices shall each become bound to the United States of America with one or more sureties to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, the said assayer in the sum of one thousand dollars and the said chief coiner in the sum of five thousand dollars, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of the duties

of his office. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the Part of certain act entitled "An act establishing a Mint and regulating the Apr. 2, 1792, coins of the United States," as comes within the purview Vol. 1, p. 246. of this act be and the same is hereby repealed.

Part of certain

Assay.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1795.

Supplementary to the act intituled "An act establishing a Mint, and regulat- Vol. 1, p. 439. ing the coins of the United States."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That for the Act of Apr. 2, better conducting of the business of the Mint of the United Additional officers. States there shall be an additional officer appointed therein cer of the Mint by the name of the melter and refiner, whose duty shall be the melter and to take charge of all copper, and silver or gold bullion de-redne livered out by the treasurer of the Mint after it has been assayed, agreeably to the rules and customs of the Mint

already directed and established, or which may hereafter be directed and established by the accounting officers of the Treasury, and to reduce the same into bars or ingots fit for the rolling mills, and then to deliver them to the coiner or treasurer, as the Director shall judge expedient; and to do and perform all other duties belonging to the office of a melter and refiner or which shall be ordered by the Director of the Mint.

To take oath and give secur ity.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the melter and refiner of the said Mint shall, before he enters upon the execution of his said office, take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United States, faithfully and diligently to perform the duties thereof. And also shall become bound to the United States of America, with one or more sureties to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in the sum of six thousand dollars, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of the several duties of his office.

His compensation.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid, to the said melter and refiner of the Mint as a compensation for his services, the yearly salary of fifteen hundred dollars.

Director of mint

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Director of the may make tem. Mint be, and hereby is authorized, with the approbation of ment of melter the President of the United States, to employ such person as he may judge suitable to discharge the duties of the Apr. 24, 1800, melter and refiner, until a melter and refiner shall be apvol. 2, p.53. pointed by the President by and refiner shall be ap-

fining.

Senate. Retention by SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer of the the mint shall, and he is hereby directed, to retain two cents mint of bullion to the mint shall, and he is hereby directed, to retain two cents are always deposit of silver bullion below the SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer of compensate for per ounce from every deposit of silver bullion below the melting and restandard of the United States which become that he standard of the United States, which hereafter shall be made for the purpose of refining and coining; and four cents per ounce from every deposit of gold bullion made as aforesaid, below the standard of the United States, unless the same shall be so far below the standard as to require the operation of the test, in which case, the treasurer shall retain six cents per ounce, which sum so retained shall be accounted for by the said treasurer with the treasury of the United States, as a compensation for melting and refining the same.

Limitation

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the treasurer of deposits below the mint shall not be obliged to receive from any person, for the purpose of refining and coining, any deposit of silver bullion, below the standard of the United States, in a smaller quantity than two hundred ounces; nor a like deposit of gold bullion below the said standard, in a smaller quantity than twenty ounces.

Officers of the

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That from and after mint may give a the passing of this act, it shall and may be lawful for the standard bullion. officers of the mint to give a preference to silver or gold bullion, deposited for coinage, which shall be of the standard of the United States, so far as respects the coining of the same, although bullion below the standard, and not yet refined, may have been deposited for coinage, previous

thereto, any law to the contrary notwithstanding; *Provided*, Apr. 2, 1792, That nothing herein shall justify the officers of the mint, 246. or any one of them, in unnecessarily delaying the refining Nounnecessary any silver or gold bullion below the standard, that may be permitted. deposited, as aforesaid.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the President of President may the United States be, and he is hereby authorized, when weight of copper ever he shall think it for the benefit of the United States, to coin. reduce the weight of the copper coin of the United States; Provided, such reduction shall not, in the whole, exceed two pennyweights in each cent, and in a like proportion in a half cent; of which he shall give notice by proclamation,* and communicate the same to the then next Congress.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Mode of distribution of cents duty of the treasurer of the United States, from time to and half cents. time, as often as he shall receive coppercents and half cents from the treasurer of the mint, to send them to the bank or branch banks of the United States, in each of the states where such bank is established; and where there is no bank established, then to the collector of the principal town in such state (in the proportion of the number of inhabitants of such state) to be by such bank or collector, paid out to the citizens of the state for cash, in sums not less than ten dollars value; and that the same be done at the risk and expense of the United States, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the department of the treasury.

ACT OF FEBRUARY 1, 1798.

Supplementary to the act intituled "An act regulating Foreign Coins, and for Vol. 1, p. 539. other purposes.'

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Feb. 9, second section of an act, initialed "An act regulating prescribing legal foreign coins, and for other purposes," be, and the same is tender of rorign coins, suspended, hereby suspended, for and during the space of three years Apr. 30, 1802, hereby suspended, for and during the space of three years Apr. 30, from and after the first day of January, one thousand Vol. 2, p. 173. seven hundred and ninety-eight, and until the end of the next session of Congress thereafter, during which time the said gold and silver coins shall be and continue a legal tender, as is provided in and by the first section of the act aforesaid; and that the same coins shall thereafter cease to be such tender.

ACT OF APRIL 24, 1800.

Respecting the Mint.

Vol. 2, p. 53.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assemresentatives of the United States of America in Congress assem- Appropriation bled, That a sum equal to the amount of the cents and half for the purchase cents, which shall have been soined at the Mint and deliver copper for cents, which shall have been coined at the Mint, and deliv-mintage.

^{*}Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796.

Act of May 8, ered to the Treasurer of the United States, subsequent to 283. the third day of March, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, shall be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the purchase of copper for the further coinage of cents and half cents; and that a sum equal to the amount of cents and half cents, which shall be hereafter coined at the Mint, and delivered to the Treasurer of the United States in any one year, shall be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the annual purchase of copper for the coinage of cents and half cents, which sums shall be payable out of any monies in the Treasury not otherwise

appropriated. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be Part of bullion deposited to be retained from every deposit in the Mint, of gold or silver expense of re-bullion below the standard of the United States, such sum

as shall be equivalent to the expense incurred in refining Mar. 3, 1795. Vol. 1, 440. the same, and an accurate account of such expense on How account every such deposit shall be kept, and of the sums retained ed for. on account of the same, which shall be accounted for by the treasurer of the Mint, with the Treasury of the United States.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1801.

Vol. 2, p. 111.

Concerning the Mint.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of To remain at the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Mar. 3. Mint shall remain in the city of Philadelphia, until the

Act of Mar. 3, Millt Shah remain in the city of I milottophia, and the 1803. Vol. 2, p. 242.

Act of Apr. 1, fourth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hun1808. Vol. 2, p. 481 dred and three.

Act of Dec. 2.

1812. Vol. 2, p. 787.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That during the conAct of Jan. 14. tinuance of the Mint at the city of Philadelphia, the duties
1818. Vol. 3, p. 403.

Act of Mar. 3, now enjoined on the Chief Justice of the United States, the

1823, Vol. 3, p,774 Secretary and Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary for the Department of State, and the Attorney General of the United States, by the eighteenth section of the act, intituled "An act establishing a Mint, and regulating the Certain duties coins of the United States," passed the second day of April,

to be performed one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, shall be perjudge and attor formed by the district judge of Pennsylvania, the attorney vania and the for the United States in the district of Pennsylvania, and commissioner of the commissioner of loans for the State of Pennsylvania.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1803.

To prolong the continuance of the Mint at Philadelphia. Vol. 2, p. 242.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Continuance the United States of America in Congress assembled, That of mint at Phila. Onted States of America in Congress and Sold March 1808, Vol. 2, p. 481. March 3d, 1801, is hereby continued in force and operation Vol. 2, p. 787. for the term of five years after the fourth day of March next.

ACT OF APRIL 10, 1806.

Regulating the currency of foreign coins in the United States.

Vol. 2, p. 374.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Foreign gold from and after the passage of this act, foreign gold and and silver coins silver coins shall pass current as money within the United the United States States and he a legal tender for the recomment of all debts at the following States and be a legal tender for the payment of all debts rates: and demands, at the several and respective rates following,

and not otherwise, viz:

The gold coins of Great Britain and Portugal, of their Coins and rates. present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents, for every twenty-seven grains of the actual weight thereof; the gold coins of France, Spain, and the dominions of Spain, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents, for every twenty-seven grains and two-fifths of a grain, of the actual weight thereof. Spanish milled dollars, at the rate of one hundred cents for each, the actual weight whereof shall not be less than seventeen pennyweights and seven grains, and in proportion for the parts of a dollar. Crowns of France at the rate of one hundred and ten cents, for each crown, the actual weight whereof shall not be less than eighteen pennyweights and seventeen grains, and in proportion for the parts of a crown. And it shall be the duty of the Secsociary of retary of the Treasury, to cause assays of the foreign gold the Treasury to and silver coins made current by this act, to be had at the theforeign coins, Mint of the United States, at least once in every year, and the Mint, etc., to make report of the result thereof to Congress, for the and to make repurpose of enabling them to make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in this to Congress and the make such alterations in the make such alteration in the make such al act, as may become requisite, from the real standard value nually of such foreign coins. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause assays of the foreign gold and silver coins of the description made current by this act, which shall issue subsequently to the passage of this act. and shall circulate in the United States, at the Mint aforesaid, at least once in every year, and to make report of the result thereof to Congress, for the purpose of enabling Congress to make such coins current, if they shall deem the same to be proper, at their real standard value.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the first section of Part of a forthe act, intituled "An act regulating foreign coins, and for mer section reother purposes," passed the ninth day of February, one Feb. 9. 1783,
thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, be, and the same Vol. 1, p. 300. is hereby repealed. And the operation of the second section of the same act shall be, and is hereby suspended for, the second section of the same act shall be, and is hereby suspended. and during the space of, three years from the passage of this act.

ACT OF APRIL 21, 1806.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of

Vol. 2, p. 404. For the punishment of counterfeiting the current coin of the United States; and for other purposes.

Penalties for the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if falsely making any person shall falsely make, forge or counterfeit, or cause United States.

united States, or or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or of foreign coun-willingly aid or assist, in falsely making, forging or counterfree made current in the feiting, any gold or silver coins, which have been or which hereafter shall be coined at the Mint of the United States, or who shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause, or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting any foreign gold or silver coins, which, by law now are or hereafter shall be made current, or be in actual use and circulation as money within the United States; or who shall utter, as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited coins of gold or silver, as aforesaid, for the payment of money, with intention to defraud any person or persons, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged or counterfeited; any such person, so offending, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted according to the due course of law, shall be sentenced to imprisonment, and kept at hard labor for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years; or shall be imprisoned not exceeding five years, and fined not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Penalties upon those who shall country.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall import into the import or bring from any foreign place into the United States, United States import or bring from any foreign places into the Clinical States, any false or counterfeit gold or silver coins, which terfeit coins to be are by law made current, or are in actual use and circulational to be are by law made current. tion, as money within the United States, with the intent to utter, or make payment with the same, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited; or who shall utter, as true, any such false, forged, or counterfeited coins of gold or silver, as aforesaid, for the payment of money, with intention to defraud any person or persons knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, the person so offending shall be deemed guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted according to the due course of law, shall be sen-Act of Mar. 3, not less than two years, nor more than eight years; or shall 4, p. 121. ing four thousand dollars.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall impairing, falsi.

fying, etc., the fraudulently and for gain's sake, by any art, way, or means coins of the whatsoever, impair, diminish, falsify, scale, or lighten the United States, which have been, or which shall hereign countries after be coined at the Mint of the United States; or any forin the United eign gold or silver coins, which are by law are current, or States. are in actual use and circulation as money within the United States, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of. a high misdemeanor, and shall be imprisoned not exceeding two years, and fined not exceeding two thousand dollars.

Penalties for impairing, falsi-

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Jurisdiction of act contained, shall be construed to deprive the courts of the States not to be individual States of jurisdiction, under the laws of the sev-affected by this eral States, over offences made punishable by this act.

ACT OF APRIL 1, 1808.

Further to prolong the continuance of the Mint at Philadelphia.

Vol. 2, p. 481.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That wed in Philadelthe act, intituled "An act concerning the Mint," approved phila for 5 years March the third, one thousand eight hundred and one, is after Mar. 4,1808. hereby revised and continued in force and continued hereby revived and continued in force and operation for the further term of five years after the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

ACT OF DECEMBER 2, 1812.

Further to prolong the continuance of the Mint at Philadelphia.

Vol. 2, p. 787.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That tinued in Philathe act, entitled "An act concerning the Mint," approved delphia March the third, one thousand eight hundred and one, is Mar. 4, 1813.

Act of Mar. 3, hereby revived and continued in force and operation, for 1801, Vol. 2, p. 111, the further term of five years, after the fourth day of March. one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

ACT OF APRIL 29, 1816.

Regulating the currency within the United States, of the gold coins of Great Vol. 3, p. 322. Britain, France, Portugal, and Spain, and the crowns of France, and five-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the passage of this act and for three years thereafter, and 1819, Vol. 3, p. 525. no longer, the following gold and ciliary no longer, the following gold and silver coins shall pass current as money within the United States, and be a legal tender for the payment of all debts and demands, at the several and respective rates following, and not otherwise, videlicet: the gold coins of Great Britain and Portugal, of Regulations as their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for of Great Britain every seventy-seven grains, or eighty-eight cents and eight- and Portugal. ninths per pennyweight; the gold coins of France, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-seven and a half grains, or eighty-seven and a quarter cents per pennyweight: the gold coins of Spain, at the Of Spain. rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-eight and a half 1821, Vol. 3, p. 645, grains, or eighty-four cents per pennyweight: the crowns __Mar. 3, _1823, grains, or eighty-four cents per pennyweight; the crowns Mar. 3. p. 777. of France, at the rate of one hundred and seventeen cents of France. and six-tenths per ounce, or one hundred and ten cents for each crown weighing eighteen pennyweights and seventeen grains; the five-franc pieces at the rate of one hundred and sixteen cents per ounce, or ninety-three cents and three

mills for each five-franc piece, weighing sixteen penny-

weights and two grains.

Assays of gold SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the and silver our. SEC. 2. And we it jurtner enacted, That it shall be the rency to be made duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause assays of the and reported to foregoing gold and silver coins, made current by this act, Congress. to be had at the Mint of the United States, at least once in every year: and to make report of the result thereof to Congress.

ACT OF JANUARY 14, 1818.

Vol. 8, p. 403. Further to prolong the continuance of the Mint at Philadelphia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Act to continue the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the adelphia, contin- act entitled "An act concerning the Mint," approved March used for five years the third, one thousand eight hundred and one, is hereby revived, and continued in force and operation for the further term of five years from the fourth day of March next.

The collector SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That during the contingerform the durance of the Mint at the city of Philadelphia, the duties ties enjoined on which were enjoined on the commissioner of loans for the er of loans.

State of Pennsylvania by the second section of the Act of Mar. 3, State of 1 eningy value, by the second section of the act, 1801, Vol.2, p. 111, entitled "An act concerning the Mint," passed on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and one, shall be performed by the collector of the port of Philadelphia for the time being.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1819.

Vol 8, p. 525. To continue in force an act regulating the currency, within the United States, of the gold coins of Great Britain, France, Portugal, and Spain, and the crowns of France, and five franc pieces.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Act of Mar. 3. the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That 1821, vol. 3, p. 645.
Gold coins of the gold coins of Great Britain and Portugal, of their pres-Great Britain ent standard, shall be a legal tender in the payment of all and Portugal.

and Portugal. debts, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-

Of France.

seven grains, or eighty-eight cents and eight-ninths per pennyweight. The gold coins of France, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twentyseven and a half grains, or eighty-seven and a quarter cents per pennyweight: The gold coins of Spain at the rate

Of Spain.

to cease.

of one hundred cents for every twenty-eight and a half Current until grains, or eighty four cents per pennyweight: until the first Nov. 1, 1819, then day of November next: And that, from and after that day,

foreign gold coins shall cease to be a tender within the United States, for the payment of debts or demands.

So much of the SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act of Apr. 29, 1816, as relates to act, entitled "An act regulating the currency, within the foreign silver United States, of the gold coins of Great Britain, France, coins, in force until Apr. 29, Portugal, and Spain," passed on the twenty-ninth day of ^{1821.}
Act of Apr. 29. April, eighteen hundred and sixteen, as relates to foreign 1816, Vol. 3, p. 322. silver coins, shall be, and the same is hereby, continued in force two years from and after the twenty-ninth day of April

next, and no longer.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1821.

To continue in force an act, entitled "An act regulating the currency, within the United States, of the gold coins of Great Britain, France, Portugal, and Spain," passed on the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, so far as the same relates to the crowns and five franc pieces of France.

Vol. 3, p. 645.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That The act of Apr. so much of the act, entitled "An act regulating the currency relates to the within the United States, of the gold coins of Great Britain, crowns and five France, Portugal, and Spain," passed on the twenty-ninth France, continday of April, eighteen hundred and sixteen, as relates to ued in force two the crowns and five franc pieces of France, shall be, and the same hereby is, continued in force for the further term of two years, from and after the twenty-ninth day of April next.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1823.

Vol. 3, p. 774.

Further to prolong the continuance of the Mint at Philadelphia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That Act of Mar. 3, the act, entitled "An act concerning the Mint," approved concerning the March the third, one thousand eight hundred and one, is Mint, revived for hereby revived and continued in force and operation for the further term of five years, from the fourth day of March next.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, during the con-missioner of tinuance of the Mint at the city of Philadelphia, the duties loans to be per-which were enjoined on the commissioner of loans for the collector of Phil-State of Pennsylvania, by the second section of the act, adolphia. entitled "An act concerning the Mint," passed on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and one, shall be performed by the collector of the port of Philadelphia for the time being.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That when any silver, Expense of mabrought to the Mint for coinage, shall require refining, the fining and other expense of the materials used in the process shall be de- made from the ducted from the amount of the deposit; and that, when deposit and acsilver so deposited, shall be of a quality superior to that of Treasury of the the legal standard of the silver coins of the United States, United States. a deduction shall be made from the amount, equal to the expense of the copper necessary to reduce it to the said standard; and that all such deductions be regularly accounted for, by the treasurer of the Mint, to the Treasury of the United States.

S. Rep. 831, pt. 4——2

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1823.

Vol. 3, p. 777. To continue in force an act, entitled "An act regulating the currency within the United States of the gold coins of Great Britain, France, Portugal, and Spain, and the crowns of France and five franc pieces," passed on the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, so far as the same relates to the crowns of France and five franc pieces.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Act of Apr. 29. the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That Act of Mar. 3. so much of the act, entitled "An act regulating the currency 1823, Vol. 3, p. 779. within the United States of the gold coins of Great Britain, 1816, regulating France, Portugal, and Spain, and the crowns of France and currency, to be in force for four five franc pieces," passed on the twenty-ninth day of April, years, as regards one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as relates to the French crowns of France and five franc pieces, shall be, and the pieces.

Same hereby is, continued in force, for the further term of four years, from and after the fourth day of March next.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1823.

Vol. 3, p. 779. Making the gold coins of Great Britain, France, Portugal, and Spain, receivable in payments on account of public lands.

Act of Mar, 3, 1823, Vol. 3, p. 777, the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, Gold coins of from and after the passage of this act, the following gold Great Britain. Portugal, France coins shall be received in all payments on account of public and Spain, to be lands, at the several and respective rates following, and not received in payment on account otherwise, viz: the gold coins of Great Britain and Portugal, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-seven grains, or eighty-eight cents and eight-ninths per pennyweight; the gold coins of France, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-seven and a half grains, or eighty-seven and a quarter cents per pennyweight: and the gold coins of Spain of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-eight and a half grains, or eighty-four cents per pennyweight.

Secretary of SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the treasury to duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause assays of the be made annu-foregoing coins to be made at the Mint of the United States, ally at the Mint. at least once in every year; and to make report of the result thereof to Congress.

ACT OF MAY 19, 1828.

Vol. 4, p. 277. To continue the Mint at the City of Philadelphia, and for other purposes.

Act of Mar. 3. the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That revived and continued in force.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of 1801, Vol.2, p.111, the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That revived and continued the act, entitled "An act concerning the Mint," approved March the third, one thousand eight hundred and one, be, and the same hereby is, revived and continued in force and operation, until otherwise provided by law.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose weight procured of securing a due conformity in weight of the coins of the in 1827 shall be United States, to the provisions of the ninth section of the the standard troy act, passed the second of April, one thousand seven hun-April 2, 1792, dred and ninety-two, entitled "An act establishing a Mint, Vol. 1, p. 246. and regulating the coins of the United States," the brass troy pound weight procured by the minister of the United States at London, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty seven, for the use of the Mint, and now in the custody of the Director thereof, shall be the standard troy pound of the Mint of the United States, conformably to which the coinage thereof shall be regulated.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the weights correduty of the Director of the Mint to procure, and safely to sponding to the aforesaid troy keep a series of standard weights, corresponding to the pound weight, aforesaid troy pound, consisting of an one pound weight, tobe procured for and the requisite subdivisions and multiples thereof, from use as standards. the hundredth part of a grain to twenty five pounds; and that the troy weights ordinarily employed in the transactions of the Mint, shall be regulated according to the above standards, at least once in every year, under his inspection; and their accuracy tested annually in the presence of

the assay commissioners, on the day of the annual assay.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That when silver bullion require lion, brought to the Mint for coinage, is found to require testing the extension, brought to the test the average of the materials empenses therefor the operation of the test, the expense of the materials em-pense therefor shall be retained ployed in the process, together with a reasonable allowance from deposit, for the wastage necessarily arising therefrom, to be determined by the melter and refiner of the Mint, with the approbation of the Director, shall be retained from such deposit, and accounted for by the treasurer of the Mint to the Treasury of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when silver bull-Separation of lion, brought to the Mint for coinage, shall be found to confound to contain tain a proportion of gold, the separation thereof shall be gold at expense effected at the expense of the party interested therein: ested. Provided, nevertheless, That, when the proportion of gold is When separasuch that it cannot be separated advantageously, it shall made. be lawful, with the consent of the owner, or, in his absence, at the discretion of the Director, to coin the same as an ordinary deposit of silver.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Director of the Mint may employ the requisite number of clerks, at a comploy the requisite number of clerks, at a comploy the requisite number of seventeen site, number of pensation not exceeding in the whole the sum of seventeen site, number of pensation not exceeding in the whole the sum of seventeen site n clerks. hundred dollars, and such number of workmen and assistants as the business of the Mint shall, from time to time, require.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful Mint to assay for the Director of the Mint to receive, and cause to be as-bullion not insayed, bullion not intended for coinage, and to cause cer-age, and issue tificates to be given of the fineness thereof by such officer certificates of as he shall designate for that purpose, at such rates of Charges to be charge, to be paid by the owner of said bullion, and under paid by owner.

Act of Jan. 18, such regulations, as the said Director may, from time to 1837, sec. 14, Vol. time, establish.

5, p. 186.

ACT OF JUNE 25, 1834.

Vol. 4, p. 681. Regulating the value of certain foreign silver coins within the United States.

by tale.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Act of June 28, the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That Certain silver from and after the passage of this act, the following silver coin of foreign coins shall be of the legal value, and shall pass current as countries to pass coins the limited States by tale for the payment. money within the United States, by tale, for the payment of all debts and demands, at the rate of one hundred cents the dollar, that is to say, the dollars of Mexico, Peru, Chili, and Central America, of not less weight than four hundred and fifteen grains each, and those re-stamped in Brazil of the like weight, of not less fineness than ten ounces fifteen pennyweights of pure silver, in the troy pound of twelve ounces of standard silver: and the five france pieces of France. when of not less fineness than ten ounces and sixteen pennyweights in twelve ounces troy weight of standard silver, and weighing not less than three hundred and eighty-four grains each at the rate of ninety-three cents each.

Assays of such coin to be made at the Mint once in every year.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be [the] duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause assays of the aforesaid silver coins, made current by this act, to be had at the Mint of the United States at least once in every year, and to make report of the result thereof to Congress.

ACT OF JUNE 28, 1834.

Concerning the gold coins of the United States, and for other purposes. Vol. 4, p. 699.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Standard and the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That of the United the gold coins of the United States shall contain the following quantities of metal, that is to say: each eagle shall contain two hundred and thirty two grains of pure gold, and two hundred and fifty-eight grains of standard gold; each half eagle one hundred and sixteen grains of pure gold, and one hundred and twenty-nine grains of standard gold; each quarter eagle shall contain fifty-eight grains of pure gold, and sixty four and a half grains of standard gold; every such eagle shall be of the value of ten dollars; every such half eagle shall be of the value of five dollars; and every such quarter eagle shall be of the value of two dollars and fifty cents; and the said gold coins shall be receivable in all payments, when of full weight, according to their respective values; and when of less than full weight, at less values, proportioned to their respective actual weights.

Gold and silver

in forty days.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all standard gold deposited for coinage to be or silver deposited for coinage after the thirty-first of July paid for in coin next, shall be paid for in coin under the direction of the within five days.

Secretary of the Treasury, within five days from the making Secretary of the Treasury, within five days from the making Deduction of of such deposit, deducting from the amount of said deposit for advance with of gold and silver one-half of one per centum: Provided, That no deduction shall be made unless said advance be required by such depositor within forty days.

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SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all gold coins of Rate at which the United States, minted anterior to the thirty-first day of edgold coin shall July next, shall be receivable in all payments at the rate be receivable. of ninety-four and eight-tenths of a cent per pennyweight.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the better to secure To secure unia conformity of the said gold coins to their respective standard gold coins to ards as aforesaid, from every separate mass of standard gold be set apart for which shall be made into coins at the said Mint, there shall assay. be taken, set apart by the Treasurer and reserved in his custody, a certain number of pieces, not less than three, and that once in every year the pieces so set apart and reserved shall be assayed under the inspection of the officers, and at the time, and in the manner now provided by law, and, if it shall be found that the gold so assayed, shall not be inferior to the said standard hereinbefore declared, more Limit of variation one part in three hundred and eighty-four in fineness, allowed. and one part in five hundred in weight, the officer or officers of the said Mint whom it may concern, shall be held excusable; but if any greater inferiority shall appear, it shall be certified to the President of the United States, and if he Penalty for exshall so decide, the said officer or officers shall be thereafter ceeding limit. disqualified to hold their respective offices: Provided, That officers responsif, in making any delivery of coin at the Mint in payment for defective of a deposit, the weight thereof shall be found defective, weight. the officer concerned shall be responsible to the owner for the full weight, if claimed at the time of delivery.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be Act to be in in force from and after the thirty-first day of July, in the 31, 1834. year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four.

ACT OF JUNE 28, 1834.

Regulating the value of certain foreign gold coins within the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, Act of June 25, from and after the thirty-first day of July next, the follow-Rates at which ing gold coins shall pass as current as money within the foreign gold coins United States, and be receivable in all payments, by weight, bleafter July 31, for the payment of all debts and demands, at the rates fol. 1834. lowing, that is to say: the gold coins of Great Britain, Coins of Great Portugal, and Brazil, of not less than twenty-two carats gal, and Brazil. fine, at the rate of ninety-four cents and eight-tenths of a cent per pennyweight; the gold coins of France nine-tenths France. fine, at the rate of ninety-three cents and one-tenth of a cent per pennyweight; and the gold coins of Spain, Mexico, and Colombia, of the fineness of twenty carats three grains and Colombia. and seven-sixteenths of a grain, at the rate of eighty-nine

cents and nine tenths of a cent per pennyweight.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the Annual assays duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause assays of to be made. the aforesaid gold coins, made current by this act, to be had at the Mint of the United States, at least once in every year, and to make a report of the result thereof to Congress.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1835.

Vol. 4, p. 774.

To establish branches of the Mint of the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of

Branchesofthe the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That Mint to be established at ew Orleans,

Charlotte

Dahlohnega.

for purchasing sites, etc.

branches of the Mint of the United States shall be established as follows: one branch at the city of New Orleans for the coinage of gold and silver; one branch at the town of Charlotte, in Mecklinburg County, in the State of North Carolina, for the coinage of gold only; and one branch at Appropriations or near Dahlohnega, in Lumpkin County, in the State of Georgia, also for the coinage of gold only. And for the purpose of purchasing sites, erecting suitable buildings, and completing the necessary combinations of machinery for the several branches aforesaid, the following sums, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, shall be, and hereby are, appropriated: for the branch at New Orleans, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars; for the branch at Charlotte, fifty thousand dollars; for the branch at Dahlohnega, fifty thousand dollars.

Officers to be appointed when erected.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, so soon as the the buildings are necessary buildings are erected for the purpose of well conducting the business of each of the said branches, the following officers shall be appointed upon the nomination of the President, and with the advice and consent of the Senate: one superintendent, one treasurer, one assayer, one Clerks and sub-chief coiner, one melter, and one refiner. And the superintendent of each mint shall engage and employ as many clerks and as many subordinate workmen and servants as shall be provided for by law; and the salaries of the said officers and clerks shall be as follows:

Salaries.

ordinate

men.

For the branch at New Orleans, to the superintendent, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars; to the treasurer, the sum of two thousand dollars; to the chief coiner, the sum of two thousand dollars; to the assayer, melter, and refiner, the sum of two thousand dollars each; to two clerks, the sum of twelve hundred dollars each; to the subordinate workmen, and servants, not exceeding twenty in number, such wages and allowances as are customary and reasonable, according to their respective stations and occu-For the branches at Charlotte and Dahlohnega, to the superintendents, each the sum of two thousand dollars, who shall respectively discharge the duty of treasurers; to the chief coiners, each the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars; to the assayers, melters, and refiners, each the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars; to the clerks, not exceeding one at each branch, the sum of one thousand dollars; and to the subordinate workmen and servants, not exceeding the number of five at each of the said branches, such wages and allowances shall be paid as are customary and reasonable, according to their respective stations and Appropriation occupations. And for the purpose of paying the said salaries, wages, allowances, and the incidental expenses of the said branches of the Mint, for the year one thousand eight

> hundred and thirty-five, the following sums. to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated,

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be, and the same hereby are, appropriated: for the branch at New Orleans, the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars; for the branches at Charlotte and Dahlohnega, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars each.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers and Oath or affirmation of officlerks to be appointed under this act, before entering upon cers. the duties thereof, shall take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United States, faithfully and diligently to perform the duties thereof; and shall each become bound Bond. to the United States of America, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the Director of the Mint and the Secretary of the Treasury, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of the duties of their offices.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the general direction of the business of the said branches of the Mint of the to be under the United States shall be under the control and regulation of Director of the the Director of the Control and regulation of Director of the the Director of the Mint at Philadelphia, subject to the phia. approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury; and for that purpose, it shall be the duty of the said Director to prescribe such regulations, and require such returns, periodically, and occasionally, as shall appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of carrying into effect the intention of this act in establishing the said branches; also, for the purpose of discriminating the coin which shall be stamped at each branch, and at the Mint itself; also, for the purpose of preserving uniformity of weight, form, and fineness in the coins stamped at each place; and for that purpose, to require the transmission and delivery to him, at the Mint, from time to time, such parcels of the coinage of each branch as he shall think proper to be subjected to such assays and tests as he shall

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all the laws, and Laws for regulation of laws, made for the regulation of the Mint of the extended to the United States, and for the government of the officers and branches. persons employed therein, and for the punishment of all offences connected with the Mint or coinage of the United States, shall be, and the same are hereby, declared to be in full force, in relation to each of the branches of the Mint by this act established, so far as the same shall be applica-

ACT OF JANUARY 18, 1837.

ble thereto.

Supplementary to the act entitled "An act establishing a Mint, and regu- Vol. 5, p. 136. lating the coins of the United States.'

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Officers of the the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Apr. 2 officers of the Mint of the United States shall be a Director, 1792, Vol. 1, p. 246.

a treasurer, an assayer, a melter and refiner, a chief coiner 1835, Vol. 4, p. 774.

and an engraver, to be appointed by the President of the Act of Feb. 27,

1843, Vol. 5, p. 602. United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the respective Duties ofduties of the officers of the Mint shall be as follows:

First. The Director shall have the control and manage- Director.

ment of the Mint, the superintendence of the officers and persons employed therein, and the general regulation and supervision of the business of the several branches. in the month of January of every year he shall make report to the President of the United States of the operations of the Mint and its branches for the year preceding. And also to the Secretary of the Treasury, from time to time, as said Secretary shall require, setting forth all the operations of the Mint subsequent to the last report made upon the subject.

Treasurer.

Second. The treasurer shall receive, and safely keep all moneys which shall be for the use and support of the Mint; shall keep all the current accounts of the Mint, and pay all moneys due by the Mint, on warrants from the Director. He shall receive all bullion brought to the Mint for coinage: shall be the keeper of all bullion and coin in the Mint, except while the same is legally placed in the hands of other officers, and shall, on warrants from the Director, deliver all coins struck at the Mint to the persons to whom they shall be legally payable. And he shall keep regular and faithful accounts of all the transactions of the Mint, in bullion and coins, both with the officers of the Mint and the depositors; and shall present, quarter yearly, to the Treasury Department of the United States, according to such forms as shall be prescribed by that Department, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Mint, for the purpose of being adjusted and settled.

Third. The assayer shall carefully assay all metals used

Assayer.

in coinage, whenever such assays are required in the operations of the Mint; and he shall also make assays of coins whenever instructed to do so by the Director.

Melter and refiner

Fourth. The melter and refiner shall execute all the operations which are necessary in order to form ingots of standard silver or gold, suitable for the chief coiner, from the metals legally delivered to him for that purpose.

Chief coiner.

Fifth. The chief coiner shall execute all the operations which are necessary in order to form coins, conformable in all respects to the law, from the standard silver and gold ingots, and the copper planchets, legally delivered to him for this purpose.

Engraver.

Sixth. The engraver shall prepare and engrave, with the legal devices and inscriptions, all the dies used in the coin-

age of the Mint and its branches.

Appoint ment of assistants and clerks.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Director shall appoint, with the approbation of the President, assistants to the assayer, melter and refiner, chief coiner, and engraver, and clerks for the Director and treasurer, whenever, on representation made by the Director to the President, it shall be the opinion of the President that such assistants or clerks are necessary. And it shall be the duty of the assistants to aid their principals in the execution of their respective offices, and of the clerks to perform such duties as shall be

Duties of assistants and clerks.

> prescribed for them by the Director. Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That whenever any officer of the Mint shall be temporarily absent, on account of sickness, or any other sufficient cause, it shall be lawful for

Filling of temporary vacancies. the Director, with the assent of said officer, to appoint some person attached to the Mint, to act in the place of such officer during his absence, and that the Director shall employ cer during his absence, and that the Director shall employ Employment such workmen and servants in the Mint as he shall from of workmen and servants. time [to time] find necessary.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every officer, assist-Oaths to be ant, and clerk of the Mint, shall, before he enters upon the taken. execution of his office, take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United States, or judge of the superior court or any court of record of any State, faithfully and diligently to perform the duties thereof.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the following officed of officers, ascers of the Mint, before entering upon the execution of their sistants, and respective offices, shall become bound to the United States, clerks. with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in the sums hereinafter mentioned, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of the duties of their offices, viz: The treasurer in the sum of ten thousand dollars; the assayer in the sum of five thousand dollars; the melter and refiner in the sum of ten thousand dollars; the chief coiner in the sum of ten thousand dollars. And that similar bonds may also be required of the assistants and clerks, in such sums as the Director shall determine, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be Salaries of offi-allowed to the officers of the Mint the following salaries per assistants. annum: To the Director, for his services, including traveling expenses incurred in visiting the different branches, and all other charges whatever, three thousand five hundred dollars; to the treasurer, assayer, melter and refiner, chief coiner, and engraver, each, two thousand dollars; to the assistants and clerks, such annual salaries shall be allowed as the Director may determine, with the approbation of the President: Provided, That an assistant snan not receive more than fifteen hundred dollars; and that a clerk shall ary more than fifteen hundred dollars; to the wagesof work to the wagesof work to the wagesof work and sary. not receive more than twelve hundred dollars; to the Wagesof work workmen and servants shall be allowed such wages, to be ante. determined by the Director, as may be customary and reasonable, according to their respective stations and occupations; and that the salaries provided for in this section shall be payable in quarterly instalments.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the standard for standard for gold and silver. both gold and silver coins of the United States shall here coins. after be such, that of one thousand parts by weight, nine hundred shall be of pure metal, and one hundred of alloy; and the alloy of the silver coins shall be of copper; and the used for alloys. alloy of the gold coins shall be of copper and silver, provided that the silver do not exceed one-half of the whole alloy.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That of the silver coins, Weight of silthe dollar shall be of the weight of four hundred and twelve ver coins. and one-half grains; the half dollar of the weight of two hundred and six and one-fourth grains; the quarter dollar of the weight of one hundred and three and one eighth grains; the dime, or tenth part of a dollar, of the weight of forty-one and a quarter grains; and the half dime or

twentieth part of a dollar, of the weight of twenty grains, Silver dollars, and five-eighths of a grain. And that dollars, half dollars, and parts thereof shall be legal and quarter dollars, dimes, and half dimes, shall be legal tender in any tenders of payment according to their nominal value, for sum. any sums whatever.

Weight of gold coins.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That of the gold coins, the weight of the eagle shall be two hundred and fifty-eight grains; that of the half eagle one hundred and twenty-nine grains; and that of the quarter eagle sixty-four and one-Eagles, etc. half grains. And that for all sums whatever, the eagle shall be a legal shall be a legal tender of payment for ten dollars; the half eagle for five dollars; and the quarter eagle for two and a

tender, etc.

Silver coins

halt dollars. SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the silver coins silver coins SEC. 11. And be to further character, and the heretofore issued at the Mint of the United States, and the coins issued since gold coins issued since the thirty-first day of July, one July 31, 1834, thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall continue to shall continue to thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, shall continue to be legal tenders of payment for their nominal values, on the same terms as if they were of the coinage provided for by this act.

Weight of copper coins.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That of the copper coins, the weight of the cent shall be one hundred and sixty-eight grains, and the weight of the half-cent eighty-Their propor four grains. And the cent shall be considered of the value tional value of a of one hundredth part of a dollar, and the half-cent of the

Devices, in-

value of one two-hundredth part of a dollar. SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That upon the coins scriptions and legends of coins struck at the Mint there shall be the following devices and legends: upon one side of each of said coins there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an inscription of the word Liberty, and the year of the coinage; and upon the reverse of each of the gold and silver coins, there shall be the figure or representation of an eagle, with the inscription United States of America, and a designation of the value of the coin; but on the reverse of the dime and half dime, cent and half cent, the figure of the eagle shall be omitted.

Gold and silver bullion brought bullion brought to the Mint for coinage, shall be received coined.

be received and and coined, by the proper officers, for the benefit of the Base bullion depositor: Provided, That it shall be lawful to refuse, at may be refused. the Mint, any deposite of less value than one hundred dollars, and any bullion so base as to be unsuitable for the operations of the Mint; And provided also, That when gold No allowance and silver are combined, if either of these metals be in such when separation small proportion that it can not be separated advantacannot be made geously, no allowance shall be made to the depositor for the value of such metal.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That gold and silver

to depositor

Weight at melting to true weight.

Receipt to be SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That when bullion is deposited for brought to the Mint for coinage, it shall be weighed by the treasurer, in the presence of the depositor, when practicable, and a receipt given which shall state the description and after weight of the bullion: Provided, That when the bullion is in such a state as to require melting before its value can be ascertained, the weight after melting shall be considered as the true weight of the bullion deposited.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That from every partited for coinage cel of bullion deposited for coinage, the treasurer shall to be assayed. deliver to the assayer a sufficient portion for the purpose of being assayed; but all such bullion remaining from the operations of the assay shall be returned to the treasurer

by the assayer.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the assayer shall Assayer to re-report to the treasurer the quality or standard of the and standard of bullion assayed by him; and he shall also communicate to such bullion. the treasurer such information as will enable him to estimate the amount of the charges hereinafter provided for, to be made to the depositor, for the expenses of converting

the bullion into standard metal fit for coinage.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That the only subjects which the deposit of charge by the Mint to the depositor shall be the follow- iter is subjected. ing: For refining when the bullion is below standard; for toughening when metals are contained in it which render it unfit for coinage; for copper used for alloy when the bullion is above standard; for silver introduced into the alloy of gold; and for separating the gold and silver when these metals exist together in the bullion: and that the rate of these fixed by Director charges shall be fixed, from time to time, by the Director, with concurrence with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, so Treasury. as not to exceed, in their judgment, the actual expense to the Mint of the materials and labor employed in each of the cases aforementioned; and that the amount received from Disposition of these charges shall be accounted for, and appropriated for amount received defraying the contingent expenses of the Mint.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That from the report Value of de-of the assayer, and the weight of the bullion, the treasurer of charges, how shall estimate the whole value of each deposite, and also estimated. the amount of the charges or deductions if any; of all which he shall give a detailed memorandum to the depositor; and he shall also give, at the same time, under his hand, a certificate of the nett amount of the deposite, to Certificate to be paid in coins of the same species of bullion as that ment in coin.

deposited.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That parcels of bullion by treatments to bullion by treatment of the second se shall be, from time to time, transferred by the treasurer to user to me the melter and refiner; that a careful record of these trans-and refiner. fers, noting the weight and character of the bullion, shall be kept; and that the bullion thus placed in the hands of the melter and refiner shall be subjected to the several To be formed processes which may be necessary to form it into ingots of into ingots. the legal standard, and of a quality suitable for coinage.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That the ingots thus Ingots to be asprepared shall be assayed by the assayer, and if they prove ferred to melter to be within the limits allowed for deviation from the stand. and refiner. ard, they shall be transferred by the melter and refiner to the treasurer, accompanied by the assayer's certificate of their fineness; and that a careful record of the transfer shall be kept by the treasurer.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That no ingots of gold Deviation from shall be used for coinage of which the quality differs more lowed in ingots than two thousandths from the legal standard; and that of gold and silno ingots of allvar shall be used for coincide of thick the ver. no ingots of silver shall be used for coinage of which the

quality differs more than three thousandths from the legal standard.

Treasurer's account with mel-ter and refiner.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That in the treasurer's account with the melter and refiner, the melter and refiner shall be debited with the standard weight of all the bullion placed in his hands, that is to say, with the weight of metal of legal standard fineness which it will make; and that he shall be credited by the standard weight of all the ingots delivered by him to the treasurer; and that once at least in every year, at such time as the Director shall appoint, the melter and refiner shall deliver up to the treasurer all the bullion in his possession, in order that his accounts may be settled up to that time; and, in this settlement, he shall be entitled to a credit for the difference between the whole amount of bullion delivered to him, and received from him, since the last settlement, as an allowance for necessary Allowance for waste: Provided, That this allowance shall not exceed two necessary waste. 1700 total, 1 more amount of gold and silver bullion, respectively, that had been delivered to him by the treasurer.

chief coiner.

Delivery of in- SEC. 24. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer gots for coinage by Treasurer to shall, from time to time, deliver over to the chief coiner, ingots for the purpose of coinage; that he shall keep a careful record of these transfers, noting the weight and description of the ingots; and that the ingots thus placed in the hands of the chief coiner shall be passed through the several processes necessary to make from them coins, in all respects conformable to law.

SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, That in adjusting the

Deviation from legal standard Sho. 25. And be to further emotion, That in adjusting the allowed in the weights of the coins, the following deviations from the standin single pieces.

weights of coins, and weight shall not be exceeded in any of the single pieces: In the dollar and half dollar, one grain and a half; in the quarter dollar, one grain; in the dime and half dime, half a grain; in the gold coins, one quarter of a grain; in the Deviation in a copper coins, one grain in the pennyweight; and that in weighing a large number of pieces together, when delivered from the chief coiner to the treasurer, and from the treasurer to the depositors, the deviations from the standard weight shall not exceed the following limits: Four pennyweights in one thousand dollars; three pennyweights in one thousand half dollars; two pennyweights in one thousand quarter dollars; one pennyweight in one thousand dimes; one pennyweight in one thousand half dimes; two pennyweights in one thousand eagles; one and a half pennyweight in one thousand half eagles; one pennyweight in one thousand

large number to-gether.

quarter eagles.

Delivery of SEC. 26. And be it further enacted, That the chief coiner coiner to Treas shall, from time to time, as the coins are prepared, deliver them over to the treasurer, who shall keep a careful record of their kind, number, and weight; and that, in receiving the coins, it shall be the duty of the treasurer to see whether the coins of that delivery are within the legal limits of the standard weight; and if his trials for this purpose shall not prove satisfactory, he shall cause all the coins of this delivery Coins below to be weighed separately, and such as are not of legal weight gal weight to be shall be delivered to the melter and refiner, as standard bul-

lion, to be again formed into ingots and recoined.

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SEC. 27. And be it further enacted, That at every delivery Samples of coins made by the chief coiner to the treasurer, it shall served for the be the duty of the treasurer, in the presence of the assayer, annual trial. to take indiscriminately, a certain number of pieces of each variety for the annual trial of coins, (the number being prescribed by the Director,) which shall be carefully labelled, Coins to be la-and deposited in a chest appropriated for the purpose, kept in joint care of under the joint care of the treasurer and assayer, and so treasurer and as-secured that neither can have access to its contents without the presence of the other.

SEC. 28. And be it further enacted, That the chief coiner shall, from time to time, deliver to the treasurer the clip-clippings, etc., by pings and other portions of bullion remaining after the proc-chief coiner. ess of coining, and that the treasurer shall keep a careful

record of their amount.

SEC. 29. And be it further enacted, That in the treasurer's Mint treasure account with the chief coiner, the chief coiner shall be deb-withchief coiner. ited with the amount in weight of standard metal of all the bullion placed in his hands, and credited with the amount, also by weight, of all the coins, clippings, and other bullion delivered by him to the treasurer; and that once at least Yearly delivery in every year, at such time as the Director shall appoint, treasurer. the chief coiner shall deliver to the treasurer all the coins and bullion in his possession, so that his accounts may be settled up to that time; and, in this settlement, he shall be Allowance for entitled to a credit for the difference between the whole to chief coiner in amount of the ingots delivered to him, and of the coins and settlement of accounts. bullion received from him, since the last settlement, as an ance shall not exceed two thousandths of the whole amount allowance. of the silver, or one and one helf there are the silver. amount of the gold, that had been delivered to him by the treasurer.

SEC. 30. And be it further enacted, That when the coins Payment of which are the equivalent to any deposite of bullion are ready for bullion deposit for delivery, they shall be paid over to the depositor, or his ited to be coined made in order of order, by the treasurer, on a warrant from the Director; priority of deand the payment shall be made, if demanded, in the order posit. in which the bullion shall have been brought to the Mint, giving priority according to priority of deposite only; and that in the denominations of coin delivered, the treasurer Denominations of coins to be deshall comply with the wishes of the depositor, unless livered. when impracticable or inconvenient to do so; in which case, the denominations of coin shall be designated by the Director.

SEC. 31. And be it further enacted, That for the purpose Deposit of pubof enabling the Mint to make returns to depositors with as kept in the Mint little delay as possible, it shall be the duty of the Secretary by Secretary of of the Treasury to keep in the said Mint, when the state of Treasury. the Treasury will admit thereof, a deposite of such amount of public money, or of bullion procured for the purpose, as he shall judge convenient and necessary, not exceeding one million of dollars, out of which those who bring bullion to Tobepaid tode the Mint may be paid the value thereof, as soon as practi- lion in exchange cable, after this value has been ascertained; that the bul-therefor. lion so deposited shall become the property of the United

Disposition of

No discount or States; that no discount or interest shall be charged on charged on such moneys so advanced; and that the Secretary of the Treasadvances.

Deposit may ury may at any time withdraw the said deposite, or any part be withdrawn thereof, or may, at his discretion, allow the coins formed at by Secretary of the Mint to be given for their equivalent in other money.

Treasury.

Coins formed at Mint may be exchanged for other money.

Annual trial of

774, se pealed.

to meet.

conformity in the gold and silver coins to their respective Act of Mar. 3, standards and weights, an annual trial shall be made of 774, sec. 2, re the pieces reserved for this purpose at the Mint and its branches, before the judge of the district court of the United States, for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, the attor-Commission new of the United States, for the eastern district of Pennhow constituted. when and where sylvania, and the collector of the port of Philadelphia, and such other persons as the President shall, from time to time. designate for that purpose, who shall meet as commissioners, for the performance of this duty, on the second Monday in February, annually, and may continue their meetings by adjournment, if necessary; and if a majority of the commissioners shall fail to attend at any time appointed for their meeting, then the Director of the Mint shall call a meeting of the commissioners at such other time as he may deem Examination of convenient; and that before these commissioners, or a mareserved pieces jority of them, and in the presence of the officers of the them, and report Mint, such examination shall be made of the reserved pieces to President of as shall be judged sufficient; and if it shall appear that

these pieces do not differ from the standard fineness and weight by a greater quantity than is allowed by law, the

SEC. 32. And be it further enacted, That to secure a due

trial shall be considered and reported as satisfactory; but If maximum der if any greater deviation from the legal standard or weight viation is exceed. od, Mint officers shall appear, this fact shall be certified to the President of implicated shall the United States, and if, on a view of the circumstances be disqualified

of the case, he shall so decide, the officer or officers implifor office. cated in the error shall be thenceforward disqualified from

Purchase of copper bullion.

of planchets.

Coinage of cop-

rector of Mint.

SEC. 33. And be it further enacted, That copper bullion shall be purchased for the Mint, from time to time, by the treasurer, under instructions from the Director; that the cost shall be paid from the fund hereinafter provided for; To be in form and that the copper bullion shall be of good quality, and in form of planchets fit for passing at once into the hands of the chief coiner.

SEC. 34. And be it further enacted, That the copper planchets shall be delivered, from time to time, by the treasurer to the chief coiner, to be by him coined; and all such copper shall be returned to the treasurer, by the chief coiner, weight for weight, without allowance for waste.

Copper coins SEC. 35. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the may be ex. SEC. 50. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the changed for duty of the treasurer of the Mint to deliver the copper coins, other money in in exchange for their legal equivalent in other money, to Di any persons who shall apply for them: Provided, That the sum asked for be not less than a certain amount, to be determined by the Director, and that it be not so great as, in his judgment, to interfere with the capacity of the Mint to supply other applicants.

holding their respective offices.

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SEC. 36. And be it further enacted, That the copper coins transported at may, at the discretion of the Director, be delivered in any expense of the of the principal cities and towns of the United States, at Mint. the cost of the Mint for transportation.

SEC. 37. And be it further enacted, That the money remeasurer in exchange for copper coins shall copper coins to form a fund in his hands, which shall be used to purchase constitute a fund copper planchets, and to pay the expenses of transportation planchets, etc. of copper coins; and that if there be a surplus, the same shall be appropriated to defray the contingent expenses of the Mint.

SEC. 38. And be it further enacted, That all acts or parts sistent acts reof acts heretofore passed, relating to the Mint and coins of poaled. the United States, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1843.

Regulating the currency of foreign gold and silver coins in the United States. Vol. 5, p. 607.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of and after the passage of this act, the following foreign gold value of certain coins shall pass current as money within the United States, Great Britain and be receivable. by weight, for the passage of this act, the following foreign gold coins of coins of the passage of this act, the following foreign gold coins of the passage of this act, the following foreign gold coins of the passage of the passage of this act, the following foreign gold coins of the passage of t and be receivable, by weight, for the payment of all debts and France. and demands, at the rates following, that is to say: the gold coins of Great Britain, of not less than nine hundred and fifteen and a half thousandths in fineness, at ninety-four cents and six-tenths of a cent per pennyweight; and the gold coins of France, of not less than eight hundred and ninety-nine thousandths in fineness, at ninety-two cents and nine-tenths of a cent per pennyweight.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Legal SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Legal tender passage of this act, the following foreign silver coins shall coins of Spain, pass current as money within the United States, and be re-Mexico, Peru ceivable by tale, for the payment of all debts and demands, France. at the rates following, that is to say: the Spanish pillar dollars, and the dollars of Mexico, Peru, and Bolivia, of not less than eight hundred and ninety-seven thousandths in fineness, and four hundred and fifteen grains in weight, at one hundred cents each; and the five franc pieces of France, of not less than nine hundred thousandths in fineness, and three hundred and eighty-four grains in weight, at ninety-

three cents each.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Assays of said of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause assays of the coins foreign coins to made current by this act to be had at the Mint of the United and reported to States, at least once in every year, and to make report of Congress. the result thereof to Congress.



ACT OF APRIL 2, 1844.

To amend the act entitled "An act to establish branches of the Mint of the Vol. 5, p. 652. United States." -

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of How oath re the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the quired by third for act of oath or affirmation required by the third section of an act Mar. 3, 1835, ch. passed March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-five engly may be taken. The passed March to establish branches of the Mint of the titled "An act to establish branches of the Mint of the Vol. 4, p. 774. United States," may be taken before any judge of the superior court, or of any court of record, in the State where the branch of which the person taking said oath is an officer or clerk, is situated.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1849.

Vol. 9, p. 397.

To authorize the coinage of gold dollars and double eagles.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Coinage of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That double-eagles and there shall be, from time to time, struck and coined at the Mint of the United States and the branches thereof, con-See act Feb. 21. Millt of the United States and the branches thereof, con-1853, sec. 7, Vol. formably in all respects to law (except that on the reverse 1853, sec. 7, vol. formably in all respects to law (except that on the reverse 10, p. 160. Sec act Feb. 12, of the gold dollar the figure of the eagle shall be omitted,) 1873, sec. 14, vol. and conformably in all respects to the standard for gold 17, p. 424. coins now established by law coins for gold 17, p. 424. coins now established by law, coins of gold of the following denomination and values, viz; double eagles, each to be of the value of twenty dollars, or units, and gold dollars, each

Double eagle and gold dollar to be legal tender.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That for all sums whatever, the double eagle shall be a legal tender for twenty dollars and the gold dollar shall be a legal tender for one dollar.

to be of the value of one dollar, or unit.

in authorized.

All laws now SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all laws now in in force in relation to the coins force in relation to the coins of the United States, and the of the United striking and coining the same, shall so far as applicable, States to apply he we full force and effect in relation to the coins herein to the coins here have full force and effect in relation to the coins herein authorized, whether the said laws are penal or otherwise; and whether they are for preventing counterfeiting or abasement, for protecting the currency, for regulating and guarding the process of striking and coining, and the preparations therefor, or for the security of the coin, or for any other purpose.

Deviations allowed in weights of gold coins.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in adjusting the weights of gold coin henceforward, the following deviations from the standard weight shall not be exceeded in any of the single pieces—namely, in the double eagle, the eagle, and the half eagle, one half of a grain, and in the quarter eagle and gold dollar, one quarter of a grain; and that in weighing a large number of pieces together, when delivered from the chief coiner to the treasurer, and from the treasurer to the depositors, the deviation from the standard weight shall not exceed three penny weights in one thousand double eagles; two penny weights in one thousand eagles; one and one half penny weights in one thousand

half eagles; one penny weight in one thousand quarter eagles; and one half of a penny weight in one thousand gold dollars

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1851.

To reduce and modify the rates of postage in the United States, and for Vol.9, p. 587.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That from and after the New coin of passage of this act, it shall be lawful to coin at the Mint of value of 3 cents. See act of the United States and its branches, a piece of the denom-Mar. 3, 1853, sec. ination and legal value of three cents, or three hundredths Act of Feb. 12, of a dollar, to be composed of three fourths silver and one 1873, sec. 16, Vol. 17, p. 424. fourth copper, and to weigh twelve grains and three eighths Composition, of a grain; that the said coin shall bear such devices as device, and shall be conspicuously different from those of the other silver coins, and of the gold dollar, but having the inscription United States of America, and its denomination and date; and that it shall be a legal tender in payment of debts for legal tender all sums of thirty cents and under. And that no ingots under. Shall be used for the coinage of the three-cent pieces herein authorized, of which the quality differs more than five thousandths from the legal standard; and that, in adjusting the ard and weight. Weight of the said coin, the following deviations from the standard weight shall not be exceeded, namely, one-half of a grain in the single piece, and one pennyweight in a thousand pieces.

ACT OF JULY 3, 1852.

To establish a branch of the Mint of the United States in California.

Vol. 10, p. 11,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a Branch mint branch of the Mint of the United States be established in California. California, to be located by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the coinage of gold and silver.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That, if required by the Gold to be asholder, gold in grain or lumps shall be refined, assayed, cast cast into bars into bars or ingots, and stamped in said branch mint, or in or ingots, and the Mint of the United States, or any of its branches, in such pense of deposition or ingot, which shall be paid for by the owner or holder of Expense to be said bullion, at such rates and charges, and under such paid by depositions, as the Director of the Mint, under the control of the Secretary of the Treasury, may from time to time establish.

8. Rep. 831, pt. 4---3

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ACT OF FEBRUARY 21, 1853.

Vol. 10, p. 160. Amendatory of existing laws relative to the half dollar, quarter dollar, dime, and half dime.

Weight of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from half dollar and the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from quarter, dime and after the first day of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-and half dime, two, [three] the weight of the half dollar or piece of fifty tents shall be one hundred and ninety-two grains, and the quarter dollar, dime, and half dime, shall be, respectively, one half, one fifth, and one tenth of the weight of said half dollar.

Such coins to SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the silver coins be a legal tender not exceeding \$5. issued in conformity with the above section, shall be legal

with the approval of the Director, purchase such bullion

tenders in payment of debts for all sums not exceeding five dollars.

Purchase of SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in order to procure the silver bullion for the requisite coinage of the subdivisions of the lary coinage. dollar authorized by this act, the treasurer of the Mint shall,

with the bullion fund of the Mint. He shall charge himage shall be action to coins of a nominal value exceeding the intrinsic value
treasurer of thereof, and shall be credited with the difference between
such intrinsic value and the price paid for said bullion, and

with the expense of distributing said coins as hereinafter such seignior provided. The balances to his credit, or the profit of said ferred to account coinage, shall be, from time to time, on a warrant of the Director of the Mint, transferred to the account of the Treasury of the United States.

Such coins to SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That such coins shall be exchanged and paid out of be paid out at the Mint, in exchange for gold coins at par, Mint for gold in sums not less than one hundred dollars; and it shall be of not less than lawful, also, to transmit parcels of the same from time to \$100.

Such coins to be time to the assistant treasurers, depositaries, and other offialso transmit cers of the United States, under general regulations, protreasurers, etc. posed by the Director of the Mint, and approved by the Amount of such Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, however, That the coinsge regulations amount coined into quarter dollars, dimes, and half dimes,

No private deposits for said coins to be re ceived.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That no deposits for coins to be re ceived.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That no deposits for coins to be re ceived, quarter dollar, dime, and half dime, shall hereafter be received, other than those made by the treasurer of the Mint, as herein authorized, and upon account of the United States.

Depositors may have their gold and silver their gold and silver may be cast into bars or ingots to ingots or bars of either pure metal or of standard fineness, as the owner may prefer, with a stamp upon the same designating its weight and fineness; but no piece, of either gold or silver,

Weight of bars shall be cast into bars or ingots of a less weight than ten ounces, ounces, except pieces of one ounce, of two ounces, of three ounces, and of five ounces, all of which pieces of less weight than ten ounces shall be of the standard fineness, with their weight and fineness stamped upon them; but, in [all]

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cases, whether the gold and silver deposited be coined or cast into bars or ingots, there shall be a charge to the Additional depositor, in addition to the charge now made for refining centro the depositor, in addition to the charge now made for refining centro the depositor. or parting the metals, of one half of one per centum; the iter to be made money arising from this charge of one half per centum Receipts from shall be charged to the treasurer of the Mint, and from time charges to be to time, on warrant of the Director of the Mint, shall be Treasury. transferred into the Treasury of the United States: Provided, however, That nothing contained in this section shall This section not

be considered as applying to the half dollar, the quarter to apply to subdollar, the dime, and half dime.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That from time to time there shall be struck and coined at the Mint of the United denomination of three dollars es-States, and the branches thereof, conformably in all respects tablished. to law, and conformably in all respects to the standard of gold coins now established by law, a coin of gold of the value of three dollars, or units, and all the provisions of an Provisions of act entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of gold dollars act March 3, 1849, and double eagles," approved March third, eighteen hunto said coin. dred and forty-nine, shall be applied to the coin herein Vol. 9, p. 397. authorized, so far as the same may be applicable; but the devices and shape of the three dollar piece shall be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be To take effect force from and after the first day of June next.

To take effect June 2, 1853. Sec. 7, Vol. 10, p. 188. in force from and after the first day of June next.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1853.

To supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year Vol. 10, p. 181. ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That when gold or silver Charge for cast shall be cast into bars or ingots or formed into disks at the disks, bars, or Mint of the United States, or any of the branches thereof, ingots to be regulated by Secretary of the United States, the charge for the state Treatment. or at any assay office of the United States, the charge for tary of Treasury. refining, casting, or forming said bars, ingots, or disks shall be equal to, but not exceed, the actual cost of the operation, including labor, wastage, use of machinery, materials, etc., to be regulated from time to time by the Secretary of the Treasury. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby Size and deauthorized to regulate the size and devices of the new silver ver coins authorized, authorized by an act entitled "An act amendatory of ized by act of existing laws relative to the half dollar, quarter dollar, 160, to be regulated, and half dime," passed at the present session; and lated by Secretary of the present session; and lated by Secretary of the present session; and lated by Secretary of the present session. that, to procure such devices, as also the models, moulds, and matrices or original dies for the coins, disks, or ingots authorized by said act, the Director of the Mint is empowists to be emered, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, ployed to prepare to engage temporarily for that purpose the services of one models, dies, etc. or more artists, distinguished in their respective departments, who shall be paid for such services from the contingent appropriation for the Mint: And that hereafter the weight of the three cent coin now authorized by law shall be made of the 3-cent coin.

weight of three fiftieths of the weight of the half dollar, as

provided in said act, and of the same standard of fineness. Act of Feb. 21, And the said act, entitled "An act amendatory of existing 1853, to take the said act, entitled "An act amendatory of existing 1853, to take affect Apr. 2 laws relative to the half dollar, quarter dollar, dime, and 1853. half dime," shall take affect and he in full force from and half dime," shall take effect and be in full force from and after the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, any thing therein to the contrary notwithstanding.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1853.

Vol. 10, p. 189. Making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of Government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, namely:

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, and wastage, in addition to other available funds, forty-one thousand five Profits of the hundred dollars; and it shall be the duty of the superinand account ren tendent of the Mint to cause to be paid annually into the Treasury of the United States the profits of the Mint, and to present a quarterly account of the expenditures of the Mint to the Secretary of the Treasury;

Refining of gold in private estab-lishments.

the Mint.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when private establishments shall be made to refine gold bullion, the Secretary of the Treasury, if he shall deem them capable of executing such work, is hereby authorized and required Such refining to limit the amount thereof, which shall be refined in the discontinued by Mint at Philadelphia, from quarter to quarter, and to reduce the same progressively as such establishments shall be expended [extended !] or multiplied, so as eventually, and as soon as may be, to exclude refining from the Mint, and to require that every deposit of gold bullion made therein for coinage shall be adapted to said purpose, without need

Coin advances of refining: Provided, That no advances in coin shall be to be made only on refined bul made upon bullion after this regulation shall be carried into effect, except upon bullion refined as herein prescribed.

urer thereof.

Assay office to SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of New York to the Treasury is hereby authorized and required to establish melt refine part in the city of New York an office for the receipt and for the and assay gold and silver and to melting, refining, parting, and assaying of gold and silver bullion and foreign coin, and for casting the same into bars, Assistant ingots, or disks. The assistant treasurer of the United States to be treas. States in New York shall be treasurer of the said assay office, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall, with the approbation and consent of the President of the United States,

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of

appoint such other officers and clerks, and authorize the Secretary of employment of such assistants, workmen, and servants as point other officers. shall be necessary for the proper conduct and management cers and employof the said office and of the business pertaining thereto, at such compensation as shall be approved by the President: Provided, That the same shall not exceed that allowed for Compensation not to exceed that corresponding services under existing laws relating to the paid in the Mint. Mint of the United States and its branches.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the owner or own-Receipt to be ers of any gold or silver bullion, in dust or otherwise, or of as provided for any foreign coin, shall be entitled to deposit the same in the Mint the said office, and the treasurer thereof shall give a receipt,

stating the weight and description thereof, in the manner and under the regulations that are or may be provided in like cases or deposits at the Mint of the United States with the treasurer thereof. And such bullion shall, with- To be assaye out delay, be melted, parted, refined, and assayed, and the without delay. net value thereof, and of all foreign coins deposited in said office, shall be ascertained; and the treasurer shall thereupon forthwith issue his certificate of the net value thereof, Certificate of payable in coins of the same metal as that deposited, either posit to be is at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States, and were and shall by in New York, or at the Mint of the United States, at the receivable for 60 thereofter. option of the depositor, to be expressed in the certificate, for debts due which certificates shall be receivable at any time within sixty United States at days from the date thereof in payment of all debts due to York. the United States at the port of New York for the full sum therein certified. All gold or silver bullion and foreign coin In what form deposited, melted, parted, refined, or assayed, as aforesaid, to be continuous deposited, melted, parted, refined, or assayed, as aforesaid, or standard shall, at the option of the depositor, be cast in the said of metal. fice into bars, ingots, or disks, either of pure metal or of standard fineness, (as the owner may prefer,) with a stamp thereon of such form and device as shall be prescribed by

the Secretary of the Treasury, accurately designating its weight and fineness: Provided, That no ingot, bar, or disk Ingots, etc., to shall be cast of less weight than five ounces, unless the unless of stand-

same be of standard fineness, and of either one, two, or three ard fineness. ounces in weight. And all gold or silver bullion and for-eign coin intended by the depositor to be converted into

the coins of the United States, shall, as soon as assayed and After assay the its net value certified as above provided, be transferred to for coinage shall the Mint of the United States, under such directions as shall be transferred to the Mint and at the Aventual Country and at t be made by the Secretary of the Treasury, and at the ex-coined. pense of the contingent fund of the Mint, and shall there be

coined. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby au-Accounts bethorized, with the approval of the President of the United fices to be ad-States, to make the necessary regulations for the adjust-justed by Secrement of the accounts between the respective officers, upon ury.

the Mint, and assistant treasurer in New York. SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the operations of Regulations of melting, parting, refining, and assaying in the said office under direction shall be under the general directions of the Director of the of Director of shall be under the general directions of the Director of the Mint. Mint, in subordination to the Secretary of the Treasury; and it shall be the duty of the said Director to prescribe such regulations and to order such tests as shall be requisite to

the transfer of any bullion or coin between the assay office,

insure faithfulness, accuracy, and uniformity in the operations of the said office.

Laws respect SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the laws of the ing the Mint to United States for the government of the Mint and its officers say office.

in relation to the receipt respect respect to the receipt respect re in relation to the receipt, payment, custody of deposits, and settlement of accounts, the duties and responsibilities of officers and others employed therein, the oath to be taken and the bond and sureties to be given by them (as far as the same may be applicable) shall extend to the assay office hereby established, and to its officers, assistants, clerks, workmen, and others employed therein.

Charges for as-

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the same charges saying, etc., to be the same as simi. shall be made and demanded at the said assay office for relar Mint charges, fining, parting, easting into bars, ingots, or disks, and for alloy, as are, or shall be made and demanded at the Mint; and no other charges shall be made to depositors than by law are authorized to be made at the Mint; and the amount Receipts from received from the charges hereby authorized shall be acharges approcharges appro. received from the charges hereby appropriated for concounted for and appropriated for defraying the contingent tingent expenses expenses of the said office.

That the Secretary of

of the office. Buildings SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of said assay office, and the injuritier enacted, That the Secretary of and machinery the Treasury is authorized to procure, by rent, lease, or and implements otherwise, a building or apartments in the city of New York by Secretary of suitable for the operations of said office, unless he shall be Treasury.

of opinion that suitable apartments in the custom-house in that city may be assigned for this purpose. And he is also hereby authorized and directed to procure the necessary machinery and implements for the carrying on the operations and business of the said office.

ACT OF FEBRUARY 21, 1857.

Vol. 11, p. 163. Relating to foreign coins and to the coinage of cents at the Mint of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Legal tender the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the quality in pay pieces commonly known as the quarter, eighth, and sixments to the pieces commonly known as the first ments to the Mexican dol-United States of teenth of the Spanish pillar dollar, and of the Mexican dol-Spanishand Mexican dor the Spanish pillar dollar, and of the Mexican dollars or lar, shall be receivable at the Treasury of the United States, parts thereof. and its several offices and at the and its several offices, and at the several post-offices and land-offices, at the rates of valuation following,—that is to say, the fourth of a dollar, or piece of two reals, at twenty cents; the eighth of a dollar, or piece of one real, at ten cents; and the sixteenth of a dollar, or half real, at five cents.

Such coins not to be paid out but to be recoined.

SEC 2. And be it further enacted, That the said coins, when so received, shall not again be paid out, or put in circulation, but shall be recoined at the Mint. And it shall be the duty of the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to prescribe such regula-Regulations for tions as may be necessary and proper, to secure their transand recoinage to mission to the Mint for recoinage, and the return or distribe prescribed by bution of the proceeds thereof, when deemed expedient, and to prescribe such forms of account as may be appro-

priate and applicable to the circumstances: Provided, That

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the expenses incident to such transmission or distribution, Expense there be paid and of recoinage, shall be charged against the account of from silver profit silver profit and loss, and the net profits, if any, shall be account and not paid from time to time into the Treasury of the United Treasury. States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all former acts Former acts authorizing the currency of foreign gold or silver coins, and coins a currency declaring the same a legal tender in payment for debts, are or legal tender hereby repealed; but it shall be the duty of the Director of the Mint to cause assays to be made, from time to time, of Assays of forsuch foreign coins as may be known to our commerce, to made, and and determine their average weight, fineness, and value, and to nually reported. embrace in his annual report a statement of the results thereof.

Assays of for-

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Weight and composition of passage of this act, the standard weight of the cent coined cents. at the Mint shall be seventy-two grains, or three twentieths of one ounce troy, with no greater deviation than four Deviation algrains in each piece; and said cent shall be composed of lowed. eighty-eight per centum of copper and twelve per centum of nickel, of such shape and device as may be fixed by the shape and de-Director of the Mint, with the approbation of the Secretary vice. of the Treasury; and the coinage of the half cent shall cent discontincease.

ued.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of Purchase of the Mint, under the instruction of the Secretary of the to be made from Treasury, shall, from time to time, purchase from the bul-bullion fund. lion fund of the Mint the materials necessary for the coinage of such cent piece, and transfer the same to the proper operative officers of the Mint to be manufactured and returned in coin. And the laws in force relating to the Mint Former Mint and the coinage of the precious metals, and in regard to such cents. the sale and distribution of the copper coins, shall, so far as applicable, be extended to the coinage herein provided Profits of coinfor: Provided, That the net profit of said coinage, ascer age to be transferred to Treastained in like manner as is prescribed in the second section ury. of this act, shall be transferred to the Treasury of the United States.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful Such cents may to pay out the said cent at the Mint in exchange for any of exchanged, or the gold and silver coins of the United States, and also in transmitted to exchange for the former copper coins issued: and it shall certain officers. be lawful to transmit parcels of the said cents, from time to time, to the assistant treasurers, depositaries, and other posed by the Director of the Mint, and approved by the for certain coins Secretary of the Treasury, for exchange as aforesaid. And at old rate for it shall also be lawful for the space of two years from the passage of this act and no longer to pay out at the Mint. passage of this act and no longer, to pay out at the Mint the cents aforesaid for the fractional parts of the dollar hereinbefore named, at their nominal value of twenty-five, twelveand-a-half, and six-and-a-quarter cents, respectively.

SEC. 7.. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the Director of the Mint shall make his annual report to the Section of Director of the made SEC. 7.. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the Diretary of the Treasury, up to the thirtieth of June in each up to June 30. year, so that the same may appear in his annual report to Congress on the finances.

ACT OF APRIL 22, 1864.

Vol. 18, p. 54. In amendment of an act entitled "An act relating to foreign coins and the coinage of cents at the mint of the United States," approved February twenty-one, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Standard be n enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of weight, etc., of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, the cent. from and after the passage of this act, the standard weight of the cent coined at the mint of the United States shall be forty-eight grains, or one tenth of one ounce troy; and said

Character of cent shall be composed of ninety-five per centum of copper, alloy. and five per centum of tin and zinc, in such proportions as

Act Feb. 12 shall be determined by the Director of the Mint; and there 1878, sec. 16, Vol. shall be from time to time struck and coincide the mint a shall be, from time to time, struck and coined at the mint a 17, p. 424. wo cent pieces two cent piece, of the same composition, the standard be comed.
Standard weight of which shall be ninety-six grains, or one-fifth of weight.

one ounce troy, with no greater deviation than four grains Shape, devices, to each piece of said cent and two-cent coins; and the shape, by the Director mottoes, and devices of said coins shall be fixed by the Director mottoes. of the Mint.

rector of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Laws govern Treasury; and the laws now in force relating to the coincents made appliage of cents and providing for the purchase of material cable. and prescribing the appropriate duties of the officers of the mint and the Secretary of the Treasury be, and the same

are hereby, extended to the coinage herein provided for. Present laws ex-SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all laws now in tended thereto. Revised St

Stat force relating to the coins of the United States and the striking and coining the same shall, so far as applicable, be extended to the coinage herein authorized, whether said laws are penal or otherwise, for the security of the coin, regulating and guarding the process of striking and coining, for preventing debasement or counterfeiting, or for any

other purpose.

Director of SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Director of the Mint to secure Mint shall prescribe suitable regulations to insure a due conformity of al. Mint shall prescribe suitable regulations to insure a due loy in such coins. conformity to the required weights and proportions of alloy

Trials to be in the said coins; and shall order trials thereof to be made made by the from time to time by the assayer of the mint, whereof a assayer. assayer. report shall be made in writing to the Director.

Such coins to SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said coins shall be legal tender, the one cent for be a legal tender in any payment, the one-cent coin to the tencents, the two amount of ten cents, and the two-cent coin to the amount cents for twenty of twenty cents; and it shall be lawful to pay out said cents.

out in exchange States, (except cents or half cents issued under former acts for lawful cur. of Congress) in suitable sums, by the treasurer of the paid coins in exchange for the lawful currency of the United mint, and by such other depositaries as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, under general regulations proposed by the Director of the Mint and approved by the

Expense of Secretary of the Treasury; and the expenses incident to exchange, etc., such exchange, distribution, and transmission may be paid profit of said out of the profits of said coinage; and the net profits of coinage. said coinage, ascertained in like manner as is prescribed in the second section of the act to which this is a supplement, shall be transferred to the Treasury of the United

States.

utes, 5462.

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SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any person or Penalty for persons shall make, issue, or pass, or cause to be made, is tended to be sued, or passed, any coin, card, token, or device whatsoever, passed as cents, in metal or its compounds, intended to pass or be passed Revised Statas money for a one-cent piece or a two-cent piece, such person utes, 5462. or persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years.

ACT OF JUNE 8. 1864.

To punish and prevent the counterfeiting of coin of the United States.

Vol. 13, p. 120.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if Penalty for any person or persons, except as now authorized by law, counterfeiting shall hereafter make, or cause to be made, or shall utter or United States. pass, or attempt to utter or pass, any coins of gold or silver, or other metals or alloys of metals, intended for the use and purpose of current money, whether in the resemblance of coins of the United States or of foreign countries, or of original design, every person so offending shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine not exceeding three thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or both, at the discretion of the court, according to the aggravation of the offence.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1865.

To authorize the coinage of three-cent pieces, and for other purposes.

Vol. 13, p. 517.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so soon as practicable after the passage of this act, there to be coined. shall be coined at the Mint of the United States a three-cent piece, composed of copper and nickel in such proportions, not exceeding twenty five per centum of nickel, as shall be de-weight, shape, termined by the Director of the Mint, the standard weight device, etc. of which shall be thirty grains, with no greater deviation Deviation. than four grains to each piece, and the shape, mottoes, and devices of said coin shall be determined by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. And the laws now in force relating to the coinage of cents, Laws relating to the coinage of cents, to coinage and providing for the purchase of material and prescribing centernade applithe appropriate duties of the officers of the Mint, and of the cable. Secretary of the Treasury be, and the same are hereby, extended to the coinage herein provided for.

A 3-cent piece

Laws relating

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all laws now in Laws relating force, relating to the coins of the United States, and the age made applicativiting and coinage of the same, shall so far as applicable cable to this coin, be extended to the coinage herein authorized whether said be extended to the coinage herein authorized, whether said laws are penal or otherwise, for the security of the coin, regulating and guarding the process of striking and coining,

for preventing debasement or counterfeiting, or for any other Director of purpose. And the Director of the Mint shall prescribe suitto make Mint able regulations to insure a due conformity to the required regulations. weights and proportions of alloy in the said coin, and shall Trials to be order trials thereof to be made from time to time, by the made from time assayer of the Mint, whereof a report shall be made in

writing to the Director.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said coin shall To be legal tender for 60 cents. be a legal tender in any payment to the amount of sixty

The 3-cent coin cents. And it shall be lawful to pay out said coins in exmay be paid out change for the lawful currency of the United States, (except in exchange for change for the lawful currency of the United States, (except lawfu' currency, cents or half-cents or two-cent pieces issued under former except, etc. acts of Congress,) in suitable sums by the Treasurer of the

By whom.

Mint, and by such other depositaries as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, and under general regulations Act of Apr. 2. 17easury may designate, and under general regulations 1792, Vol. 1, p. 246. approved by the Secretary of the Treasury. And under May also be the like regulations the same may be exchanged in suitable exchanged for any lawful currency of the United States; and the ncy. Act of Apr. 22, expenses incident to such exchange, distribution, and trans-1864, Vol. 13.p. 54 mission, may be paid out of the profits of said coinage, and Act of Feb. 12.

1873, sec. 16, Vol. the net profits of said coinage, ascertained in like manner 17, p. 424. as is prescribed in the second section of the act entitled

"An act relating to foreign coins, and the coinage of cents at Expenses to be the Mint of the United States," approved February twentypaid out of profits first, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, shall be transferred and net profits to the Treasury of the United States: Provided, That from Treasury. and after the passage of this act, no issues of fractional

notes of the United States shall be of a less denomination. No fractional than five cents, and all such issues of a less denomination, under 5 cents and at that time outstanding, shall, when paid into the Treasall such issues ury or any designated depositary of the United States, or cancelled. redeemed or exchanged as now provided by law, be retained and cancelled.

Penalty for knowingly mak-

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That if any person or ing or passing persons shall knowingly make, issue, or pass, or cause to any coin, token, be made, issued, or past [passed], any coin, card, token, or coin an be made, issued, or past [passed], any coin, card, token, or thorized by this device, whatsoever, in metal or its compounds, intended to pass or be passed as money, for the coin authorized by this act, or for coin of equal value, such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, at the discretion of the court.

"In God we trust" may be SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the brust" may be coins devices and legends upon the gold, silver, and other coins bereafter issued of the United States, it shall be lawful for the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause the motto "In God we trust" to be placed upon such coins hereafter to be issued as shall admit of such legend thereon.

One-cent and SEC. 6. And beit further enacted, That the one and two 2-cent coins to hereafter be a cent coin of the United States shall not be a legal tender legal tender only for any payment exceeding four cents in amount; and so for 4 cents. much of the laws of the United States heretofore enacted as are in conflict with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed.

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ACT OF MAY 16, 1866.

To authorize the coinage of five-cent pieces.

Vol. 14, p. 47.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, so Five-centpleces soon as practicable after the passage of this act, there shall to be coined of be coined at the Mint of the United States a five-cent piece nickel. composed of copper and nickel, in such proportions, not exceeding twenty-five per centum of nickel, as shall be determined by the Director of the Mint, the standard weight of Weight, shape, which shall be seventy-seven and sixteen hundredths grains, tion, etc. with no greater deviation than two grains to each piece; and the shape, mottoes and devices of said coin shall be determined by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury; and the laws now in force Laws relating relating to the coinage of cents, and providing for the pur-to coinage of cents, etc., to apchase of material, and prescribing the appropriate duties ply to this coin. of the officers of the Mint and the Secretary of the Treas-age. ury, be, and the same are hereby, extended to the coinage

herein provided for.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all laws now in Laws relating force relating to the coins of the United States, and the to this act so far striking and coinage of the same, shall, so far as applicable, as applicable. be extended to the coinage herein authorized, whether said laws are penal or otherwise, for the security of the coin, regulating and guarding the process of striking and coining, for preventing debasement or counterfeiting, or for any other purpose. And the Director of the Mint shall prescribe suitable regulations to insure a due conformity to to alloy. the required weights and proportions of alloy in the said coin, and shall order trials thereof to be made from time to time by the assayer of the Mint, whereof a report shall be made in writing to the Director.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That said coin shall be der to amount of a legal tender in any payment to the amount of one dollar. \$1.

And it shall be lawful to pay out such coins in exchange exchangeforlawfor the lawful currency in the United States, (except cents, ful currency, except cents, ful currency, except cents, ful currency, except cents, full currency, f for the lawful currency in the United States, (except cents, ful currency, exor half cents, or two-cent pieces, issued under former acts cept, etc.

Act of Apr. 2, of Congress,) in suitable sums, by the treasurer of the Mint, 1792, Vol. 1, p. and by such other depositaries as the Secretary of the Treas.

Act of Apr. 22, ury may designate, and under general regulations approved 1864, Vol. 13, p. by the Secretary of the Treasury.

And under the like reg.

May be exulations the same may be exchanged in suitable sums for changed for any lawful currency. any lawful currency of the United States, and the expenses any lawful currency of the United States, and the expenses incident to such exchange, distribution, and transmission change, distribution, and transmission change, distribution are perfectly be profits of said coinage; and the net tion, etc., to be profits of said coinage, as ascertained in the manner presult of the second section of the act entitled "An act coinage profits. Net seribed in the second section of the act entitled "An act coinage profits relating to foreign coins and the coinage of cents at the Treasury. Mint of the United States," approved February twenty-first, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, shall be transferred to the Treasury of the United States: Provided, That from No fractional and after the passage of this act no issues of fractional than 10 cents to notes of the United States shall be of a less denomination be issued, and of the United States shall be of a less denomination of the united States shall be of a less denomination of the united States shall be of a less denomination of the united States shall be of a less denomination of the united States shall be of a less denomination of the united States. than ten cents; and all such issues at that time, outstand-cancelled whon ing shall, when paid into the Treasury or any designated redeemed.

Trials and re-

Revised State depository of the United States, or redeemed or exchanged as now provided by law, be retained and cancelled.

Penalty for unauthorized mak-

utes, 5462.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, if any person or ing, etc., of such persons not lawfully authorized shall knowingly make, is-Revised Stat sue, or pass, or cause to be made, issued, or passed, or aid in the making, issuing, or passing of any coin, card, token, or device whatsoever, in metal or its compound, intended to pass or be passed as money for the coin authorized by this act, or for coin of equal value, such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, at the discretion of the court.

Coins herein than \$100.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful authorized may for the Treasurer and the several assistant treasurers of the sums of not less United States to redeem in national currency, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, the coin herein authorized to be issued when presented in sums of not less than one hundred dollars.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1871.

Vol. 16, p. 580.

To provide for the redemption of copper and other token coins.

\$20.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the All copper and Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required base-metal coin-age to be re- to redeem in lawful money, under such rules and reguladeemed in lawful tions as he may from time to time prescribe, all copper, of not less than bronze, copper-nickel, and base-metal coinage of every kind heretofore authorized by law, when presented in sums of not less than twenty dollars; and whenever under this authority these coins are presented for redemption in such Such coinage quantity as to show the amount outstanding to be redunsiabled or discondant, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to discontinued when tinue or diminish the manufacture and issue of such coinage standing is re-until otherwise ordered by him.

ACT OF FEBRUARY 12, 1873.

Vol. 17, p. 424. Revising and amending the laws relative to the mints, assay-offices, and coinage of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Mintestablish the Mint of the United States is hereby established as a ed as a Bureau of the Treasury Department, embracing in its mints and assay organization and under its control all mints for the manufacture of coin, and all assay-offices for the stamping of bars, which are now, or which may be hereafter, authorized

pointment, atterm of office.

Director: ap by law. The chief officer of the said Bureau shall be denom-ontment, and inated the Director of the Mint, and shall be under the general direction of the Secretary of the Treasury. shall be appointed by the President, by and with the

advice and consent of the Senate, and shall hold his office for the term of five years, unless sooner removed by the President, upon reasons to be communicated by him to the

SEC. 2. That the Director of the Mint shall have the general supervision of all mints and assay-offices, and shall make an annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury of Reports; their operations, at the close of each fiscal year, and from time to time such additional reports, setting forth the operations and condition of such institutions, as the Secretary of the Treasury shall require, and shall lay before him the annual estimates for their support. And the Secretary of Annual estithe Treasury shall appoint the number of clerks, classified Clerks, numaccording to law, necessary to discharge the duties of said ber and appointment. Bureau.

SEC. 3. That the officers of each mint shall be a superinmint, and their
tendent, an assayer, a melter and refiner, and a coiner, and, appointment.
for the mint at Philadelphia an engraver all to be appointed.
Revised Statfor the mint at Philadelphia, an engraver, all to be appointed utes, 3496. by the President of the United States, by and with the

advice and consent of the Senate.

advice and consent of the Senate.

SEC. 4. That the superintendent of each mint shall have Superintendent of each mint shall have Superintendence of the officers and powers; Revised Statement of the Supervision of the busi-Revised Statement of the Senate Statement of th persons employed therein, and the supervision of the busi-Revised utes, 3503. ness thereof, subject to the approval of the Director of the Mint, to whom he shall make reports at such times and Reports to be according to such forms as the Director of the Mint may pre- and contents. scribe, which shall exhibit in detail, and under appropriate heads, the deposits of bullion, the amount of gold, silver, and minor coinage, and the amount of unparted, standard, and refined bars issued, and such other statistics and information as may be required. The superintendent of each Safe-keeping of mint shall also receive and safely keep, until legally with-lion for use or drawn, all moneys or bullion which shall be for the use or expenses of Mint. Revised Statthe expenses of the mint. He shall receive all bullion utes 3506. brought to the mint for assay or coinage; shall be the ackeeping of keeper of all bullion or coin in the mint, except while the other bullion and same is legally in the hands of other officers; and shall ery of latter. deliver all coins struck at the mint to the persons to whom they shall be legally payable. From the report of the assayer and the weight of the bullion, he shall compute the value of deposits value of each deposit, and also the amount of the charges and charges or value of each deposit, and also the amount of the charges and charges or or deductions, if any, of all which he shall give a detailed deductions.

To give a memmemorandum to the depositor; and he shall also give at orandum to demonstrate of the not positor and a the same time, under his hand, a certificate of the net certificate of net amount of the deposit, to be paid in coins or bars of the same deposit, to be species of bullion as that deposited, the correctness of which assayer. certificate shall be verified by the assayer, who shall countersign the same; and in all cases of transfer of coin or bul- In transfers of lion, he shall give and receive vouchers, stating the amount and receive and character of such coin or bullion. He shall keep and vouchers.

Shall keep and render quarterly purpose of adjustment, according to such forms as may be rector, etc. prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, regular and faithful accounts of his transactions with the other officers of the mint and the depositors; and shall also render to him monthly state. a monthly statement of the ordinary expenses of the mint mentof expenses.

Powers;

ject to approval by him.

Shall appoint or assay office under his charge. He shall also appoint all clerks, etc. Assistants, clerks, (one of whom shall be designated "chief Clerka, etc., in Clerka, etc., in clerk, and workmen employed under his superintendence; office of assayer, but no person shall be appointed to employment in the offices finer, colner, or of the assayer, melter and refiner, coiner, or engraver, exempraver. cept on the recommendation and nomination in writing of Appointments those officers, respectively; and he shall forthwith report Director and sub- to the Director of the Mint the names of all persons appointed by him, the duties to be performed, the rate of compensation, the appropriation from which compensation is to be made, and the grounds of the appointment, and if the Director of the Mint shall disapprove the same, the appointment shall be vacated.

Assayer's duties. Revised utes, 3507.

SEC. 5. That the assayer shall assay all metals and bulstat lion, whenever such assays are required in the operations of the Mint; he shall also make assays of coin or samples of bullion whenever required by the superintendent.

Melter and refiner's duties. utes, 3508.

SEC. 6. That the melter and refiner shall execute all the Stat. operations which are necessary in order to form ingots of standard silver or gold, and alloys for minor coinage, suitable for the coiner, from the metals legally delivered to him for that purpose; and shall also execute all the operations which are necessary in order to form bars conformable in all respects to the law, from the gold and silver bullion delivered to him for that purpose. He shall keep a careful record of all transactions with the superintendent, noting the weight and character of the bullion; and shall be responsible for all bullion delivered to him until the same is returned to the superintendent and the proper vouchers obtained.

Coiner's duties.

Sec. 7. That the coiner shall execute all the operations which are necessary in order to form coins, conformable in all respects to the law, from the standard gold and silver ingots, and alloys for minor coinage, legally delivered to him for that purpose; and shall be responsible for all bullion delivered to him, until the same is returned to the superintendent and the proper vouchers obtained.

Engraver's duties.

paid.

SEC. 8. That the engraver shall prepare from the original dies already authorized all the working-dies required for use new in the coinage of the several mints, and, when new coins or when new in the comage of the soverer mine, and, the Director of coins or devices devices are authorized, shall, if required by the Director of shall prepare de the Mint, prepare the devices, models, molds, and matrices, vices, etc. Stat. or original dies, for the same; but the Director of the Mint shall nevertheless have power, with the approval of the Sec-Temporary ar retary of the Treasury, to engage temporarily for this purtists may be en pose the services of one or more artists distinguished in their respective departments of art, who shall be paid for such service from the contingent appropriation for the mint at Philadelphia.

If any officer is SEC. 9. That whenever any officer of a mint or assay-absent Superintendent may ap office shall be temporarily absent, on account of sickness or point person tem any other cause, it shall be lawful for the superintendent, Revised Stat with the consent of said officer, to appoint some person atutes, 3502. Such appoint tached to the mint to act in the place of such officer during ment to be re his absence; but all such appointments shall be forthwith ported to Direct reported to the Director of the Mint for his approval; and in all cases whatsoever the principal shall be responsible for Principal to be the acts of his representative. In case of the temporary Chief clerk to absence of the superintendent, the chief clerk shall act in act in absence of his place; and in case of the temporary absence of the Di- In temporary

rector of the Mint, the Secretary of the Treasury may designate some one to act in his place.

SEC. 10. That every officer, assistant, and clerk of the Oath of office of the Mint shall, before he enters upon the execution of his office, cers, assistant, take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United playees.

Sec. 10. That every officer, assistant, and clerk of the Oath of office, cers, assistants, take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United playees. States, or judge of the superior court, or of some court of Revised utes, 3500. record of any State, faithfully and diligently to perform the duties thereof, in addition to other official oaths prescribed by law; which oaths, duly certified, shall be transmitted to To be trans-the Secretary of the Treasury; and the superintendent of tary of Treasury. each mint may require such oath or affirmation from any

of the employees of the mint.

SEC. 11. That the superintendent, the assayer, the melter Bond of superintendent and and refiner, and the coiner of each mint, before entering other officers. upon the execution of their respective offices, shall become at the state of their respective offices, shall become at the state of the bound to the United States, with one or more sureties, approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in the sum of not less than ten nor more than fifty thousand dollars, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of the duties of his office. Similar bonds may be required of the Also bonds of assistants and clerks, in such sums as the superintendent assistants shall determine, with the approbation of the Director of the Mint; but the same shall not be construed to relieve the superintendent or other officers from liability to the United States for acts, omissions, or negligence of their subordinates or employees: Provided, That the Secretary of the Secretary of Treasury may, at his discretion, increase the bonds of the crease bond of superintendent.

SEC. 12. That there shall be allowed to the Director of the Mint an annual salary of four thousand five hundred rector: dollars, and actual necessary travelling expenses in visiting utes, 3498. the different mints and assay-offices, for which vouchers shall be rendered; to the superintendents of the mints at Salaries of su-Philadelphia and San Francisco, each four thousand five perintendents, hundred dollars; to the assayers, melters and refiners, and Salaries of ascoiners of said mints, each three thousand dollars; to the sayers, etc.; engraver of the mint at Philadelphia, three thousand dollars; to the superintendent of the mint at Carson City, three thousand dollars; and to the assayer, to the melter and refiner, and to the coiner of the mint at Carson City, each two thousand five hundred dollars; to the assistants and Salaries of accelerks such annual salary shall be allowed as the Director of and workmen; the Mint may determine, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury; and to the workmen shall be allowed such wages, to be determined by the superintendent, as may be customary and reasonable according to their respective stations and occupations, and approved by the Director of the Mint; and the salaries provided for in this section, payablemonthly. and the wages of the workmen permanently engaged, shall be payable in monthly instalments.

SEC. 13. That the standard for both gold and silver coins Standard of of the United States shall be such that of one thousand gold and silver

superintendent.

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Revised Stat parts by weight nine hundred shall be of pure metal and Character of al. one hundred of alloy; and the alloy of the silver coins shall be of copper, and the alloy of the gold coins shall be of copper, or of copper and silver; but the silver shall in no case exceed one-tenth of the whole alloy.

utes, 3585.

reduction weight by natural abrasion; utes, 3505.

ceived.

when to be recoined. ntes 3512.

Silver coins: Revised utes, 3513.

weight; Revised utes, 3586.

Minor coins, and their alloy; utes, 3515.

weight;

The gold coins; SEC. 14. That the gold coins of the United States shall See act Apr. 2, 1792, Vol. 1, p. be a one-dollar piece, which, at the standard weight of Act June 28 twenty-five and eight-tenths grains, shall be the unit of 1834, vol. 4, p. value; a quarter-eagle, or two-and-a-half dollar piece; a Gold dollar to three dollar piece; a half-eagle, or five-dollar piece; an be unit of value eagle, or ten-dollar piece; and a double-eagle, or twenty1837, Vol. 5, p. dollar piece. And the standard weight of the gold dollar Act Feb. 21 shall be twenty-five and eight-tenths grains; of the quarter-1853, vol. 10, p. eagle, or two-and-a-half dollar piece, sixty-four and a-half Revised Stat grains; of the three-dollar piece, seventy-seven and fourtenths grains; of the half-eagle, or five-dollar piece, one standard hundred and twenty-nine grains; of the eagle, or ten-dollar Act Mar. 3, 1849, piece, two hundred and fifty eight grains; of the double vol. 9, p. 397. eagle, or twenty-dollar piece, five hundred and sixteen to be legal tender to be legal tender grains; which coins shall be a legal tender in all payments Revised Stat at their nominal value when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance provided in this act for the single piece, and when reduced in weight, below said standard and tolerance, shall be a legal tender at valuation in proportion to their actual weight; and any gold coin of the in United States, if reduced in weight by natural abrasion not more than one half of one per centum below the stand-Stat ard weight prescribed by law, after a circulation of twenty years, as shown by its date of coinage, and at a ratable proportion for any period less than twenty years, shall be where to be re-received at their nominal value by the United States Treasury and its offices, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe for the protection of the Government against fraudulent abrasion of other Revised Stat practices; and any gold coins in the Treasury of the United States reduced in weight below this limit of abrasion shall be recoined.

SEC. 15. That the silver coins of the United States shall be a trade-dollar, a half-dollar, or fifty-cent piece, a quarterdollar, or twenty-five-cent piece, a dime, or ten-cent piece; Stat. and the weight of the trade-dollar shall be four hundred and twenty grains troy; the weight of the half dollar shall be twelve grams (grammes) and one-half of a gram, (gramme;) the quarter-dollar and the dime shall be, respectively, onehalf and one fifth of the weight of said half dollar; and said to be legal tender coins shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for any in all payments not exceeding five dollars in any one payment.

SEC. 16. That the minor coins of the United States shall Revised Stat be a five-cent piece, a three-cent piece, and a one-cent piece, and the alloy for the five and three-cent pieces shall be of copper and nickel, to be composed of three-fourths copper and one fourth nickel, and the alloy of the one-cent piece shall be ninety-five per centum of copper and five per centum of tin and zinc, in such proportions as shall be determined by the Director of the Mint. The weight of the piece of five cents shall be seventy-seven and sixteen-hundredths grains, troy; of the three-cent piece, thirty grains; and of to be legal tender grams, croy; of the three-cent piece, thirty grains; and of to be legal the one-cent piece, forty eight grains; which coins shall be Revised a legal tender, at their nominal value, for any amount not utes, 3587.

exceeding twenty-five cents in any one payment.

SEC. 17. That no coins, either of gold, silver, or minor No coins, excoinage, shall hereafter be issued from the mint other than ated in this act those of the denominations, standards, and weights herein shall be coined. set forth.

SEC. 18. That upon the coins of the United States there Bevices and legends: Upon one side Revised States there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an utes, 3517. inscription of the word "Liberty" and the year of the coinage, and upon the reverse shall be the figure or representation of an eagle, with the inscriptions "United States of America" and "E Pluribus Unum," and a designation of the value of the coin; but on the gold dollar and three dollar piece, the dime, five, three, and one cent piece the figure of the eagle shall be omitted; and on the reverse of the silver trade dollar the weight and the fineness of the coin shall be inscribed; and the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may cause the motto "In God we trust" to be inscribed upon such coins as shall admit of such motto; and any one of the foregoing inscriptions may be on the rim of the gold and silver

SEC. 19. That at the option of the owner, gold or silver bars may be cast may be cast into bars of fine metal, or of standard fineness, at option of ownor unparted, as he may prefer, with a stamp upon the same er. Revised Statdesignating the weight and fineness, and with such devices utes, 3515. impressed thereon as may be deemed expedient to prevent with weight and fraudulent imitation, and no such bars shall be issued of a fineness.

No bar to be of less weight than five ounces.

ss weight than five ounces.

SEC. 20. That any owner of gold bullion may deposit the Deposits of gold bullion for same at any mint, to be formed into coin or bars for his ben-coinage or bars efit; but it shall be lawful to refuse any deposit of less value ntes, 3519. than one hundred dollars, or any bullion so base as to be unsuitable for the operations of the mint; and when gold and has netal may
silver are combined, if either metal be in such small proportion that it cannot be separated advantageously, no allowto depositor for ance shall be made to the depositor for its value.

ance shall be made to the depositor for its value.

ance shall be made to the depositor for its value.

SEC. 21. That any owner of silver bullion may deposit the Deposits of silver bullion.

Same at any mint, to be formed into bars, or into dollars of Revised Stat. the weight of four hundred and twenty grains, troy, des-utes, 3520.

To be formed ignated in this act as trade-dollars, and no deposit of silver into bars or for other coinage shall be received; but silver bullion con-trade dollars tained in gold deposits, and separated therefrom, may be Silver bullion paid for in silver coin, at such valuation as may be, from contained in gold deposits to be time to time, established by the Director of the Mint. paid paid for in silver

SEC. 22. That when bullion is deposited in any of the coin. mints, it shall be weighed by the superintendent, and, when weighed when practicable, in the presence of the depositor, to whom a redeposited and receipt shall be given, which shall state the description and Revived Statweight of the bullion; but when the bullion is in such a mes, 3521.

Weight after state as to require melting, or the removal of base metals, base metals are before its value can be ascertained, the weight, after such removed to be true weights. operation, shall be considered as the true weight of the bul-

S. Rep. 831, pt. 4——4

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Fitness, and lion deposited. The fitness of the bullion to be received mode of melting to be determined by the assayer, and the mode of melting

by assayerormel by the melter and refiner. ter and refiner.

SEC. 23. That from every parcel of bullion deposited for Portion of each parcel of bullion coinage or bars, the superintendent shall deliver to the asassayer to be as sayer a sufficient portion for the purpose of being assayed, sayed.

Revised Stat. but all such bullion remaining from the operations of the utes, 3522. assay shall be returned to the superintendent by the as-

utes, 3523.

sayer.

Report of as-Sec. 24. That the assayer shall report to the superintend-Revised Stat ent the quality or fineness of the bullion assayed by him, and such information as will enable him to compute the amount of the charges hereinafter provided for, to be made

to the depositor.

Charges for conpreparation bars:

utes, 3524.

verting bullion into coin shall be one-fifth of one per centum; and into coin, and bullion into coin shall be one-fifth of one per centum; and the charges for converting standard silver into trade dollars, Revised Stat. for melting and refining when bullion is below standard, for toughening when metals are contained in it which render it unfit for coinage, for copper used for alloy when the bullion is above standard, for separating the gold and silver when these metals exist together in the bullion, and for the prep-To be fixed by aration of bars, shall be fixed, from time to time, by the

Sec. 25. That the charge for converting standard gold

Director.

Director, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treas-Not to exceed ury, so as to equal but not exceed, in their judgment, the the actual average cost to each mint and assay-office of the rial, labor, waste, material, labor, wastage, and use of machinery employed in each of the cases aforementioned.

Assayer to veri-

utes, 3525,

Purchase bullion for silver

Gain to be credited to silver-

other than trade \$100.

SEC. 26. That the assayer shall verify all calculations fy certain calculations and coun made by the superintendent of the value of deposits, and, certifi if satisfied of the correctness thereof, shall countersign the

Revised Stat-certificate required to be given by the superintendent to the depositor. Sec. 27. That in order to procure bullion for the silver

coinage authorized by this act, the superintendents, with the coinage. collage authorized by this acc, the highest approval of the Director of the Mint, as to price, terms, and quantity, shall purchase such bullion with the bullion fund. be The gain arising from the coinage of such silver bullion into profit fund, and coin of a nominal value exceeding the cost thereof shall be paid into the credited to a special fund denominated the silver-profit fund. paid into the credited to a special fund denominated the silver-profit fund. Treasury.

Said fund to be This fund shall be charged with the wastage incurred in the charged with silver coinage, and with the expense of distributing said.

Balance to be coins as hereinafter provided. The balance to the credit of deposited semically in this fund shall be from time to time, and at least twice a annually in this fund shall be from time to time, and at least twice a Treasury of the United States.

SEC. 28. That silver coins other than the trade dollar shall

dollars to be paid out at the several mints, and at the assay-office in in sum of not less New York City, in exchange for gold coins at par, in sums Revised Stat- not less than one hundred dollars; and it shall be lawful, tes, 3527. also, to transmit parcels of the same, from time to time, to Parcels of sil the assistant treasurers, depositaries, and other officers transmitted to of the United States, under general regulations proposed urers, etc. by the Director of the Mint, and approved by the Secretary Nothing shall of the Treasury; but nothing herein contained shall prevent of silver coins for the payment of silver coins, at their nominal value, for silver parted parted ver parted from gold, as provided in this act, or for change

less than one dollar in settlement for gold deposits: Providade, That for two years after the passage of this act, silver silver coins shall coins shall be paid at the mint in Philadelphia and the be paid for silver assay-office in New York City for silver bullion purchased for coinage. for coinage, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Director of the Mint, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 29. That for the purchase of metal for the minor Not exceeding to be coinage authorized by this act, a sum not exceeding fifty transferred to thousand dollars in lawful money of the United States shall credit of superbetransferred by the Secretary of the Transferred to credit intendent of Mint be transferred by the Secretary of the Treasury to the credit for purchase of metal for the of the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia, at which minor coinage.

Advised Statement and metal otherwise provided by law, such Revised Statement and metal for the minor coinage. establishment only, until otherwise provided by law, such Rovised utes, 3528. coinage shall be carried on. The superintendent, with the approval of the Director of the Mint as to price, terms, and be carried on quantity, shall purchase the metal required for such coinage phia. by public advertisement, and the lowest and best bid shall by public advertisement, and the lowest and best bid shall Metal to be purbe accepted, the fineness of the metals to be determined on chased at public the Mint assay. The gain arising from the coinage of such from lowest bid metals into coin of a nominal value, exceeding the cost der. thereof, shall be credited to the special fund denominated to be credit to the minor-coinage profit fund; and this fund shall be minor-coinage charged with the wastage incurred in such coinage, and profit fund wastage with the cost of distributing said coins as hereinafter pro- to said fund. vided. The balance remaining to the credit of this fund, Net profit to be and any balance of profits accrued from minor coinage under covered into semiformer acts, shall be, from time to time, and at least twice annually.

a year, covered into the Treasury of the United States. SEC. 30. That the minor coins authorized by this act may, tation for delivate the discretion of the Director of the Mint, be delivered ery or exchange in any of the principal cities and towns of the United States, of government. at the cost of the Mint, for transportation, and shall be exchangeable at par at the mint in Philadelphia, at the discre- utes, 3529. tion of the superintendent, for any other coins of copper, bronze, or copper-nickel heretofore authorized by law; and it shall be lawful for the Treasurer and the several assistant treasurers and depositaries of the United States to redeem, in lawful money, under such rules as may be pre-lawful money in scribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, all copper, bronze, sums of not less and copper-nickel coins authorized by law when presented than \$20. in sums of not less than twenty dollars; and whenever, under such coinage this authority, these coins are presented for redemption in the amount has such quantity as to show the amount outstanding to be re-become redundant. dundant, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and ant. required to direct that such coinage shall cease until otherwise ordered by him.

wise ordered by him.

SEC. 31. That parcels of bullion shall be, from time to Transferofbultime, transferred by the superintendent to the melter and and refining.

The state of these transfers poting the Revised States. refiner; a careful record of these transfers, noting the Revised weight and character of the bullion, shall be kept, and voucher weight and character of the bullion, shall be kept, and vouchers to be vouchers shall be taken for the delivery of the same, duly given by melter and refiner. receipted by the melter and refiner, and the bullion thus placed in the hands of the melter and refiner shall be sub-Bullion to be jected to the several processes which may be necessary to gots suitable for form it into ingots of the legal standard, and of a quality coinage. suitable for coinage.

Ingots to be as-SEC. 32. That the ingots so prepared shall be assayed; sayed and certificate given, and and if they prove to be within the limits allowed for deviatransfer made to tion from the standard, the assayer shall certify the fact coiner if within prescribed devi to the superintendent, who shall thereupon receipt for the ation.
Revised Stat. same, and transfer them to the coiner.

ntes, 3531 Limit of devia-

utes, 3533.

SEC. 33. That no ingots shall be used for coinage which tion from stand differ from the legal standard more than the following pro-Revised Stat portions, namely: In gold ingots, one-thousandth; in silver ingots, three-thousandths; in minor-coinage alloys, twenty-

five-thousandths, in the proportion of nickel.

Bars for pay. SEC. 34. That the melter and refiner shall prepare all prepared by melt- bars required for the payment of deposits; but the fineness er and refiner thereof shall be ascertained and stamped thereon by the cortained and assayer; and the melter and refiner shall deliver such bars stamped by as to the superintendent, who shall receipt for the same.

Revised Statutes, 3584.

Ingots for coin-

SEC. 35. That the superintendent shall, from time to time, age to be deliver deliver to the coiner ingots for the purpose of coinage; a Revised Stat- careful record of these transfers, noting the weight and vouchers to be character of the bullion, shall be kept, and vouchers shall given by coiner. be taken for the delivery of the same, duly receipted by the formed into coins coiner; and the ingots thus placed in the hands of the coiner shall be subjected to the several processes necessary to make from them coins in all respects conformable to law.

Limit of deviautes, 3535.

SEC. 36. That in adjusting the weights of the gold coins, tions in weights the following deviations shall not be exceeded in any single of gold coins.

Revised Stat- piece: In the double-eagle and the eagle, one-half of a grain: Stat- piece: In the double-eagle and the eagle, one-half of a grain; in the half-eagle, the three-dollar piece, the quarter-eagle, and the one-dollar piece, one-fourth of a grain. And in lowed when the coiner to the superintendent, and by the superintendent of pieces. ent to the depositor, the deviation from the coiner to the depositor. ent to the depositor, the deviation from the standard weight shall not exceed one hundredth of an ounce in five thousand dollars in double-eagles, eagles, half-eagles, or quartereagles, in one thousand three-dollar pieces, and in one thou-

sand one-dollar pieces.

Deviation

utes, 3536. of pieces.

SEC. 37. That in adjusting the weight of the silver coins lowed in weight the following deviations shall not be exceeded in any single Revised Stat- piece: In the dollar, the half and quarter dollar, and in the Deviations aldime, one and one-half grains; and in weighing large numlowed in weight bers of pieces together, when delivered by the coiner to the superintendent, and by the superintendent to the depositor, the deviations from the standard weight shall not exceed two-hundredths of an ounce in one thousand dollars, halfdollars, or quarter-dollars, and one-hundredth of an ounce in one thousand dimes.

Deviation alutes, 3537.

SEC. 38. That in adjusting the weight of the minor coins owed in weight provided by this act, there shall be no greater deviation Revised Stat allowed than three grains for the five-cent piece and two grains for the three and one cent pieces.

Coiner to deutes, 3538.

SEC. 39. That the coiner shall, from time to time, as coins liver coins to su- are prepared, deliver them to the superintendent, who shall Perintendent. Revised Stat receipt for the same, and who shall keep a careful record of their kind, number, and actual weight; and in receiving coins it shall be the duty of the superintendent to ascertain, Coins to be test-by the trial of a number of single pieces separately, whether is actory to be detthe coins of that delivery are within the legal limits of the faced and delivery are within the legal limits of the real to melter and the legal limits of the faced and delivery are within the legal limits of th standard weight; and if his trials for this purpose shall not refiner for recoinprove satisfactory, he shall cause all the coins of such de-age. livery to be weighed separately, and such as are not of legal weight shall be defaced and delivered to the melter and refiner as standard bullion, to be again formed into ingots and recoined; or the whole delivery may, if more convenient, be remelted.

SEC. 40. That at every delivery of coins made by the selection of coiner to a superintendent, it shall be the duty of such su-delivery of coins perintendent, in the presence of the assayer, to take indis-bythe coiner to a superintendent, criminately a certain number of pieces of each variety for Revised Statthe annual trial of coins, the number for gold coins being utos, 3539. not less than one piece for each one thousand pieces or any fractional part of one thousand pieces delivered; and for silver coins one piece for each two thousand pieces or any fractional part of two thousand pieces delivered. The pieces Trial coins shall so taken shall be carefully sealed up in an envelope, prop-deposited in a erly labeled, stating the date of the delivery, the number pyx. and denomination of the pieces inclosed, and the amount of the delivery from which they were taken. These sealed parcels containing the reserved pieces shall be deposited in

a pyx, designated for the purpose at each mint, which shall be kept under the joint care of the superintendent and as joint care of susayer, and be so secured that neither can have access to its the assayer, and

contents without the presence of the other, and the reserved transmitted quarterly to Philpieces in their sealed envelopes from the coinage of each adelphia Mint. mint shall be transmitted quarterly to the mint at Philadelphia. A record shall also be kept at the same time of the Record to be number and denomination of the pieces so taken for the kept and transmunual trial of coins, and of the number and denomination to Director of

of the pieces represented by them and so delivered, a copy Mint. of which record shall be transmitted quarterly to the Director of the Mint. Other pieces may, at any time, be taken Other pieces may be taken for may be taken for for such tests as the Director of the Mint shall prescribe.

SEC. 41. That the coiner shall, from time to time, deliver

Clippings of to the superintendent the clippings and other portions of livered to super-

bullion remaining after the process of coining; and the intendent and superintendent shall receipt for the same and keep a care-Revised Stat-

ful record of their weight and character.

SEC. 42. That the superintendent shall debit the coiner Coiner to be with the amount in weight of standard metal of all the bul- charged with all standard bullion placed in his hands, and credit him with the amount in lion delivered weight of all the coins, clippings, and other bullion returned with coins, clipby him to the superintendent. Once at least in every year, pings and bullion and at such time as the Director of the Mint shall appoint, Revised Statand at such time as the Director of the Mint shall appoint, Revised there shall be an accurate and full settlement of the accounts uses, 3541. of the coiner, and the melter and refiner, at which time the coinerand melter said officers shall deliver up to the superintendent all the and refiner to be fully settled at coins, clippings, and other bullion in their possession re-least once leach spectively, accompanied by statements of all the bullion year. delivered to them since the last annual settlement, and all the bullion returned by them during the same period, in-

cluding the amount returned for the purpose of settlement.

Superintendent

SEC. 43. That when all the coins, clippings, and other accounts, etc., of bullion have been delivered to the superintendent, it shall the coiner and be his duty to examine the accounts and statements rendered by the coiner and the melter and refiner, and the dif-Revised Stat ference between the amount charged and credited to each what amount officer shall be allowed as necessary wastage, if the superallowable as nec. intendent shall be satisfied that there has been a bona-fide essary wastage. intendent shall be satisfied that there has been a bona-fide waste of the precious metals, and if the amount shall not exceed, in the case of the melter and refiner, one thousandth of the whole amount of gold, and one and one-half thousandth of the whole amount of silver delivered to him since the last annual settlement, and in the case of the coiner, one thousandth of the whole amount of silver, and one-half thousandth of the whole amount of gold that has been All copper used delivered to him by the superintendent; and all copper tely charged to used in the alloy of gold and silver bullion shall be sepamelter and re-rately charged to the melter and refiner, and accounted for

in alloys separa-

by him.

Sec. 44. That it shall also be the duty of the superin-Balance sheet to be forwarded tendent to forward a correct statement of his balance sheet, of the Mint for at the close of such settlement, to the Director of the Mint, Comparison.

Revised Stat. who shall compare the total amount of gold and silver bullion and coin on hand with the total liabilities of the mint.

Expense account, and the moneys therein, shall also be made by

to superinten the superintendent. SEC. 45. That when the coins or bars which are the equiv-

or inconvenient to do so.

Payment of

coins or bars to alent to any deposit of bullion are ready for delivery, they depositors.

Revised Stat. shall be paid to the depositor, or his order, by the superintendent; and the payments shall be made, if demanded, in In order of de condent, and the payments shall be made, if demanded, in posits if demand, the order in which the bullion shall have been brought to the mint; but in cases where there is delay in manipulating a refractory deposit, or for any other unavoidable cause, the payment of subsequent deposits, the value of which is Denominations known, shall not be delayed thereby; and in the denomiof coin to be as nations of coin delivered, the superintendent shall comply

with the wishes of the depositor, except when impracticable

itor.

Unparted bul-

Revised utes, 3546.

for parting bullion.

SEC. 46. That unparted bullion may be exchanged at any lion may be ex of the mints for fine bars, on such terms and conditions as changed for fine may be prescribed by the Director of the Mint, with the may be prescribed by the Director of the Mint, with the Stat approval of the Secretary of the Treasury; and the fineness, weight, and value of the bullion received and given in exchange shall in all cases be determined by the mint assay. Charge to de The charge to the depositor for refining or parting shall not exceed that allowed and deducted for the same opera-

tion in the exchange of unrefined for refined bullion. Secretary of the SEC. 47. That for the purpose of enabling the mints and Treasury to the assay-office in New York to make returns to depositors or bullion to with as little delay as possible, it shall be the duty of the make speedy results as into delay as possible, it shall be the duty of the turns to depos. Secretary of the Treasury to keep in the said mints and itors of bullion. assay office, when the state of the Treasury will admit thereof, such an amount of public money, or bullion procured for the purpose, as he shall judge convenient and necessary, out of which those who bring bullion to the said mints and assay office may be paid the value thereof, in

utes, 3545.

coin or bars, as soon as practicable after the value has been ascertained; and on payment thereof being made, the bullion so deposited shall become the property of the United States: but the Secretary of the Treasury may at any time Fund may be withdraw the fund, or any portion thereof.

SEC. 48. That to secure a due conformity in the gold and silver coins to their respective standards of fineness and weight of coins weight, the judge of the district court of the United States annually. for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, the Comptroller of utes, 3547.

Stat-

the Currency, the assayer of the assay-office at New York, and such other persons as the President shall, from time to time, designate, shall meet as assay-commissioners, at the when and where; mint in Philadelphia, to examine and test, in the presence of the Director of the Mint, the fineness and weight of the coins reserved by the several mints for this purpose, on the second Wednesday in February, annually, and may continue their meetings by adjournment, if necessary; if a if a majority not majority of the commissioners shall fail to attend at any present meeting time appointed for the meeting, the Director of the Mint some other time. shall call a meeting of the commissioners at such other time as he may deem convenient; and if it shall appear by such as he may deem convenient; and if it shall appear by such Test to be re-examination and test that these coins do not differ from the factory if deviastandard fineness and weight by a greater quantity than is tion notine allowed by law, the trial shall be considered and reported ance. as satisfactory; but if any greater deviation from the legal standard or weight shall appear, this fact shall be certified Iftest is not satto the President of the United States; and if, on a view of isfactory, fact to the circumstances of the case, he shall so decide, the officer officers in error or officers implicated in the error shall be thenceforward fied.

disqualified from holding their respective offices. SEC. 49. That for the purpose of securing a due conform- Standard troy ity in weight of the coins of the United States to the pro pound of the visions of this act, the brass troy-pound weight procured by United States the minister of the United States at London, in the year utes, 3548. eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, for the use of the Mint, and now in the custody of the mint at Philadelphia, shall

be the standard troy pound of the Mint of the United

States, conformably to which the coinage thereof shall be regulated.

SEC. 50. That it shall be the duty of the Director of the standard Mint to procure for each mint and assay-office, to be kept weights of each mint and assay safely thereat, a series of standard weights corresponding office; to the aforesaid troy pound, consisting of a one pound weight utes, 3549. and the requisite subdivisions and multiples thereof, from the hundredth part of a grain to twenty-five pounds; and the troy weights ordinarily employed in the transactions of such mints and assay offices shall be regulated according to be regulated to the above standards at least once in every year, under and tested annually. the inspection of the superintendent and assayer; and the accuracy of those used at the mint at Philadelphia shall be tested annually, in the presence of the assay-commissioners, at the time of the annual examination and test of coins.

SEC. 51. That the obverse working dies at each mint ing dies at each shall, at the end of each calendar year, be defaced and de-mint to be stroyed by the coiner in the presence of the superintendent endar year, and assayer.

Revised Statand assayer.

utes, 3550.

struck.

utes, 3551.

Receipts from

appointment.

utes, 3553.

bullion.

utes, 3555.

Salaries of asutes, 3556, 3557.

regulated.

SEC. 52. That dies of a national character may be exetional character, and medals, cuted by the engraver, and national and other medals struck where may be by the coiner of the mint at Philadelphia, under such regulations as the superintendent, with the approval of the Di-Not to inter-rector of the Mint, may prescribe: Provided, That such fere with regular work shall not interfere with the regular coinage operations, one. and that no private medal dies shall be prepared at said Revised stat mint, or the machinery or apparatus thereof be used for

that purpose.

SEC. 53. That the moneys arising from all charges and charges and deductions, etc., to deductions on and from gold and silver bullion and the be covered into manufacture of medals, and from all other sources, except the Treasury: Revised State as hereinbefore provided, shall, from time to time, be covand notexpended ered into the Treasury of the United States, and no part of for salaries, etc. such deductions or medal charges, or profit on silver or minor coinage, shall be expended in salaries or wages; but Expenditures all expenditures of the mints and assay offices, not herein from appropria otherwise provided for, shall be paid from appropriations tions made on made by law on estimates furnished by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Officers of as SEC. 54. That the officers of the United States assay-office say-office at New York shall be a superintendent, an assayer, and a melter and refiner, who shall be appointed by the President, Business of the by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Revised Stat business of said assay-office shall be in all respects similar to that of the mints, except that bars only, and not coin, shall be manufactured therein; and no metals shall be pur-Disposition of chased for minor coinage. All bullion intended by the depositor to be converted into coins of the United States, and silver bullion purchased for coinage, when assayed, parted, and refined, and its net value certified, shall be transferred to the mint at Philadelphia, under such directions as shall Expenses con be made by the Secretary of the Treasury, at the expense nected therewith of the contingent fund of the Mint, and shall be therecoined, ent fund. and the proceeds returned to the assay office. And the Secaccounts to beau retary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to make the thorized by Secre necessary arrangements for the adjustment of the accounts tary of Treasury upon such transfers between the respective offices.

SEC. 55. That the duties of the superintendent, assayer, superintendent and melter and refiner of said office shall correspond to of each assay: those of superintendents, assayers, and melters and refiners Revised Stat of mints; and all parts of this act relating to mints and their officers, the duties and responsibilities of such officers, and others employed therein, the oath to be taken, and the Character of bonds and sureties to be given by them, (as far as the same bonds to be given may be applicable,) shall extend to the assay-office at New York, and to its officers, assistants, clerks, workmen, and others employed therein.

SEC. 56. That there shall be allowed to the officers of the say officers.
Revised Stat. assay-office at New York City the following salaries per annum: to the superintendent four thousand five hundred dollars; to the assayer, and to the melter and refiner, each, three thousand dollars; and the salaries of assistants and Manner of ap-clerks, and wages to workmen, and their manner of appointpointment, how ment, shull be determined and regulated as bearing directed. ment, shall be determined and regulated as herein directed in regard to mints.

SEC. 57. That the business at the branch mint at Denver, Business of as-while conducted as an assay-office, and of the assay-office Denver, Boisé at Boise City, Idaho, and all other assay-offices hereafter to City, and else where limited to be established, shall be confined to the receipt of gold and melting, assaysilver bullion, for melting and assaying, to be returned to ing, and stamp-depositors of the same, in bars, with the weight and fine. Revised Statness stamped thereon; and the officers of assay-offices, when 3560, 3550, 3550, their services are necessary, shall consist of an assayer, who shall have charge thereof, and a melter, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate: and the assayer may employ as many clerks, workmen, and laborers, under the direction of the Director of the Mint, as may be provided for by law. The salaries of Officers of such said officers shall not exceed the sum of two thousand five their salaries; hundred dollars to the assayer and melter, one thousand eight hundred dollars each to the clerks, and the workmen and laborers shall receive such wages as are customary according to their respective stations and occupations.

SEC. 58. That each officer and clerk to be appointed at character of their such assay-offices, before entering upon the execution of his July 2. 1862. office, shall take an oath or affirmation before some judge of the United States, or of the Supreme Court, as prescribed by the act of July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and each become bound to the United States of America, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the Director of the Mint or of one of the judges of the supreme court of the State or Territory in which the same may be located, and of the Secretary of the Treasury, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of their offices; and the Assayers to be said assayers shall discharge the duties of disbursing agents agents. for the payment of the expenses of their respective assay-

SEC. 59. That the general direction of the business of Director of the assay-offices of the United States shall be under the control general direction and regulation of the Director of the Mint, subject to the ces and prescribe approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury; and for that regulations, restricted in the secretary of the Treasury; and for that regulations, restricted in the secretary of the Treasury; and for that regulations, restricted in the secretary of the Treasury; and for that regulations, restricted in the secretary of the se purpose it shall be the duty of the said Director to prescribe turns charges. such regulations and to require such returns periodically and occasionally, and to establish such charges for melting, parting, assaying, and stamping bullion as shall appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of carrying into effect the

intention of this act. SEC. 60. That all the provisions of this act for the regulation of the mints of the United States, and for the government of the officers and persons employed therein, and made applicable to assay-offices. for the punishment of all offenses connected with the mints Revised States or coinage of the United States, shall be, and they are utes, 5457. hereby declared to be, in full force in relation to the assayoffices, as far as the same may be applicable thereto.

SEC. 61. That if any person or persons shall falsely make, Penalty for counterfeiting, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, etc., any coin or forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely bare, in similimaking, forging, or counterfeiting, any coin or bars in re
Revised Statsemblance or similitude of the gold or silver coins or bars, utes, 2562. which have been, or hereafter may be, coined or stamped at the mints and assay-offices of the United States, or in

resemblance or similitude of any foreign gold or silver coin which by law is, or hereafter may be made, current in the United States, or are in actual use and circulation as money within the United States, or shall pass, utter, publish, or sell, or attempt to pass, utter, publish, or sell, or bring Penalty for into the United States from any foreign place, or have ing in possession in his possession, any such false, forged, or counterfeited or uttering etc. coin or bars, knowing the same to be false, forged, or such counter guilty of felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, and by imprisonment and confinement at hard labor not exceeding ten years, according to the aggravation of the

offense.

Penalty for SEC. 62. That if any person or persons shall falsely make, etc., minor coin forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, age, or uttering forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely such false coins.

Revised State making, forging, or counterfeiting, any coin in the resem-State making, forging, or counterfeiting, any coin in the resemblance or similitude of any of the minor coinage which has been, or hereafter may be, coined at the mints of the United States; or shall pass, utter, publish, or sell, or bring into the United States from any foreign place, or have in his possession, any such false, forged, or counterfeited coin, with intent to defraud any body politic or corporation, or any person or persons whatsoever, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and by imprisonment and confinement at hard labor not exceeding three years.

Penalty for SEC. 63. That if any person shall fraudulently, by any fraudulently impairing etc., gold art, way, or means whatsoever, deface, mutilate, impair,

utes, 5459.

or silver current diminish, falsify, scale, or lighten the gold or silver coins Revised Stat which have been, or which shall hereafter be, coined at the mints of the United States, or any foreign gold or silver coins which are by law made current, or are in actual use and circulation as money within the United States, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be imprisoned not exceeding two years, and fined not exceeding two thousand dollars.

SEC. 64. That if any of the gold or silver coins which

SEC. 63. That if any person shall fraudulently, by any

Penalty for fraudulently debasing the gold shall be struck or coined at any of the mints of the United

weights, etc.

or silver coins of States shall be debased, or made worse as to the proportion of fine gold or fine silver therein contained; or shall be of less weight or value than the same ought to be, pursuant defacing to the several acts relative thereto; or if any of the weights used at any of the mints or assay-offices of the United States shall be defaced, increased, or diminished through the fault or connivance of any of the officers or persons who

shall be employed at the said mints or assay offices, with a Penalty for em fraudulent intent; and if any of the said officers or persons or coins, medals, shall embezzle any of the metals which shall at any time be committed to their charge for the purpose of being coined, or any of the coins which shall be struck or coined at the said mints, or any medals, coins, or other moneys of said mints or assay-offices at any time committed to their charge, or of which they may have assumed the charge, every such officer or person who shall commit any or either of the said offenses shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall be imprisoned at hard labor for a term not less than one year nor more than ten years, and shall be fined in a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

SEC. 65. That this act shall take effect on the first day of when act to April, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, when the offices take effect.

Office of treasof the treasurer of the mints in Philadelphia, San Francisco, urer at, etc., va-and New Orleans shall be vacated, and the assistant treasurer cated. at New York shall cease to perform the duties of treasurer of the assay office. The other officers and employees of the Other officers, mints and assay offices now appointed shall continue to hold give bonds, etc., their respective offices, they having first given the neces. Revised Stattheir respective offices, they having first given the necesntes, 3497. sary bonds, until further appointments may be required, the Director of the Mint at Philadelphia being styled and acting as superintendent thereof. The duties of the treasurers shall ents to act as devolve as herein provided upon the superintendents, and treasurers. said treasurers shall act only as assistant treasurers of the act only as assist-United States: Provided, That the salaries heretofore paid ant treasurers.

Salaries not to to the treasurers of the mints at Philadelphia, San Fran- be diminished. cisco, and New Orleans, acting as assistant treasurers, shall hereafter be paid to them as "assistant treasurers of the United States," and that the salary of the assistant treasurer at New York shall not be diminished by the vacation of his office as treasurer of the assay-office.

SEC. 66. That the different mints and assay-offices author-Names of the ized by this act shall be known as "the mint of the United and assay-offices. States at Philadelphia." "the mint of the United States at Prized States at Philadelphia." States at Philadelphia," "the mint of the United States at Revised utes, 3495. San Francisco," "the mint of the United States at Carson," "the mint of the United States at Denver," "the United States assay office at New York," and "the United States assay office at Boise City, Idaho," "the United States assayoffice at Charlotte, North Carolina;" and all unexpended Disposition of appropriations heretofore authorized by law for the use of propriations. the mint of the United States at Philadelphia, the branchmint of the United States in California, the branch-mint of the United States at Denver, the United States assay office in New York, the United States assay-office at Charlotte, North Carlonia, and the United States assay office at Boise City, Idaho, are hereby authorized to be transferred for the account and use of the institutions established and located respectively at the places designated by this act.

SEC. 67. That this act shall be known as the "Coinage known as "Coin act of eighteen hundred and seventy-three;" and all other age act of 1873." acts and parts of acts pertaining to the mints, assay-offices, and coinage of the United States inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed: *Provided*, That this Otheracts, etc., act shall not be construed to affect any act done, right ac repealed; such crued, or penalty incurred, under former acts, but every such feet acts done, right is hereby sayed: and all suits and prosecutions for etc. right is hereby saved; and all suits and prosecutions for occ. acts already done in violation of any former act or acts of Congress relating to the subjects embraced in this act may be begun or proceeded with in like manner as if this act had not been passed; and all penal clauses and provisions in existing laws relating to the subjects embraced in this act shall be deemed applicable thereto: And provided further,



Repeal of part That so much of the first section of "An act making appro-of act of July 15, printions for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy one, and for other purposes," approved July fifteen, eighteen hundred and seventy, as provides that until after the completion and occupation of the branch-mint building in San Francisco, it shall be lawful to exchange, at any mint or branch-mint of the United States, unrefined or unparted bullion, whenever, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, it can be done with advantage to the Government, is hereby repealed.

ACT OF MARCH 3. 1873.

Vol. 17, p. 602. To establish the custom-house value of the sovereign or pound sterling of Great Britain, and to fix the par of exchange.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the value of for value of foreign coin as expressed in the money of account eign coin in of the United States shall be that of the pure metal of such United States of the United States shall be that of the pure metal of such United States and the values of the standard money of ac coin of standard value; and the values of the standard count, to be see coins in simulation of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world shall be estimated annually by the Director of the Mint, and be proclaimed on the first day of January by the Secretary of the Treasury.

timated, etc.

orpound aterling whether made here or in foreign countries, where it becomes to be equal to whether made here or in foreign countries, where it becomes to be equal to be equa necessary to compute the value of the sovereign or pound sterling, it shall be deemed equal to four dollars eighty-six cents and six and one half mills, and the same rule shall be applied in appraising merchandise imported where the value is, by the invoice, in sovereigns or pounds sterling, and in the construction of contracts payable in sovereigns

This valuation or pounds sterling; and this valuation shall be the par of to be par of ex exchange between Great Britain and the United States; Contracts after and all contracts made after the first day of January,

be void.

Jan. 1. 1874, upon eighteen hundred and seventy-four, based on an assumed par of exchange with Great Britain of fifty-four pence to the dollar, or four dollars forty-four and four-ninths cents to the sovereign or pound sterling, shall be null and void.

SEC. 3. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with Repealing clause. these provisions be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

ACT OF JANUARY 29, 1874.

Vol. 18, p. 6. Authorizing coinage to be executed at the mints of the United States for foreign countries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it foreign coinage shall be lawful for coinage to be executed at the mints of at United States the United States, for any foreign countries applying for the same, according to the legally prescribed standards and devices of such country, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; and the charge for the same shall be equal to the expense thereof, including labor, materials, and use of machinery, to be fixed by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That the manufacture of such coin Not to intershall not interfere with the required coinage of the United tic coinage. States.

ACT OF JUNE 22, 1874.

Provisions of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to coinage.

SEC. 254. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to Revised Statreceive deposits of gold coin and bullion with the Treasurer at the posits of or any assistant treasurer of the United States, in sums not gold. Mar. 3. 1863, less than twenty dollars, and to issue certificates therefor, Mar. 3. 1863, in denominations of not less than twenty dollars, each, cor. 711. responding with the denominations of the United States notes. The coin and bullion deposited for or representing the certificates of deposit shall be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the same on demand. And certificates representing coin in the Treasury may be issued in payment of interest on the public debt, which certificates, together with those issued for coin and bullion deposited, shall not at any time exceed twenty per centum beyond the amount of coin and bullion in the Treasury; and the certificates for coin and bullion in the Treasury shall be received at par in payment for duties on imports.

SEC. 3473. All duties on imports shall be paid in gold and silver coin only, [or coin certificates], or in demand Treasury notes, issued under the authority of the acts of July or defect to the seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, chapter five; whatcurrency to and February twelve, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, chapter five; whatcurrency to the ter twenty; and all taxes and all other debts and demands brackets insertation duties on imports, accruing or becoming due to the 27, 1877, 197, United States, shall be paid in gold and silver coin, Treasury notes, United States notes, or notes of national banks; 18, Vol. 19, P. 64. and upon every such payment credit shall be given for the sec. 6, Vol. 11, p. amount of principal and interest due on any Treasury note 258.

[or notes] not received in payment on the day when the same sec. 1, Vol. 12, p. are received.

sec. 5, Vol. 12, p. 313; Feb. 12, 1862, Vol. 12, p. 338; Feb. 25, 1862, secs. 1, 5, Vol. 12, pp. 345, 346; July 11, 1862, secs. 1, Vol. 12, p. 532; March 3, 1863, secs. 3, 54, Vol. 12, pp. 710, 711; June 3, 1864, sec. 23, Vol. 13, p. 106; June 30, 1864, sec. 2, p. 13, p. 218.

Amanded and part repealed by act Feb. 27, 1877, Vol. 19, p. 249.

SEC. 3474. No gold or silver other than coin of standard utee, p. 889. Share the United States, shall be receivable in pay-ceivable. Ment coin rement of dues to the United States, except as provided in Aug. 31, 1852, section twenty-three hundred and sixty-six, Title "Public 97, 98.

Feb. 21, 1857, Lands," and in section thirty secs. 2, 8, Vol. 11, Title "Coinage, Weights, and Measures." 1857, Lands," and in section thirty-five hundred and sixty-seven,

Revised Stat-utes, p. 693. SEC. 3495. The different mints and assay-offices shall be Enumeration known as

of mints and assay-offices. Feb. 12. 1873, sec. 66, Vol. 17, p.

Assay-office at Helena estab-lished by act May 12, 1874, Vol.18, p. 45.

First. The mint of the United States at Philadelphia. Second. The mint of the United States at San Francisco. Third. The mint of the United States at New Orleans. Fourth. The mint of the United States at Carson.

Fifth. The mint of the United States at Denver. Sixth. The United States assay-office at New York. Seventh. The United States assay office at Boise City, Idaho.

Eighth. The United States assay-office at Charlotte, North Carolina.

Revised Statsec. 3, Vol. 17, p. and, for the mint at Philadelphia, an engraver; all to be SEC. 3496. The officers of each mint shall be a superinappointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Superintendents of the mints of section of certain mints to perform phia, San Francisco, and New Orleans shall be, and perform duties of treas the duties of, treasurers of said mints respectively.

Salaries of officers of the several mints shall be ensured of the several mints shall be ensured to the several mints of the several mints of

First. The superintendents of the mints at Philadelphia and San Francisco, to four thousand five hundred dollars a year each.

Second. The assayers, melters and refiners, and the coiners to those mints, to three thousand dollars a year each.

Third. The engraver of the mint at Philadelphia, to three thousand dollars a year.

Fourth. The superintendent of the mint at Carson City

to three thousand dollars a year. Fifth. The assayer, the melter and refiner, and the coiner of the mint at Carson City, to two thousand five hundred

dollars a year each.

Salaries of assistants, clerks, and laborers em clerks of the several mints such annual salaries as the ployed in mints. Director of the Mint may, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, determine, and to the workmen employed therein such wages as may be customary and reasonable according to their respective stations and occupations, to be determined by the superintendent, and approved by the Director of the Mint. The salaries provided for in this and the preceding section, and the wages of workmen permanently engaged, shall be payable in monthly installments.

Oath of office

SEC. 3500. Every officer, assistant, and clerk appointed of officers, assistants, and clerks. for any mint shall, before he enters upon the execution of his office, take an oath before some judge of the United States, or judge of some court of record of the State in which such mint is located, faithfully and diligently to perform the duties thereof; in addition to other official oaths prescribed by law, such oath, duly certified, shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury. The superintendent of each mint may require such oath from any of the employés of the mint.

SEC. 3501. The superintendent, the assayer, the melter Bonds of offi-and refiner, and the coiner of each mint, before entering and clerks. upon the execution of their respective offices, shall become bound to the United States, with one or more surcties, approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in the sum of not less than ten nor more than fifty thousand dollars, with condition for the faithful and diligent performance of the duties of his office. Similar bonds may be required of the assistants and clerks, in such sums as the superintendent shall determine, with the approbation of the Director of the Mint: but the same shall not be construed to relieve the superintendent or other officers from liability to the United States for acts, omissions, or negligence of their subordinates or employés; and the Secretary of the Treasury may, at his discretion, increase the bonds of the superintendents.

SEC. 3502. Whenever any officer of a mint or assay-office Who to act in shall be temporarily absent, on account of sickness or any rector, superinother cause, it shall be lawful for the superintendent, with tendent, or other the consent of such officer to appoint some person attached officer. the consent of such officer, to appoint some person attached to the mint to act in the place of such officer during his absence; but all such appointments shall be forthwith reported to the Director of the Mint for his approval; and in all cases whatsoever the principal shall be responsible for the acts of his representative. In case of the temporary absence of the superintendent, the chief clerk shall act in his place; in case of the temporary absence of the Director of the Mint the Secretary of the Treasury may designate some one to act in his place.

SEC. 3503. The superintendent of each mint shall have Revised Statthe control thereof, the superintendence of the officers and General duties persons employed therein, and the supervision of the busi- of superintendness thereof, subject to the approval of the Director of the Mint. He shall make reports to the N He shall make reports to the Director of the Mint at such times and according to such forms as the Director may prescribe; which shall exhibit in detail, and under appropriate heads, the deposits of bullion, the amount of gold, silver, and minor coinage, and the amount of unparted, standard, and refined bars issued, and such other statistics and information as may be required.

SEC. 3504. He shall keep and render, quarter-yearly, to the Director of the Mint, for the purpose of adjustment according to such forms as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, regular and faithful accounts of his transactions with the other officers of the Mint and the depositors; and shall also render to him a monthly statement of the ordinary expenses of the mint or assay office under his charge. He shall also appoint all assistants, clerks, one of whom shall be designated "chief clerk," and workmen employed under his superintendence; but no person shall be appointed to employment in the office of the assayer, melter and refiner, coiner, or engraver, except on the recommendation and nomination in writing of those officers, respectively. He shall forthwith report to the Director of Mint the names of all persons appointed by him, the duties to

be performed, the rate of compensation, the appropriation from which compensation is to be made, and the grounds of the appointment; and if the Director of the Mint shall disapprove the same, the appointment shall be vacated.

Coins reduced Treasury.

SEC. 3505. Any gold coins of the United States, if reabrasion more duced in weight by natural abrasion not more than one-than one-than one half abrasion be half of one percentum below the standard weight prescribed received at nome by law, after a circulation of twenty years, as shown by the inal value at United States date of coinage, and at a ratable proportion for any period less than twenty years, shall be received at their nominal value by the United States Treasury and its offices, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe for the protection of the Government against fraudulent abrasion or other practices.

Duties of superintendents in and bullion.

SEC. 3506. The superintendent of each mint shall receive to com and safely keep, until legally withdrawn, all moneys or bullion which shall be for the use or the expenses of the He shall receive all bullion brought to the mint for assay or coinage; shall be the keeper of all bullion or coin in the mint, except while the same is legally in the hands of other officers; and shall deliver all coins struck at the mint to the persons to whom they shall be legally payable. From the report of the assayer and the weight of the bul lion, he shall compute the valve of each deposit, and also the amount of the charges or deductions, if any, of all which he shall give a detailed memorandum to the depositor; and he shall also give at the same time, under his hand, a certificate of the net amount of the deposit, to be paid in coins or bars of the same species of bullion as that deposited. the correctness of which certificate shall be verified by the assayer, who shall countersign the same, and in all cases of transfer of coin or bullion, shall give and receive vouchers, stating the amount and character of such coin or bullion.

Duties of as-Savers.

SEC. 3507. The assayer shall assay all metals and bullion, whenever such assays are required in the operations of the mint; and shall make assays of coin or samples of bullion

whenever required by the superintendent.

Duties of melt. ers and refiners.

SEC. 3508. The melter and refiner shall execute all the operations which are necessary in order to form ingots of standard silver or gold, and alloys for minor coinage, suitable for the coiner, from the metals legally delivered to him for that purpose; and shall also execute all the operations which are necessary in order to form bars comformable in all respects to the law, from the gold and silver bullion delivered to him for that purpose. He shall keep a careful record of all transactions with the superintendent, noting the weight and character of the bullion, and shall be responsible for all bullion delivered to him until the same is returned to the superintendent and the proper vouchers obtained.

Revised Stat-

SEC. 3509. The coiner shall execute all the operations utes, p. 696.

Duties of coin Which are necessary in order to form coins, conformable in all respects to the law, from the standard gold and silver ingots, and alloys for minor coinage, legally delivered to him for that purpose; and shall be responsible for all

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bullion delivered to him, until the same is returned to the

superintendent and the proper vouchers obtained.

SEC. 3510. The engraver shall prepare from the original dies already authorized all the working-dies required for gravers. use in the coinage of the several mints, and, when new coins or devices are authorized, shall, if required by the Director of the Mint, prepare the devices, models, molds, and matrices, or original dies, for the same; but the Director of the Mint shall nevertheless have power, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to engage temporarily for this purpose the services of one or more artists, distinguished in their respective departments of art, who shall be paid for such service from the contingent appropriation for the mint at Philadelphia.

SEC. 3511. The gold coins of the United States shall be a Gold coins of one dollar piece, which, at the standard weight of twenty and their weight.

five and eight-tenths grains, shall be the unit of value; a quarter eagle, or two and a half dollar piece; a three dollar piece; a half-eagle, or five dollar piece; an eagle, or ten-dollar piece; and a double eagle, or twenty-dollar piece. the standard weight of the gold dollar shall be twenty-five and eight tenths grains; of the quarter-eagle, or two and a half dollar piece, sixty-four and a half grains; of the threedollar piece, seventy-seven and four-tenths grains; of the half-eagle, or five-dollar piece, one hundred and twenty-nine grains; of the eagle, or ten-dollar piece, two hundred and fifty-eight grains; of the double-eagle, or twenty-dollar piece, five hundred and sixteen grains.

SEC. 3512. Any gold coins in the Treasury of the United Recoinage

States, when reduced in weight by natural abrasion more gold coins. than one-half of one per centum below the standard weight

prescribed by law, shall be recoined.

SEC. 3513. The silver coins of the United States shall be Silver coins and a trade dollar, a half-dollar, or fifty-cent piece, a quarter-their weight. dollar, or twenty-five cent piece, a dime, or ten-cent piece; and the weight of the trade-dollar shall be four hundred and twenty grains troy; the weight of the half-dollar shall be twelve grams and one half of a gram; the quarter dollar and the dime shall be, respectively, one-half and one-fifth of the weight of said half dollar.

SEC. 3514. The standard for both gold and silver coins of Standard for the United States shall be such that of one thousand parts coins. by weight nine hundred shall be of pure metal and one hundred of alloy. The alloy of the silver coins shall be of copper. The alloy of the gold coins shall be of copper, or of copper and silver; but the silver shall in no case exceed one tenth of the whole alloy.

SEC. 3515. The minor coins of the United States shall be Minor coins a five-cent piece, a three-cent piece, and a one-cent piece alloy. The alloy for the five and three cent pieces shall be of copper and nickel, to be composed of three-fourths copper and one fourth nickel. The alloy of the one-cent piece shall be ninety-five per centum of copper and five per centum of tin and zinc, in such proportions as shall be determined by the Director of the Mint. The weight of the piece of five cents shall be seventy-seven and sixteen-hundredths grains troy;

S. Rep. 831, pt. 4——5

Duties of en.

of the three-cent piece, thirty grains; and of the one-cent piece, forty eight grains.

Issue of other coins prohibited. count, see act this Title.

SEC. 3516. No coins, either of gold, silver, or minor coin-As to coinage age, shall hereafter be issued from the Mint other than those foreign ac of the denominations, standards, and weights set forth in

Revised State utes, p. 697. Inscriptions upon coins.

SEC. 3517. Upon the coins there shall be the following devices and legends: Upon one side there shall be an impression emblematic of liberty, with an inscription of the word "Liberty" and the year of the coinage, and upon the reverse shall be the figure or representation of an eagle, with the inscriptions "United States of America" and "E Pluribus Unum," and the designation of the value of the coin; but on the gold dollar and three-dollar piece, the dime, five, three, and one cent piece, the figure of the eagle shall be omitted; and on the reverse of the silver trade-dollar the weight and the fineness of the coin shall be inscribed.

Gold and silver bars.

SEC. 3518. At the option of the owner gold or silver may be cast into bars of fine metal, or of standard fineness, or unparted, as he may prefer, with a stamp upon the same designating the weight and fineness, and with such devices impressed thereon as may be deemed expedient to prevent fraudulent imitation, and no such bars shall be issued of a less weight than five ounces.

Coining gold

Sec. 3519. Any owner of gold bullion may deposit the bullion; when de same at any mint, to be formed into coin or bars for his It shall be lawful, however, to refuse any deposit of less value than one hundred dollars, or any bullion so base as to be unsuitable for the operations of the Mint. case where gold and silver are combined, if either metal be in such small proportion that it cannot be separated advantageously, no allowance shall be made to the depositor for its value.

Silver bullion

SEC. 3520. Any owner of silver bullion may deposit the may be received same at any mint, to be formed into bars, or into dollars of for forming into same at any mint, to be formed and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy, designars or trade dol- the weight of four hundred and twenty grains troy and the four hundred and the four hun nated in this Title as trade-dollars, and no deposit of silver for other coinage shall be received. Silver bullion contained in gold deposits, and separated therefrom, may, however, be paid for in silver coin, at such valuations as may be, from time to time, established by the Director of the Mint.

Weighing bul-

SEC. 3521. When bullion is deposited in any of the mints, lion and ascertaining its value, it shall be weighed by the superintendent, and when practicable, in the presence of the depositor, to whom a receipt shall be given, which shall state the description and weight of the bullion. When, however, the bullion is in such a state as to require melting, or the removal of base metals, before its value can be ascertained, the weight, after such operation, shall be considered as the true weight of the bullion deposited. The fitness of the bullion to be received shall be determined by the assayer, and the mode of melting by the melter and refiner.

Assay of bullion.

SEC. 3522. From every parcel of bullion deposited for coinage of bars, the superintendent shall deliver to the assayer a sufficient portion for the purpose of being

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assayed. The bullion remaining from the operations of the assay shall be returned to the superintendent by the

assayer.

SEC. 3523. The assayer shall report to the superintendent Assayer to rethe quality or fineness of the bullion assayed by him, and port to superintendent quality such information as will enable him to compute the amount of bullion assets. of the charges hereinafter provided for, to be made to the sayed.

depositor.

SEC. 3524. The charge for converting standard gold bul- Charges lion into coin shall be one-fifth of one per centum. The converting the lion, etc., charges for converting standard silver into trade-dollars for coin. melting and refining when bullion is below standard, for toughening when metals are contained in it which render it unfit for coinage, for copper used for alloy when the bullion is above standard, for separating the gold and silver when these metals exist together in the bullion, and for the preparation of bars, shall be fixed, from time to time, by the Director, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, so as to equal but not exceed, in their judgment, the actual average cost to each mint and assay office of the material, labor, wastage, and use of machinery employed in each of the cases aforementioned.

SEC. 3525. The assayer shall verify all calculations made Revised Stat-by the superintendent of the value of deposits, and, if sat-Assayer to verify calculations is field of the correctness thereof, shall countersign the cer-of of the value of detificate required to be given by the superintendent to the posits and countersign certifications of the superintendent of the posits and countersign certifications.

depositor.

SEC. 3526. In order to procure bullion for the silver coin-Purchase of age authorized by this title, the superintendents, with the coinage; the silapproval of the Director of the Mint, as to price, terms, and ver-profit fund. quantity, shall purchase such bullion with the bullion-fund. The gain arising from the coinage of such silver bullion into coin of a nominal value exceeding the cost thereof shall be credited to a special fund denominated the silver-profit fund. This fund shall be charged with the wastage incurred in the silver coinage, and with the expense of distributing such silver coins as hereinafter provided. The balance to the credit of this fund shall be from time to time, and at least twice a year, paid into the Treasury of the United States.

SEC 3527. Silver coins other than the trade-dollar shall Paying out silbe paid out at the several mints, and at the assay-office in ver coins for gold New York City, in exchange for gold coins at par, in sums not less than one hundred dollars. It shall be lawful, also, to transmit parcels of the same, from time to time, to the assistant treasurers, depositaries, and other officers of the United States, under general regulations proposed by the Director of the Mint, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury. Nothing herein contained shall, however, prevent the payment of silver coins, at their nominal value, for silver parted from gold, as provided in this Title, or for change less than one dollar in settlement for gold deposits. But for two years after the twelfth day of February, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, silver coins shall be paid at the mint in Philadelphia, and the assay-office in New York City for silver bullion purchased for coinage, under

cates.



such regulations as may be prescribed by the Director of the Mint and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Purchase of

SEC. 3524. For the purchase of metal for the minor coinmetal for minor age authorized by this Title, a sum not exceeding fifty thounor-coinage prof. sand dollars in lawful money of the United States shall be transferred by the Secretary of the Treasury to the credit of the superintendent of the mint at Philadelphia, at which establishment only, until otherwise provided by law, such coinage shall be carried on. The superintendent, with the approval of the Director of the Mint as to price, terms, and quantity, shall purchase the metal required for such coinage by public advertisement, and the lowest and best bid shall be accepted, the fineness of the metals to be determined on the mint assay. The gain arising from the coinage of such metals into coin of a nominal value, exceeding the cost thereof, shall be credited to the special fund denominated the minor-coinage profit fund; and this fund shall be charged with the wastage incurred in such coinage, and with the cost of distributing said coins as hereinafter provided. The balance remaining to the credit of this fund, and any balance of profits accrued from minor coinage under former acts, shall be, from time to time, and at least twice a year, covered into the Treasury.

Delivery of minor coins: redemption.

SEC. 3529. The minor coins authorized by this Title may, at the discretion of the Director of the Mint, be delivered in any of the principal cities and towns of the United States, at the cost of the Mint, for transportation, and shall be exchangeable at par at the mint in Philadelphia, at the discretion of the superintendent, for any other coin of copper, bronze, or copper-nickel heretofore authorized by law. shall be lawful for the Treasurer and the several assistant treasurers and depositaries of the United States to redeem, in lawful money, under such rules as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, all copper, bronze, and copper-nickel coins authorized by law when presented in sums of not less than twenty dollars. Whenever, under this authority, these coins are presented for redemption in such quantity as to show the amount outstanding to be redundant, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and required to direct that such coinage shall cease until otherwise ordered by him.

Revised Stat-

SEC. 3530. Parcels of bullion shall be, from time to time, utes, p. 669.

Transfer of transferred by the superintendent to the melter and refiner. bullion for for. A careful record of these transfers, noting the weight and mation into in. character of the bullion, shall be kept, and vouchers shall be taken for the delivery of the same, duly receipted by the melter and refiner. The bullion thus placed in the hands of the melter and refiner shall be subjected to the several processes which may be necessary to form it into ingots of the legal standard, and of a quality suitable for coinage.

Ingots to be assayed and receipted for.

SEC. 3531. The ingots so prepared shall be assayed. they prove to be within the limits allowed for deviation from the standard, the assayer shall certify the fact to the superintendent, who shall thereupon receipt for the same, and transfer them to the coiner.

SEC. 3532. The superintendent shall, from time to time, Delivery of indeliver to the coiner ingots for the purpose of coinage. A coinage. careful record of these transfers, noting the weight and character of the bullion shall be kept, and vouchers shall be taken for the delivery of the same, duly receipted by the The ingots thus placed in the hands of the coiner shall be subjected to the several processes necessary to make from them coins in all respects conformable to law.

SEC. 3533. No ingots shall be used for coinage which dif- standards of fer from the legal standard more than the following propor- coinage. tions, namely: In gold ingots, one thousandth; in silver ingots, three thousandths; in minor coinage alloys, twenty-

five thousandths, in the proportion of nickel.

SEC. 3534. The melter and refiner shall prepare all bars Preparation and required for the payment of deposits; but the fineness for payment of thereof shall be ascertained and stamped thereon by the deposits. assayer. The melter and refiner shall deliver such bars to the superintendent, who shall receipt for the same.

SEC. 3535. In adjusting the weights of the gold coins, the Deviations allowing deviations shall not be exceeded in any single ing weights of following deviations shall not be exceeded in any single ing weigh piece: In the double eagle and the eagle, one-half of a gold coins. grain; in the half-eagle, the three-dollar piece, the quartereagle, and the one-dollar piece, one-fourth of a grain. And in weighing a number of pieces together, when delivered by the coiner to the superintendent, and by the superintendent to the depositor, the deviation from the standard weight shall not exceed one hundredth of an ounce in five thousand dollars in double-eagles, eagles, half-eagles, or quartereagles, in one thousand three-dollar pieces, and in one thousand one dollar pieces.

SEC. 3536. In adjusting the weight of the silver coins the following deviations shall not be exceeded in any single piece: In the dollar, the half and quarter dollar, and in the dime, one and one-half grains. And in weighing [a] large [The word "a" number of pieces together, when delivered by the coiner to inserted infourth the superintendent, and by the superintendent to the depos- "weighing," by the superintendent to the depos- "weight to the superintendent to the superintendent to the sup itor, the deviations from the standard weight shall not ex-1877, vol. 19, p. ceed two-hundredths of an ounce in one thousand dollars, 249.] half-dollars, or quarter-dollars, and one-hundredth of an ounce in one thousand dimes.

SEC. 3537. In adjusting the weight of the minor coins Of minor coins. provided by this Title, there shall be no greater deviation allowed than three grains for the five-cent piece and two grains for the three and one cent pieces.

SEC. 3538. The coiner shall, from time to time, as coins Delivery of are prepared, deliver them to the superintendent, who shall and trial of receipt for the same, and who shall keep a careful record of pieces their kind, number, and actual weight. In receiving coins it shall be the duty of the superintendent to ascertain, by the trial of a number of single pieces separately, whether the coins of that delivery are within the legal limits of the standard weight; and if his trials for this purpose shall not prove satisfactory, he shall cause all the coins of such delivery to be weighed separately, and such as are not of legal weight shall be defaced and delivered to the melter

Of silver coins.



and refiner as standard bullion, to be again formed into ingots and recoined; or the whole delivery may, if more

convenient, be remelted.

Trial pieces to phia.

SEC. 3539. At every delivery of coins made by the coiner transmitted to a superintendent, it shall be the duty of such superintendquarterly to the ent, in the presence of the assayer, to take indiscriminately a certain number of pieces of each variety for the annual trial of coins, the number for gold coins being not less than one piece for each one thousand pieces or any fractional part of one thousand pieces delivered; and for silver coins one piece for each two thousand pieces or any fractional part of two thousand pieces delivered. The pieces so taken shall be carefully sealed up in an envelope, properly labeled, stating the date of the delivery, the number and denomination of the pieces inclosed, and the amount of the delivery from which These sealed parcels containing the rethey were taken. served pieces shall be deposited in a pyx, designated for the purpose at each mint, which shall be kept under the joint care of the superintendent and assayer, and be so secured that neither can have access to its contents without the presence of the other, and the reserved pieces in their sealed envelopes from the coinage of each mint shall be transmitted quarterly to the mint at Philadelphia. A record shall also be kept at the same time of the number and denomination of the pieces so taken for the annual trial of coins, and of the number and denominations of the pieces represented by them and so delivered, a copy of which record shall be transmitted quarterly to the Director of the Mint. Other pieces may, at any time, be taken for such tests as the Director of the Mint shall prescribe.

Revised Statpings, etc.

SEC. 3540. The coiner shall, from time to time, deliver to utes, p. 700.

Disposal of clip the superintendent the clippings and other portions of bullion remaining after the process of coining; and the superintendent shall receipt for the same and keep a careful record of their weight and character.

Yearly settle-ment of accounts

SEC. 3541. The superintendent shall debit the coiner with ment of accounts of the amount in weight of standard metal of all the bullion melter and re-placed in his hands, and credit him with the amount in finer. weight of all the coins, clippings, and other bullion returned by him to the superintendent. Once at least in every year, and at such time as the Director of the Mint shall appoint, there shall be an accurate and full settlement of the accounts of the coiner, and the melter and refiner, at which time those officers shall deliver up to the superintendent all the coins, clippings, and other bullion in their possession, respectively, accompanied by statements of all the bullion delivered to them since the last annual settlement, and all the bullion returned by them during the same period, including the amount returned for the purpose of settlement.

Allowance for wastage.

SEC. 3542. When all the coins, clippings, and other bullion have been delivered to the superintendent, it shall be his duty to examine the accounts and statements rendered by the coiner and the melter and refiner. The difference between the amount charged and credited to each officer shall be allowed as necessary wastage, if the superintendent shall be satisfied that there has been a bona-fide waste of the precious metals, and if the amount shall not exceed, in the case of the melter and refiner, one thousandth of the whole amount of gold, and one and one-half thousandths of the whole amount of silver delivered to him since the last annual settlement, and in the case of the coiner, one-thousandth of the whole amount of silver, and one-half thousandth of the whole amount of gold that has been delivered to him by the superintendent. All copper used in the alloy of gold and silver bullion shall be separately charged to the melter and refiner, and accounted for by him.

SEC. 3543. It shall also be the cluty of the superintendent Statement of balance-sheet to to forward a correct statement of his balance-sheet, at the beforwarded by close of such settlement, to the Director of the Mint; who superintendent to Director of the shall compare the total amount of gold and silver bullion Mint. and coin on hand with the total liabilities of the mint. At the same time a statement of the ordinary expense account. and the moneys therein, shall also be made by the superin-

tendent.

SEC. 3544. When the coins or bars which are the equivery of alent to any deposit of bullion are ready for delivery, they depositor. shall be paid to the depositor, or his order, by the superintendent; and the payments shall be made, if demanded, in the order in which the bullion shall have been brought to In cases, however, where there is delay in manipulating a refractory deposit, or for any other unavoidable cause, the payment of subsequent deposits, the value of which is known, shall not be delayed thereby. In the denominations of coin delivered, the superintendent shall comply with the wishes of the depositor, except when impracticable or inconvenient to do so.

SEC. 3545. For the purpose of enabling the mints and Revised Statthe assay-office in New York to make returns to depositors Payment in with as little delay as possible, it shall be the duty of the money to depositions of the Transparent to keep in such mints and assay, accretical Secretary of the Treasury to keep in such mints and assay-ascertained. office, when the state of the Treasury will admit thereof, such an amount of public money, or bullion procured for the purpose, as he shall judge convenient and necessary, out of which those who bring bullion to the said mints and assay office may be paid the value thereof, in coin or bars, as soon as practicable after the value has been ascertained. On payment thereof being made, the bullion so deposited shall become the property of the United States. Secretary of the Treasury may, however, at any time withdraw the fund, or any portion thereof.

SEC. 3546. Unparted bullion may be exchanged at any Exchange of the mints for fine bars, on such terms and conditions as for fine bars. may be prescribed by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The fineness, weight, and value of the bullion received and given in exchange shall in all cases be determined by the Mint assay. The charge to the depositor for refining or parting shall not exceed that allowed and deducted for the same operation in the exchange of unrefined for refined bullion.

SEC. 3547. To secure a due conformity in the gold and Appointment silver coins to their respective standards of fineness and analycommisweight, the judge of the district court for the eastern sioners.

district of Pennsylvania, the Comptroller of the Currency, the assayer of the assay-office at New York, and such other persons as the President shall, from time to time, designate, shall meet as assay-commissioners, at the mint in Philadelphia, to examine and test, in the presence of the Director of the Mint, the fineness and weight of the coins reserved by the several mints for this purpose, on the second Wednesday in February, annually, and may continue their meeting by adjournment, if necessary. If a majority of the commissioners fail to attend at any time appointed for their meeting, the Director of the Mint shall call a meeting of the commissioners at such other time as he may deem convenient. If it appears by such examination and test that these coins do not differ from the standard fineness and weight by a greater quantity than is allowed by law, the trial shall be considered and reported as satisfactory. If, however, any greater deviation from the legal standard or weight appears, this fact shall be certified to the President; and if, on a view of the circumstances of the case, he shall so decide, the officers implicated in the error shall be thenceforward disqualified from holding their respective offices.

Standard troy

SEC. 3548. For the purpose of securing a due conformity pound for the regulation of in weight of the coins of the United States to the provicionage.

sions of this Title the bress troy pound weight provided by sions of this Title, the brass troy-pound weight procured by the minister of the United States at London, in the year eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, for the use of the Mint, and now in the custody of the mint in Philadelphia, shall be the standard troy pound of the Mint of the United States, conformably to which the coinage thereof shall be regulated.

Standard weights for offices.

SEC. 3549. It shall be the duty of the Director of the Mint weights for mints and assay office, to be kept safely thereat, a series of standard weights corresponding to the standard troy pound of the Mint of the United States, consisting of a one-pound weight and the requisite subdivisions and multiples thereof, from the hundredth part of a grain to twenty-five pounds. The troy weight ordinarily employed in the transaction of such mints and assay offices shall be regulated according to the above standards at least once in every year, under the inspection of the superintendent and assayer; and the accuracy of those used at the mint at Philadelphia shall be tested annually, in the presence of the assay commissioners, at the time of the annual examination and test of coins.

Yearly destruction of obverse

SEC. 3550. The obverse working dies at each mint shall, working at the end of each calendar year, be defaced and destroyed by the coiner in the presence of the superintendent and assayer.

Revised Stat-utes, p. 702. National and

SEC. 3551. Dies of a national character may be executed and by the engraver, and national and other medals struck by other medals may the coiner of the mint at Philadelphia, under such regubestruck at mint the approval of the superintendent, with the approval of the Director of the Mint, may prescribe. Such work shall not, however, interfere with the regular coinage operations, and no private medal dies shall be prepared at any mint, or

the machinery or apparatus thereof be used for that pur-

SEC. 3552. The moneys arising from all charges and defrom charges and ductions on and from gold and silver bullion and the manudeductions to be facture of medals, and from all other sources, except as pro-covered into the vided by this Title, shall, from time to time, be covered into the Treasury, and no part of such deductions or metal charges, or profit on silver or minor coinage, shall be expended in salaries or wages. All expenditures of the mints and assay offices, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be paid from appropriations made by law on estimates furnished by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 3553. The business of the United States assay office Business of asat New York shall be in all respects similar to that of the York. mints, except that bars only, and not coin, shall be manufactured therein; and no metals shall be purchased for minor All bullion intended by the depositor to be converted into coins, of the United States, and silver bullion purchased for coinage, when assayed, parted, and refined, and its net value certified, shall be transferred to the mint at Philadelphia, under such directions as shall be made by the Secretary of the Treasury, at the expense of the contingent fund of the Mint, and shall be there coined, and the proceeds returned to the assay-office. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to make the necessary arrangements for the adjustment of the accounts upon such transfers between the respective offices.

SEC. 3554. The officers of the assay-office at New York Appointment of shall be a superintendent, an assayer, and a melter and York. refiner; each of whom shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

SEC. 3555. The duties of the superintendent, the assayer, Duties, etc., of and the melter and refiner of the assay office at New York York. shall correspond to those of superintendents, assayers, and melters and refiners of mints; and all the provisions of this Title relating to mints and their officers, the duties and responsibilities of such officers, and others employed therein, the oaths to be taken, and the bonds and sureties to be given by them, shall extend, as far as the same may be applicable, to the assay-office at New York, and to its officers, clerks, and employés.

SEC. 3556. The officers of the assay-office at New York Salaries of offishall be entitled to the following salaries:

cers at New York.

First. The superintendent, to four thousand five hundred dollars a year.

Second. The assayer, to three thousand dollars a year.

Third. The melter and refiner, to three thousand dollars, and salaries of SEC. 3557. The appointment and compensation of assist-assistants and ants, clerks, and workmen in the assay office at New York employes at New Shall be regulated in the assay office at New York. shall be regulated in the same manner as is prescribed in regard to mints.

SEC. 3558. The business of the mint of the United States Business of Denver at Denver, while conducted as an assay-office, that of the and assay-offices United States assay-office at Boise City, and that of any charlotte. other assay-offices hereafter established, shall be confined to the receipt of gold and silver bullion, for melting and

assaying, to be returned to depositors of the same, in bars, with the weight and fineness stamped thereon.

Appointment of officers at Denand Charlotte.

Sec. 3559. The officers of the assay offices embraced by City, the preceding section shall be, when their respective services are required, an assayer and a melter; each of whom shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Their salaries shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars a year each.

Powers and duties of assayers at assay offices.

SEC. 3500. The assayer at each of the assay-offices embraced by section thirty-five hundred and fifty-eight, shall have general charge of the office; and may employ, under the direction of the Director of the Mint, such clerks, workmen, and laborers as may be authorized therefor by law; and shall discharge the duties of disbursing agent for the Compensation expenses of the office under his charge. The salaries paid to clerks shall not exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars a year each. Workmen and laborers shall receive such wages as are customary according to their respective stations and occupations.

of employés.

officer clerk.

Revised State Sec. 3561. Each officer and clerk appointed at either of Bond and oath the assay-offices embraced by section thirty-five hundred and fifty eight shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take an oath pursuant to the provisions of Title XIX, "PROVISIONS APPLYING [APPLICABLE] TO SEVERAL CLASSES OF OFFICERS," and shall give a bond to the United States, with one or more sureties, satisfactory to the Director of the Mint or to one of the judges of the supreme court of the State or Territory in which the office to which he is appointed is located, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties. [See §§ 1756, 1757.]

relat-Laws ing to mints ex-5460.]

SEC. 3562. All provisions of law for the regulation of tended to assay mints, the government of officers and persons employed ISee Revised therein, and for the punishment of all offenses connected Statutes, sec. with mints or coinage, shall extend to all assay offices as far as applicable.

Decimal system established.

SEC. 3563. The money of account of the United States Apr. 2. 1702, sec. shall be expressed in dollars or units, dimes or tenths, cents, 0, Vol. 1, p. 246. or hundredths, and mills on the content of the United States or hundredths, and mills or thousandths, a dime being the tenth part of a dollar, a cent the hundredth part of a dollar, a mill the thousandth part of a dollar; and all accounts in the public offices and all proceedings in the courts shall be kept and had in conformity to this regulation.

Value of foreign coins, how ascertained. p. 602.

SEC. 3564. The value of foreign coin as expressed in the money of account of the United States shall be that of the mar. 3, 1873, ch. pure metal of such coin of standard value; and the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world shall be estimated annually by the Director of the Mint, and be proclaimed on the first day of January by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Value of the

SEC. 3565. In all payments by or to the Treasury, whether sovereign or made here or in foreign countries, where it becomes necespound sterling. sary to compute the value of the sovereign or pound sterling, it shall be deemed equal to four dollars eighty-six cents and six and one half mills, and the same rule shall be applied in appraising merchandise imported where the value is, by the invoice, in sovereigns or pounds sterling, and in the construction of contracts payable in sovereigns or pounds sterling; and this valuation shall be the par of exchange between Great Britain and the United States; and all contracts made after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, based on an assumed par of exchange with Great Britain of fifty-four pence to the dollar, or four dollars forty-four and four-ninths cents to the sovereign or pound sterling, shall be null and void.

SEC. 3566. All foreign gold and silver coins received in Recoinage of payment for moneys due to the United States shall, before Feb. 9, 1793, sec. being issued in circulation, be coined anew. Feb. 21. 1857, sec. 2, Vol. 11, p. 163.

SEC. 3567. The pieces commonly known as the quarter, Spanish and eighth, and sixteenth of the Spanish pillar dollar, and of the Mexican coins. Mexican dollar, shall be receivable at the Treasury of the sec. 1, Vol. 11, p. Third States and its several offices and at the several 163. United States, and its several offices, and at the several post offices and land offices, at the rates of valuation following: the fourth of a dollar, or piece of two reals, at twenty cents; the eighth of a dollar, or piece of one real, at ten cents; and the sixteenth of a dollar, or half-real, at

Sec. 3568. The Director of the Mint, with the approval of sion for recointhe Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe such regula-age. Feb. 21, 1857, tions as are necessary and proper, to secure the transmission sec. 2. of the coins mentioned in the preceding section to the mint for recoinage, and the * [re]turn or distribution of the proceeds thereof, when deemed expedient, and may prescribe such forms of account as are apprepriate and applicable to the circumstances. The expenses incident to such transmission or distribution, and of recoinage, shall be charged against the account of silver profit and loss, and the net profits, if any, shall be paid, from time to time, into the Treasury.

SEC. 3584. No foreign gold or silver coins shall be a legal tree. p. 708. nder in payment of debts.

Revised Stat
Feb. 21, 1857, sec. 3, Vol. 11, p. 163. tender in payment of debts.

SEC. 3585. The gold coins of the United States shall be a Gold coins of legal tender in all payments at their nominal value when states. not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance pro- Feb. 12, 1873, yided by law for the single piece and when reduced in sec. 14, Vol. 17, vided by law for the single piece, and, when reduced in p. 426. weight below such standard and tolerance, shall be a legal tender at valuation in proportion to their actual weight.

SEC. 3586. The silver coins of the United States shall be Silver coins of a legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not states. exceeding five dollars in any one payment.

SEC. 3587. The minor coins of the United States shall be Minor coins. a legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not

exceeding twenty-five cents in any one payment.

SEC. 3700. The Secretary of the Treasury may purchase Revised utes, p. 731. coin with any of the bonds or notes of the United States, authorized by law, at such rates and upon such terms as he coin.

Mar. 17, 1862,
may deem most advantageous to the public interest.

Sec. 1, Vol. 12, p.
370.

Revised State Purchase of

^{*} See act of February 21, 1857, ch. 56, sec. 2,

SEC. 5457. Every person who falsely makes, forges, or counterfeiting counterfeits, or causes, or procures to be falsely made, gold or silver forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aids, or assists in Feb. 12. 1873, falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting any coin or bars sec. 61, Vol. 17. p. in resemblance or similitude of the gold or silver coins or bars which have been, or hereafter may be, coined or stamped at the mints and assay offices of the United States, or in resemblance or similitude of any foreign gold or silver coin which by law is, or hereafter may be made, current in the United States, or are in actual use and circulation as money within the United States, or who passes, utters.

publishes, or sells, or attempts to pass, utter, publish, or sell, or bring into the United States from any foreign place, or has in his possession, any such false, forged, or counterfeited coin or bars, knowing the same to be false, forged, or counterfeited shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars and by imprisonment at hard labor not more than ten years.

Counterfeiting

SEC. 5458. Every person who falsely makes, forges, or minor coins. Feb. 12. 1873, counterfeits, or causes, or procures to be falsely made, sec. 12. 1873, counterfeited, or willingly aids, or assists in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any coin in the resemblance or similitude of any of the minor coinage which has been, or hereafter may be, coined at the mints of the United States; or who passes, utters, publishes, or sells, or brings into the United States from any foreign place, or has in his possession, any such false, forged, or counterfeited coin, with intent to defraud any person whatsoever, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars and by imprisonment at hard labor not more than three years.

Mutilating coinage.

SEC. 5459. Every person who fraudulently, by any art, way, or means, defaces, mutilates, impairs, diminishes, falsifles, scales, or lightens the gold and silver coins which have been, or which may hereafter be, coined at the mints of the United States, or any foreign gold or silver coins which are by law made current or are in actual use and circulation as money within the United States, shall be imprisoned not more than two years and fined not more than two thousand dollars.

Debasement of mint.

SEC. 5460. If any of the gold or silver coins struck or coinage, etc., by officers of the coined at any of the mints of the United States shall be debased, or made worse as to the proportion of fine gold or fine silver therein contained; or shall be of less weight or value than the same ought to be, pursuant to law; or if any of the weights used at any of the mints or assay offices of the United States shall be defaced, increased, or diminished through the fault or connivance of any of the officers or persons who are employed at the said mints or assay offices, with a fraudulent intent; and if any of the said officers or persons shall embezzle any of the metals at any time committed to their charge for the purpose of being coined, or any of the coins struck or coined at the said mints, or any medals, coins, or other moneys of said mints or assay offices at any time committed to their charge, or of which they may have assumed the charge, every such officer or person

who commits any or either of the said offenses shall be imprisoned at hard labor for a term not less than one year nor more than ten years, and shall be fined in a sum not more than ten thousand dollars.

more than ten thousand donars.

SEC. 5461. Every person who, except as authorized by Revised Statlaw, makes, or causes to be made, or utters or passes, or Making or utters or passes, or Making or utters or passes, or Making or utters or other tering, coin in law, makes, or causes to be made, or inters of passes, or making of attempts to utter or pass, any coins of gold or silver or other resemblance metal, or alloys of metals, intended for the use and purpose money. of current money, whether in the resemblance of coins of vol. 13, p. 120. the United States or of foreign countries, or of original design, shall be punished by fine of not more than three thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not more than five

years, or both.

years, or both.

SEC. 5462. Every person not lawfully authorized, who Making or ismakes, issues, or passes, or causes to be made, issued, or minor coins.

May 10, 1866, passed, any coin, card, token or device in metal or its com- May 10, 1866, sec. 4, vol. 14, p. pounds, which may be intended to be used as money for 47. any one-cent, two-cent, three-cent, or five-cent piece, now Apr. 22. 1864, or hereafter authorized by law, or for coins of equal value, p. 55. shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars and by imprisonment not more than five years.

ACT OF JANUARY 14, 1875.

To provide for the resumption of specie payments.

Vol. 18, p. 296.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Issue of sub-Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required, sidiary allyer as rapidly as practicable, to cause to be coined, at the mints demption of fracthe United States of America in Congress assembled, That the of the United States, silver coins of the denominations of the denominations of authorized. ten, twenty-five, and fifty cents, of standard value, and to issue them in redemption of an equal number and amount of fractional currency of similar denominations, or, at his discretion, he may issue such silver coins through the mints, the sub-treasuries, public depositaries and post-offices of the United States; and, upon such issue, he is hereby authorized and required to redeem an equal amount of such fractional currency, until the whole amount of such fractional currency outstanding shall be redeemed.

SEC. 2. That so much of section three thousand five hundred and twenty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United version of gold States as provides for a charge of one-fifth of one per centum bullon into coin. See Revised for converting standard gold bullion into coin is hereby re-statutes, 3524. pealed; and hereafter no charge shall be made for that

service.

SEC. 3. That section five thousand one hundred and sev-Repeal of limienty-seven of the Kevised Statutes, limiting the aggregate gate amount of amount of circulating notes of national banking associations circulating national banking associations tional bank be, and is hereby, repealed; and each existing banking asso-notes ciation may increase its circulating notes in accordance with Statutes, 5177. existing law without respect to said aggregate limit; and

new banking associations may be organized in accordance with existing law without respect to said aggregate limit;

Repeal of pro- and the provisions of law for the withdrawal and redistribuvisions for with-drawal and redis. tion of national bank currency among the several States and tribution of na Territories are hereby repealed. And whenever, and so

tion.

culation. often, as circulating notes shan so the state of the state o often, as circulating notes shall be issued to any such bank-United States or so newly organized as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of notes in excess of secretary of the Treasury to redeem the legal-tender United redeemedinater States notes in excess only of three hundred million of doltain ratio to inal-bank circula al bank notes so issued to any such banking association as aforesaid and to continue such redemption as such circulating notes are issued until there shall be outstanding the sum of three hundred million dollars of such legal-tender United Resumption of States notes, and no more. And on and after the first day of

specie payments January, anno Domini, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem, in coin, the United States legal-tender notes then outstanding, on their presentation for redemption at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States in the city of New York, in sums of not less than fifty dollars. And to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to prepare and provide for the redemption in this act authorized or required, he is authorized Surplus reve to use any surplus revenues, from time to time, in the Treasnues to be used ury not otherwise appropriated, and to issue, sell and disorbonds sold to ury not otherwise appropriated,

payments.

See July 14,
1870, Vol. 16, p.

enforce resump pose of, at not less than par, in coin, either of the descriptions tion of specie of hands we the Trital St. of bonds of the United States described in the act of Con-, 14. gress approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy, entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt," with like qualities, privileges, and exemptions, to the extent necessary to carry this act into full effect, and to use the proceeds thereof for the purposes aforesaid.

Repeating And all provisions of law inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1875.

Vol. 18, p. 478. Authorizing the coinage of a twenty-cent piece of silver at the Mints of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Twenty-cont the United States of America in Congress assembled, That coin au there shall be, from time to time, coined at the mints of the Feb. 12, 1873. United States, conformably in all respects to the coinage Vol. 17, p. 424. act of eighteen hundred and seventy-three, a silver coin of the denomination of twenty cents, and of the weight of five

To be a legal SEC. 2. That the twenty-cent piece shall be a legal tender tender for \$5. at its nominal value for any amount not exceeding five dollars in any one payment.

Deviation al-SEC. 3. That in adjusting the weight of the twenty-cent lowed from standard weight piece, the deviation from the standard weight shall not exceed one and one-half grains; and in weighing a large number of pieces together, when delivered by the coiner to the superintendent and by the superintendent to the depositor the deviation from the standard weight shall not exceed two-hundredths of an ounce in one thousand pieces.

SEC. 4. That all laws now in force in relation to the coins made applicable of the United States, and the coinage of the same, shall, as to 20-cent coin. far as practicable, have full force and effect in relation to the coin hereby authorized whether the said laws are penal or otherwise, and whether they are for preventing counterfeiting or abasement, for protecting the currency, for regulating the process of coining and the preparation therefor, or for the security of the coin, or for any other purpose.

ACT OF APRIL 17, 1876.

To provide for a deficiency in the Printing and Engraving Bureau of the Vol. 19, p. 33.

Treasury Department, and for the issue of silver coin of the United States in place of iractional currency.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby sidiary silver directed to issue silver coins of the United States, of the coins in exchange denomination of ten, twenty, twenty-five, and fifty cents of for fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value, in redemption of an equal amount of fractional standard value and the standard value and the standard value at tional currency, whether the same be now in the Treasury utes, 3513awaiting redemption, or whenever it may be presented for redemption; and the Secretary of the Treasury may, under regulations of the Treasury Department, provide for such redemption and issue by substitution at the regular subtreasuries and public depositories of the United States until the whole amount of fractional currency outstanding shall be redeemed. And the fractional currency redeemed under Redeemed curthis act shall be held to be a part of the sinking fund production of the case of bonds redeemed under the act sec. 5, Vol. 12, p. 246. relating to the sinking-fund.

RESOLUTION OF JULY 22, 1876.

Joint resolution for the issue of silver coins.

Vol. 19, p. 215.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Silver coin to be issued in ex-Secretary of the Treasury, under such limits and regulations change for legalas will best secure a just and fair distribution of the same tender notes. through the country, may issue the silver coin at any time in the Treasury to an amount not exceeding ten million dollars, in exchange for an equal amount of legal-tender notes; and the notes so received in exchange shall be kept as a Notes to be special fund separate and apart from all other money in the fund and reis-Treasury, and be reissued only upon the retirement and sued as provided. destruction of a like sum of fractional currency received at the Treasury in payment of dues to the United States; and said fractional currency, when so substituted, shall be destroyed and held as part of the sinking fund, as provided

Apr. 17, 1876 in the act approved April seventeen, eighteen hundred and seventy six.

Trade-dollar not to be legal tender.

SEC. 2. That the trade dollar shall not hereafter be a legal tender, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby Coinage of authorized to limit from time to time the coinage thereof Revised Stat to such an amount as he may deem sufficient to meet the utes, 3513, 3586. export demand for the same.

o f Amount ed to \$50,000,000.

SEC. 3. That in addition to the amount of subsidiary silsubsidiary silver coin authorized by law to be issued in redemption of tobelessued limit the fractional currency it shall be lawful to manufacture at the several mints, and issue through the Treasury and its several offices, such coin, to an amount, that, including the amount of subsidiary silver coin and of fractional currency outstanding, shall, in the aggregate, not exceed, at any time fifty million dollars.

Purchases of

SEC. 4. That the silver bullion required for the purposes bullion author of this resolution shall be purchased, from time to time, at market rate, by the Secretary of the Treasury, with any Price limited. money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated; but no purchase of bullion shall be made under this resolution

admit of the coinage and issue, as herein provided, without Seigniorage to loss to the Treasury; and any gain or seigniorage arising be accounted for from this coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury, as provided under existing laws relative to the subsidiary coinage: Provided, That the amount of money

when the market-rate for the same shall be such as will not

Holdings of sile at any one time invested in such silver bullion, exclusive ver bullion limited to \$200,000. of such resulting coin shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars.

ACT OF JANUARY 16, 1877.

Vol. 19, p. 223. To amend Section fifty-four hundred and fifty-seven of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to counterfeiting.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of R. S. 5457. P. the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Section fifty-four hundred and fifty-seven of the Revised Statutes of the United States be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Counterfeiting, etc., coin, etc.

"Every person who falsely makes, forges, or counterfeits, or causes or procures to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aids or assists in falsely making forging, or counterfeiting any coin or bars in resemblance or similitude of the gold or silver coins or bars which have been, or hereafter may be, coined or stamped at the mints and assayoffices of the United States, or in resemblance or similitude of any foreign gold or silver coin which by law is, or hereafter may be, current in the United States, or are in actual use and circulation as money within the United States, or who passes, utters, publishes, or sells, or attempts to pass, utter, publish, or sell, or bring into the United States from any foreign place, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeit, with intent to defraud any body politic or corporate, or any other person or persons whatsoever, or has in his possession any such false, forged or counterfeited coin or bars, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeited, with intent to defraud any body politic or corporate, or any other person or persons whatsoever, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, and by imprisonment at hard labor not more than ten years.

Penalty.

ACT OF FEBRUARY 28, 1878.

To authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal Vol. 20, p. 25 tender character.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That Reenacting the there shall be coined, at the several mints of the United verdollar. States, silver dollars of the weight of four hundred and Weight and States, silver dollars of the weight of four hundred and Weight twelve and a half grains troy of standard silver, as provided in the act of January eighteenth, eighteen hundred thirty-seven, on which shall be the devices and superscriptions provided by said act; which coins together with all silver dollars heretofore coined by the United States, of like weight and fineness, shall be a legal tender at their nomi-der nal value, for all debts and dues public and private, except Revised where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. And Directing the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase of silpurchase, from time to time, silver bullion, at the market monthly and its price thereof, not less than two million dollars worth per ago into silver month, nor more than four million dollars worth per month, dollars. and cause the same to be coined monthly, as fast as so purchased, into such dollars; and a sum sufficient to carry out the foregoing provision of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. And any gain or seigniorage arising from this coin- seigniorage to age shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury, as Treasury. provided under existing laws relative to the subsidiary coinage: Provided, That the amount of money at any one Holdings of siltime invested in such silver bullion, exclusive of such resulting to \$5,000,000. ing coin, shall not exceed five million dollars: And provided further, That nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the payment in silver of certificates of deposit issued Payment of cer-under the provisions of section two hundred and fifty-four posit with silver of the Revised Statutes.

SEC. 2. That immediately after the passage of this act, the President the President shall invite the Governments of the countries frence of European transfer of European transfe composing the Latin Union, so called, and of such other with the United European nations as he may deem advisable, to join the States, to secure United States in a conference to adopt a common ratio be international bimetallism. tween gold and silver, for the purpose of establishing, internationally, the use of bi-metallic money, and securing fixity of relative value between those metals; such conference to be held at such place, in Europe or in the United States, at such time within six months, as may be mutually agreed upon by the Executives of the Governments joining in the same, whenever the Governments so invited, or any three of them, shall have signified their willingness to unite in the same.

S. Rep. 831, pt. 1——6

Full logal ten-Revised Stat-

Seigniorage to

Commissioners on part of United pointed.

The President shall, by and with the advice and consent how ap of the Senate, appoint three commissioners, who shall attend such conference on behalf of the United States, and shall report the doings thereof to the President, who shall transmit the same to Congress.

Compensation

Said commissioners shall each receive the sum of two and expenses of thousand five hundred dollars and their reasonable expenses, to be approved by the Secretary of State; and the amount necessary to pay such compensation and expenses is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 3. That any holder of the coin authorized by this

Silver dollars t cusurers sued therefor.

with Treasurer act may deposit the same with the Treasurer or any assistant and assistant and the same with the Treasurer or any assistant assistant and treasurer of the United States, in sums not less than certificates is ten dollars, and receive therefor certificates of not less than ten dollars each, corresponding with the denominations of Coin to be leld the United States notes. The coin deposited for or reprefor redemption of senting the certificates shall be retained in the Treasury for certificates. certificates. Setting the certificates shall be receivable for the payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall customs, taxes, be receivable for customs, taxes, be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and, and public dues, when so received, may be reissued.

sued.

SEC. 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

> Sam. J: Randall, Speaker of the House of Representatives. W. A. WHEELER, Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES U.S. February 28, 1878.

The President of the United States having returned to the House of Representatives, in which it originated, the bill, entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal-tender character," with his objections thereto; the House of Representatives proceeded in pursuance of the Constitution to reconsider the same; and

Resolved, That the said bill pass, two thirds of the House of Representatives agreeing to pass the same.

Attest:

GEO. M. ADAMS,

Clerk.

By GREEN ADAMS, Chief Clerk.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES February 28, 1878.

The Senate having proceeded, in pursuance of the Constitution, to reconsider the bill entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal-tender character," returned to the House of Representatives by the President of the United States, with his objections, and sent by the House of Representatives to the Senate with the message of the President returning the bill:

Resolved, That the bill do pass, two-thirds of the Senate agreeing to pass the same.

Attest:

GEO. C. GORHAM. Secretary of the Senate.

ACT OF MAY 2, 1878.

To prohibit the coinage of the twenty cent piece of silver.

Vol. 20, p. 47.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That pieces, coinage from, and after the passage of this act, the coinage of the of, prohibited. twenty cent piece of silver, by the Government of the United States be, and the same is hereby prohibited. And all laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

ACT OF JUNE 8, 1878.

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to constitute superintendents of $\,$ Vol. 20, p. 102. mints or assayers in Assay offices, Assistant Treasurers of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That ents of mints and the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby author-assayers may be ized to constitute any superintendent of a mint or assayer sistant treasurof any assay-office, an assistant treasurer of the United ers. States without additional compensation, to receive gold coin and bullion on deposit for the purposes provided for in sec- For pose. tion two hundred and fifty-four of the Revised Statutes.

For what pur-

ACT OF JUNE 19, 1878.

Making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of Vol. 20, p. 178. the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

And for the purpose of enabling the several mints and rayments of assay-offices of the United States to make returns to depost coin certificates items with as little delay as possible the provisions of section to depositors at itors with as little delay as possible, the provisions of section mints, etc.

Revised Statutes Revised Statutes Revised Statutes thirty five hundred and forty-five of the Revised Statutes utes, 3515. of the United States shall hereafter apply to the several mints and assay-offices of the United States; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to use, as far as he may deem it proper and expedient, for payment to depositors of bullion at the several mints and assay-offices, coin certificates, representing coin in the Treasury, and issued under the provisions of section two hundred and fifty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States; all utes, 254.

of said acts and duties to be performed under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Use of receipts the Treasury. And it shall be lawful to apply the moneys pay expenses arising from charges collected from depositors at the sev-before using regional mints and assay-offices pursuant to law, to defraying the expenses thereof including laboratory. the expenses thereof, including labor, material, wastage, and use of machinery; and only so much of the appropriations herein made for the mints and assay-offices respectively, shall be used for said mints and assay offices as shall be necessary for the operations of the same, after the moneys arising from the charges aforesaid shall have been ex-Expenses lim hausted as herein provided. But in no event shall the

ited to amount of expenditures of said mints and assay offices exceed the amount of the specific appropriations herein made for same. ations.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

Vol. 20, p. 377. Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty, and for other purposes.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty, namely:

Vol. 20, p. 383, Transportation of securities.

fiscal year.

Vol. 20, p. 383.

Transportation of United States securities: For transportation of notes, bonds, and other securities of the United Mar. 3, 1879. States, sixty thousand dollars; and so much of the act "making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, and

June 19, 1858, for other purposes," approved June nineteenth, eighteen Vol. 20, p. 191. Provision for hundred and seventy eight, as authorizes the Secretary of issue of coin cer the Treasury to issue coin certificates in exchange for bultificates in exclion deposited for coinage at mints and assay-offices other change for de lion deposited for coinage at mints and assay-offices other posit of bullion than those mentioned in section thirty-five hundred and Revised Stat. forty-five of the Revised Statutes, be, and the same is hereby, utes, 3545.

repealed: repealed: said repeal to take effect at the end of the present repealed; said repeal to take effect at the end of the present

ACT OF JUNE 9, 1879.

To provide for the exchange of subsidiary coins for lawful money of the United Vol. 21, p. 7. States under certain circumstances, and to make such coins a legal tender in all sums not exceeding ten dollars, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Redemption of holder of any of the silver coins of the United States of subsidiary silver holder of any of the silver coins of the United States of coins with lawful smaller denomination than one dollar, may, on presentamoney. tion of the same in sums of twenty dollars, or any multiple

thereof, at the office of the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States, receive therefor lawful money of the United States.

SEC. 2. The Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the Reissue of sub-United States who may receive any coins under the provi-coinsfinexchange sion of this act shall exchange the same in sums of twenty forlawfulmoney. dollars, or any multiple thereof, for lawful money of the United States, on demand of any holder thereof.

SEC.3. That the present silver coins of the United States Legal tender of smaller denominations than one dollar shall hereafter be coins limited to a legal tender in all sums not exceeding ten dollars in full \$10. payment of all dues public and private.

SEC. 4. That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with this Repealing sec-

act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

ACT OF MAY 26, 1882.

To authorize the receipt of United States gold coin in exchange for gold bars. Vol. 22, p. 97.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Authorizing superintendents of the coinage mints, and of the United receipts of gold coin in exchange States assay office at New York, are hereby authorized to for gold bars. receive United States gold coin from any holder thereof in Revised Statsums not less than five thousand dollars, and to pay and deliver in exchange therefor gold bars in value equaling such coin so received.

ACT OF AUGUST 7, 1882.

Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

For the transportation of silver coins: That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and transportation of silver coins when free of charge, silver coins when free of charge in requested to do so: Provided, That an equal amount in exchange for coin or currency shall have been deposited in the Treasury Revised Statby the applicant or applicants; and that there is hereby utes, sec. 3527. appropriated ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for that purpose, and that the same be available from and after the passage of this act.

ACT OF AUGUST 4, 1886.

Vol. 24, p. 222. Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and for other purposes.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Vol. 24. p. 227. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and Silver certificates in denominations of oue. cates of one, two, and five dollars, and the silver certificates herein auto be issued.

Teb. 28, 1878, thorized shall be receivable, redeemable, and payable in Vol. 20, p. 25. like manner and for like purposes as is provided for silvercertificates by the act of February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy eight, entitled "An act, to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal-tender character," and denominations of one, two, and five dollars may be issued in lieu of silver-certificates of larger denominations in the Treasury or in exchange therefor upon presentation by the holders and to that extent said certificates of larger denominations shall be cancelled and destroyed.

Vol. 24, p. 234.

Revised ntes, sec. 3527.

TRANSPORTATION OF SILVER COIN: For transportation Transportation of silver coin, including fractional silver coin, by registered of silver coins of silver coin, including fractional silver coin, by legistered free of charge in mail or otherwise, forty thousand dollars; and in expendexchange for ing this sum the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized coin or currency. Vol. 24, p. 234. and directed to transport from the Treasury or subtreas uries, free of charge, silver coin when requested to do so; Stat Provided, That an equal amount in coin or currency shall have been deposited in the Treasury or such subtreasuries Cost to be re- by the applicant or applicants. And the Secretary of the ported to Con-Treasury shall report to Congress the cost arising under gress. this appropriation.

RECOINAGE, REISSUE, AND TRANSPORTATION OF MINOR COINS: The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to transfer to the United States mint at Philadelphia, for cleaning Recoinagereis. and reissue, any minor coins now in, or which may be heresue and transport after received at, the Subtreasury offices, in excess of the requirement for the current business of said offices; and the sum of five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the expense of transportation for such reissue. And the Secretary of the Treasury is also authorized to recoin any and all the uncurrent Minor coins now in the Treasury; and the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to reimburse the Treasury for the loss on such coinage.

tation of minor coins.

> [Note.—Similar provisions are contained in succeeding Sundry Civil Appropriation laws.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1887.

Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, and for other purposes.

Vol. 24, p. 509.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereafter authorized and required to issue silver-certificates in denomina cates tions of one, two, and five dollars; and the silver certificates two and five dolherein authorized shall be receivable, redeemable, and pay- Vol. 20, p. 26. able in like manner and for like purposes as is provided for silver-certificates by the act of February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal-tender character;" and denominations of one, two, and five dollars may be issued in lieu of silvercertificates of larger denominations in the Treasury, or in exchange therefor upon presentation by the holders; and to that extent said certificates of larger denominations shall be canceled and destroyed.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1887.

For the retirement and recoinage of the trade-dollar.

Vol. 24, p. 634.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Exchange of for a period of six months after the passage of this act, silver coins. United States trade-dollars, if not defaced, mutilated, or stamped, shall be received at the office of the Treasurer, or any assistant treasurer of the United States in exchange for a like amount, dollar for dollar, of standard silver dollars, or of subsidiary coins of the United States.

SEC. 2. That the trade dollars received by, paid to, or deposited with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer or national depositary of the United States shall not be paid Retirementand out, or in any other manner issued, but, at the expense of recoinageoftrade dollars. the United States, shall be transmitted to the coinage mints and recoined into standard silver dollars or subsidiary coin, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That the trade-dollars recoined under this act shall not be to be in addition counted as part of the silver bullion required to be pur to other coinage chased and coined into standard dollars as required by lars. the act of February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight.

SEC. 3. That all laws and parts of laws authorizing the Authority to coinage and issuance of United States trade dollars are repealed. hereby repealed.

Received by the President, February 19, 1887.

[NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—The foregoing act having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of Congress in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, has become a law without his approval.]

ACT OF MARCH 2, 1889.

Vol. 25, p. 955. Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, and for other purposes.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Vol. 25, p. 9. That hereafter it shall not be lawful to use any Prohibiting portion of the so-called "silver profit fund" or of the approprofit fund for priation for "storage silver transportation" for the purpose transportation of paying the expenses of the transportation of standard silver dollars. silver dollars. Revised Stat silver dollars from the mints or the sub-treasuries to the utes, sec. 3527. Treasury at Washington, District of Columbia.

ACT OF JULY 14, 1890.

Vol. 26, p. 289. Directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of Silver bullion the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Monthly aggre. the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to purgate of 4.500,000 chase, from time to time, silver bullion to the aggregate ounces. amount of four million five hundred thousand ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month, at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for three hundred and seventy-one and twenty-five hundredths grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment of such purchases of Treasury notes silver bullion Treasury notes of the United States to be payment of pur prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury, in such form chases. and of such denominations, not less than one dollar nor more than one thousand dollars, as he may prescribe, and a sum sufficient to carry into effect the provisions of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Redemption of Treasury notes in coin.

SEC. 2. That the Treasury notes issued in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be redeemable on demand, in coin, at the Treasury of the United States, or at the office of any assistant treasurer of the United States,

May be reis and when so redeemed may be reissued; but no greater or less amount of such notes shall be outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom, then held in the Treasury purchased by such notes; and such Treasury notes shall be a

Legal tender for legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, all debts except second otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract, pressly stipu and shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued; and such notes, when held by any national banking association, may be

May be counted counted as a part of its lawful reserve. That upon demand as part of nation. of the holder of any of the Treasury notes herein provided

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sued after re-demption.

lated in contract.

for the Secretary of the Treasury shall, under such regula-Redemption in tions as he may prescribe, redeem such notes in gold or silver coin, at his discretion, it being the established policy of the Treasury of the United States to maintain the two metals on a parity Parity and ratio with each other upon the present legal ratio, or such ratio of gold and silver should be received.

as may be provided by law.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall each Monthly coinmonth coin two million ounces of the silver bullion pur- age of 2,000,000 ounces of silver bullion pur- age of 2,000,00 chased under the provisions of this act into standard silver bullon into silded dollars until the first day of July eighteen hundred and purchased bulninety-one, and after that time he shall coin of the silver lion. bullion purchased under the provisions of this act as much as may be necessary to provide for the redemption of the Treasury notes herein provided for, and any gain or seign-Seigniorage iorage arising from such coinage shall be accounted for and Treasury. paid into the Treasury.

SEC. 4. That the silver bullion purchased under the pro- Purchases to be visions of this act shall be subject to the requirements of subject to exist-existing law and the regulations of the mint service gov-20, p. 25. erning the methods of determining the amount of pure silver contained, and the amount of charges or deductions,

if any, to be made.

SEC. 5. That so much of the act of February twenty- vol. 20, sec. 1, eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, entitled "An p. 25, modified. act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal-tender character," as requires the monthly purchase and coinage of the same into silver dol. Monthly purlars of not less than two million dollars, nor more than four chase and coingle clause of act million dollars' worth of silver bullion, is hereby repealed. of 1878 repealed.

SEC. 6. That upon the passage of this act the balances Balances standing with the Treasurer of the United States to the national bank deposits held forrerespective credits of national banks for deposits made to demption of cirredeem the circulating notes of such banks, and all de-culation and like posits thereafter received for like purpose, shall be covered posits to be covered. into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt, and the Treasury.

ury of the United States shall redeem from the general cash Redemptions of in the Treasury the circulating notes of said banks which may notes to be made come into his possession subject to redemption; and upon from general in the the certificate of the Comptroller of the Currency that such Treasury. notes have been received by him and that they have been destroyed and that no new notes will be issued in their place, reimbursement of their amount shall be made to the Treasurer, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, from an appropriation hereby, created, to be known as National bank notes: Redemption account, but the provisions of this act shall not apply to the deposits received under section three of the act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, requiring every National bank to keep in lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States a sum equal to five percent centum of its circulation, to be held and used for the redempton fund to be continued. the deposits so covered shall, at the close of each month, be reported on the monthly public debt statement as debt of the United States bearing no interest.

"SEC. 7. That this act shall take effect thirty days from and after its passage."



ACT OF SEPTEMBER 26, 1890.

Vol. 26, p. 484. To amend section thirty-five hundred and ten of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and to provide for new designs of authorized devices of United States coins.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section thirty five hundred and ten of the Revised Statutes of the United States be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 3510. The engraver shall prepare from the original dies already authorized all the working dies required for use in the coinage of the several mints, and, when new Revised Stat coins, emblems, devices, legends, or designs are authorized. shall, if required by the Director of the Mint, prepare the devices, models, hubs, or original dies for the same. Director of the Mint shall have power, with the approval.

utes, sec. 3517.

уеагв.

New designs of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause new designs or for coins authorized emblems or devices to be prepared and adopted in the same manner as when new coins or devices are authorized. But no change in the design or die of any coin shall be made oftener than once in twenty-five years from and including the year of the first adoption of the design, model, die, or hub for the same coin: Provided, That no change be made in the diameter of any coin: And provided further, That nothing in this section shall prevent the adoption of new designs or models for devices or emblems already authorized for the standard silver dollar and the five-cent nickel piece as, soon as practicable after the Director au passage of this act. But the Director of the Mint shall nevertheless have power, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to engage temporarily for this purpose the services of one or more artists, distinguished in their respective departments of art, who shall be paid for

ploy artists.

at Philadelphia."

ACT OF SEPTEMBER 26, 1890.

such service from the contingent appropriation for the mint

Vol. 26, p. 485. To discontinue the coinage of the three-dollar and one-dollar gold pieces and three-cent nickel piece.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from of and after the passage of this act the coinage of the threethree-dollar gold dollar gold piece, the one-dollar gold piece, and the threegold piece, and cent nickel piece be, and the same is hereby, prohibited, coin discontin and the pieces named shall not be struck or issued by the ued. Mint of the United States.

Said coins to be recoined.

SEC. 2. That as fast as the said coins shall be paid into withdrawn from the Treasury of the United States they shall be withdrawn circulation and the Treasury of the United States they shall be withdrawn circulation and the Treasury of the United States they shall be withdrawn circulations. from circulation and be recoined into other denominations of coins.

> SEC. 3. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

ACT OF OCTOBER 1, 1890.

To reduce the revenue and equalize duties on imports, and for other purposes. Vol. 26, p. 624.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SEC. 52. That the value of foreign coin as expressed in Valuations of the money of account of the United States shall be that be estimated of the pure metal of such coin of standard value; and the quarterly by Divalues of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world shall be estimated quarterly by the Director of the Mint, and be proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury immediately after the passage of this act and thereafter quarterly on the first day of January, April, July and October in each year.

ACT OF FEBRUARY 10, 1891.

To prevent counterfeiting or manufacture of dies, tools, or other implements Vol. 26, p. 742. used in counterfeiting, and providing penalties therefor, and providing for the issue of search warrants in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hubs, dies, etc., every person who, within the United States or any Terri-in similitude of tory thereof, makes any diet, hub, or mold, either of steel United States or plaster, or any other substance whatsoever in likeness or similitude, as to the design or the inscription thereon, of any utes, die, hub, or mold designated for the coinage or making of to 5462. any of the genuine gold, silver, nickel, bronze, copper or other coins of the United States that have been or hereafter may be coined at the mints of the United States, or who willingly aids or assists in the making of any such die, hub, or mold, or any part thereof, or who causes or procures to be made any such die, hub or mold, or any part thereof, without authority from the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States or other proper officer, or who shall have in his possession any such die, hub, or mold with intent to fraudulently or unlawfully use the same, or who shall permit the same to be used for or in aid of the counterfeiting of any of these coins of the United States hereinbefore mentioned shall, upon conviction thereof, be pun- Penalty. ished by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars and by imprisonment at hard labor not more than ten years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

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SEC. 2. That every person who, within the United States Procuring the or any Territory thereof, without lawful authority, makes, same to be made. or willingly aids or assists in making, or causes or procures to be made, any die, hub, or mold, either of steel or plaster, or of any other substance whatsoever, in the likeness or similitude, as to the design or the inscription thereon, of any die, hub, or mold designed for the coining of the genuine coin of any foreign Government, or who conceals or

shall have in possession any such die, hub, or mold, hereinbefore mentioned, with intent to fraudulently, or unlawfully use the same for counterfeiting any foreign coin, or who knowingly suffers the same to be fraudulently used for the counterfeiting of any foreign coin shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than two thousand dollars or imprisonment at hard labor not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Penalty.

Making or procoins.

SEC. 3. That every person who makes, or who causes or curing anything in similitude of procures to be made, or who brings into the United States United States from any foreign country, or who shall have in possession with intent to sell, give away, or in any other manner use the same, any business or professional card, notice, placard, token, device, print, or impression, or any other thing whatsoever, whether of metal or its compound or of any other substance whatsoever, in likeness or similitude, as to design, color, or the inscription thereon, of any of the coins of the United States or of any foreign Government, that have been or hereafter may be issued as money, either under the authority of the United States or under the authority of any foreign Government shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars.

Penalty.

Counterfeits of United States obligations.

SEC. 4. That all counterfeits of any of the obligations or other securities of the United States or of any foreign Government, or counterfeits of any of the coins of the United States or of any foreign Government, and all material or apparatus fitted or intended to be used, or that shall have been used, in the making of any such counterfeit obligations or other securities or coins hereinbefore mentioned, that shall be found in the possession of any person without authority from the Secretary of the Treasury or other proper officer to have the same, shall be taken possession of by any authorized agent of the Treasury Department and forfeited to the United States, and disposed of in any manner the Secretary of the Treasury may direct.

Issue of search warrants in such CARCA

SEC. 5. That the several judges of courts established under the laws of the United States and the commissioner of such courts may, upon proper oath or affirmation, within their respective jurisdictions, issue a search warrant authorizing any marshal of the United States, or any other person specially mentioned in such warrant, to enter any house, store, building, boat, or other place named in such warrant, in the daytime only, in which there shall appear probable cause for believing that the manufacture of counterfeit money, or the concealment of counterfeit money, or the manufacture or concealment of counterfeit obligations or coins of the United States, or of any foreign government, or the manufacture or concealment of dies, hubs, molds, plates, or other things fitted or intended to be used for the manufacture of counterfeit money, coins, or obligations of the United States or of any foreign government, or of any bank doing business under the authority of the United States or of any State or Territory thereof, or of any bank doing business under the authority of any foreign government or of any political division of any foreign government, is being carried on or practiced, and there search for any counterfeit money, coins, dies, hubs, molds, plates, and other things, and for any such obligations, and if any such be found to seize and secure the same, and to make return thereof to the proper authority; and all such counterfeit money, coins, dies, hubs, molds, plates, and other things and all such counterfeit obligations so seized shall be forfeited to the United States.

Seizures.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1891.

Making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of Vol. 26, p. 908. the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SEC. 3. That an act to authorize the receipt of United Vol. 26, p. 948. States gold coin in exchange for gold bars, approved May State at Large, p. 948. twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, be amended to read as follows:

"That the superintendents of the coinage mints and of Authorizing the United States assay office at New York may, with the gold bars in exapproval of the Secretary of the Treasury, but not other change for gold wise, receive United States gold coin from any holder thereof in sums of not less than five thousand dollars, and pay and deliver in exchange therefor gold bars in value equaling such coin so received: Provided, That the Secretimposed. tary of the Treasury may impose for such exchange a charge which, in his judgment, shall equal the cost of manufacturing the bars."

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1891.

Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the Vol. 26, p. 948. fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and for

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

RECOINAGE OF SILVER COINS: For recoinage of the uncurrent fractional silver coins abraded below the limit of Recoinage silter coins. tolerance in the Treasury, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That the Secretary of the Proviso. Treasury shall, as soon as practicable, coin into standard Trade dollars silver dollars the trade-dollar bullion and trade dollars now and trade-dollar in the Treasury, the expense thereof to be charged to the coined into silver profit fund silver profit fund.

Vol. 26, p. 966.

ACT OF AUGUST 5, 1892.

Vol. 27, p. 349. Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and for other purposes.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY CONFERENCE: The President of the United States is hereby authorized to appoint Monetary con. five commissioners to an international conference, to be held ference, 1892. At a place to be heaves for desired. at a place to be hereafter designated, with a view to secure, internationally, a fixity of relative value between gold and silver, as money, by means of a common ratio between those metals, with free mintage at such ratio, and for compensation of said commissioners, and for all reasonable exact penses connected therewith, to be approved by the Secretary of State, including the proportion to be paid by the United States of the joint expenses of such conference. eighty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

See also Feb. 28, 1878. Vol. 20, p. 25.

ACT OF AUGUST 5, 1892.

Vol. 27, p. 389. To aid in carrying out the act of Congress approved April twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An act to provide for celebrating the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus, by holding an international exposition of arts, industries, manufactures, and products of the soil, mine, and sea, in the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois," and appropriating money therefor.

Authorizing the United States of America in Congress assembled, That

coinage of 5,000, for the purpose of aiding in defraying the cost of completdollars for the ing in a suitable manner the work of preparation for in-world's Colum augurating the World's Columbian Exposition, authorized

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of

Revised Statutes, sec. 3513.

by the act of Congress approved April twenty fifth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety, to be held at the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, there shall be coined at the mints of the United States, silver half dollars of the legal weight and fineness, not to exceed five million pieces, to be known as the Columbian half dollar, struck in commemoration of the World's Columbian Exposition, the devices and designs upon which shall be prescribed by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury; and said silver coins shall be manufactured from uncurrent subsidiary silver coins now in the Treasury, and all provisions of law relative to the coinage, legal-tender quality, and redemption of the present subsidiary silver coins shall be applicable to the coins issued under this act, and when so recoined there is hereby appropriated from the Treasury the said five millions of souvenir half dollars, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to pay the same to the World's Columbian Exposition, upon estimates and

vouchers certified by the president of the World's Columbian Exposition, or in his absence or inability to act, by the vice-president, and by the director-general of the World's Columbian Commission, or in his absence or inability to act, by the president thereof, and the Secretary of the Treasury, for labor done, materials furnished, and services performed in prosecuting said work of preparing said Exposition for opening as provided by said act approved April twenty fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety; and all such estimates and vouchers shall be made in duplicate, one to be filed with the Secretary of the Treasury, the other to be retained by the World's Columbian Exposition: Provided, however, That before the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to the World's Columbian Exposition any part of the said five million silver coins, satisfactory evidence shall be furnished him showing that the sum of at least ten million dollars has been collected and disbursed as required by said act: And provided, That the said World's Columbian Exposition shall furnish a satisfactory guaranty to the Secretary of the Treasury that any further sum actually necessary to complete the work of said Exposition to the opening thereof has been or will be provided by said World's Columbian Exposition; but nothing herein shall be so construed as to delay or postpone the preparation of the souvenir coins hereinbefore provided for. And there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to reimburse the Treasury for loss on the recoinage herein authorized.

ACT OF MARCH 3, 1893.

Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, and for other purposes.

Vol. 27, p. 572.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled;

World's Columbian Commission: * thousand dollars of the appropriation for the Board of Lady

Authorizing

Managers shall be paid in souvenir coins of the denomina souvenir quartion of twenty-five cents, and for that purpose there shall the Board of be coined at the mints of the United States silver quarter Lady Managers

dollars of the legal weight and fineness, not to exceed forty world's Columbiant of the legal weight and fineness. dollars of the legal weight and fineness, not to exceed forty bian Exposition. thousand pieces, the devices and designs upon which shall be prescribed by the Director of the Mint, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury; and said silver coins shall nees, sec. 3543. be manufactured from uncurrent subsidiary silver coins now in the Treasury; and all provisions of law relative to the coinage, legal tender quality, and redemption of the present subsidiary silver coins shall be applicable to the coins herein authorized to be issued;

and ten Vol. 27, p. 586.

Revised Stat-

ACT OF NOVEMBER 1, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of

To repeal a part of an act approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An Act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes." Vol. 28, p. 4.

ver bullion.

maintained.

the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so Discontinues much of the act approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred purchases of sil- and ninety, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes," as directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of four million five hundred thousand ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for three hundred and seventy-one and twenty-five one hundredths grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchases Treasury notes of the United States, be, and the same is Declares policy hereby repealed. And it is hereby declared to be the policy of United States of the United States to continue the use of both gold and and silver. silver as standard money and to sain both gold and silver as standard money, and to coin both gold and silver Parities be into money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, such metals to be equality to be secured through international agreement, or by such safeguards of legislation as will insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts. And it is hereby further declared that the efforts of the Government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a safe system of bimetallism as will maintain at all times the equal

ACT OF AUGUST 28, 1894.

power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States,

Vol. 28, p. 552. To reduce taxation, to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes.

in the markets and in the payment of debts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Valuation of rector of Mint.

Sec. 25. That the value of foreign coin as expressed in foreign coins to the money of account of the United States shall be that of quarterly by Di- the pure metal of such coin of standard value; and the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world shall be estimated quarterly by the Director of the Mint, and be proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury immediately after the passage of this Act and thereafter quarterly on the first day of January, April, Such valuation July, and October in each year. And the values so proclaimed shall be followed in estimating the value of all foreign merchandise exported to the United States during the quarter for which the value is proclaimed, and the date of the consular certification of any invoice shall, for the purposes of this section, be considered the date of exporta-

to govern foreign merchandise.

tion: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may When reliqui-order the reliquidation of any entry at a different value, of foreign mer-whenever satisfactory evidence shall be produced to him chandise may be whenever the state of t showing that the value in United States currency of the foreign money specified in the invoice was, at the date of certification, at least ten per centum more or less than the value proclaimed during the quarter in which the consular certification occurred.

ACT OF FEBRUARY 20, 1895.

To provide for coinage at the branch mint at Denver, Colorado.

Vol. 28, p. 673.

Be it enacted by the Schate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Mint to coin hereafter there shall be carried on at the branch mint of the gold and silver. United States at Denver, in the State of Colorado, the coin-

age of gold and silver.

SEC. 2. That the provisions of sections thirty-four hun-R.S., secs. 3496, dred and ninety-six and thirty-four hundred and ninety-2497, p. 694. seven of the Revised Statutes of the United States are hereby made applicable to the mint of the United States at Denver, Colorado, and that so much of sections thirty-five R.S., secs. 3558-hundred and fifty-eight, thirty-five hundred and fifty-nine, 3561, pp. 702, 703, thirty-five hundred and sixty, and thirty-five hundred and amended. sixty-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States as relates to the mint at Denver, Colorado, are hereby repealed; and that the compensation of the officers of said mint shall Salaries amend. be the same as those of the mint at Carson City, Nevada. ed.

Laws applica-

SEC. 3. That all laws and parts of laws in force in relation to the mints of the United States, and for the govern-ble ment of the officers and persons employed therein, shall be applicable to the mint at Denver.

ACT OF JUNE 11, 1896.

Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

RECOINAGE, REISSUE, AND TRANSPORTATION OF MINOR Recoinage, re-COINS: The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to portation of mitransfer to the United States mint at Philadelphia, for nor coins. cleaning and reissue, any minor coins now in, or which may be hereafter received at, the subtreasury offices, in excess of the requirement for the current business of said offices; and the sum of four thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the expense of transportation for such reissue. And the Secretary of the Treasury is also authorized to recoin any and all the uncurrent minor coins now in the Treasury.

S. Rep. 831, pt. 4—

ACT OF JUNE 22, 1874.

Vol. 18, p. 202. Authorising the transfer of gold mint bars from the bullion fund of the assay office New York to the Assistant Treasurer at New York.

Transfer of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the gold mint bars to Secretary of the Treasury may, from time to time, transfer to sesistant treasurer at New York from the York.

New the office of the Assistant Treasurer at New York from the bullion fund of the assay office at New York, refined gold bars bearing the United States stamp of fineness, weight and value, or bars from any melt of foreign gold coin or bullion of standard equal to or above that of the United States

May be applied and may apply the same to the redemption of coin certificates, cates or in exchange for gold coins at not less than par and

not less than the market value subject to such regulations as he may prescribe.